

Dual USB Switch with Fault Blanking and Autoreset

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

IN, INA, INB, $\overline{\text{ONA}}$, $\overline{\text{ONB}}$, ONA, ONB
 OUTA, OUTB to GND-0.3V to +6V
 $\overline{\text{FAULTA}}$, $\overline{\text{FAULTB}}$ to GND.....-0.3V to ($V_{\text{IN}_-} + 0.3\text{V}$)
 MAX1823/MAX1823H, INA, IN to OUTA;
 INB, IN to OUTB-0.3V to +6V
 MAX1823A/MAX1823B, INA, IN to OUTA;
 INB, IN to OUTB (when disabled, Note 3).....-6V to +6V
 INA, IN to OUTA; INB, IN to OUTB
 (when enabled, Note 4).....-1.5A to +1.5A_{RMS}

$\overline{\text{FAULTA}}$, $\overline{\text{FAULTB}}$ Current20mA
 Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^\circ\text{C}$)
 10-Pin μMAX (derate 5.6mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ above $+70^\circ\text{C}$)444mW
 Operating Temperature Range-40 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$
 Junction Temperature+150 $^\circ\text{C}$
 Storage Temperature Range-65 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +150 $^\circ\text{C}$
 Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300 $^\circ\text{C}$

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Circuit of Figure 1, $V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{INA}} = V_{\text{INB}} = 5\text{V}$, $\overline{\text{ONA}} = \overline{\text{ONB}} = \text{GND}$ (MAX1823/MAX1823A), ONA = ONB = IN (MAX1823B/MAX1823H), $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage Range			4.0		5.5	V
Switch On-Resistance	R_{ON}	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, each switch, MAX1823/MAX1823H		75	105	m Ω
		$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, each switch, MAX1823A/MAX1823B		90	120	
		$T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$, each switch, MAX1823/MAX1823H			135	
		$T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$, each switch, MAX1823A/MAX1823B			165	
Standby Supply Current		$\overline{\text{ON}}_- = \text{IN}_-$ (MAX1823/MAX1823A), $\text{ON}_- = \text{GND}$ (MAX1823B/MAX1823H)		3	10	μA
Quiescent Supply Current		$I_{\text{OUTA}} = I_{\text{OUTB}} = 0\text{A}$, one channel on		40	80	μA
		$I_{\text{OUTA}} = I_{\text{OUTB}} = 0\text{A}$, both channels on		50	100	
OUT_ Off-Leakage Current		$\overline{\text{ON}}_- = \text{IN}_-$ (MAX1823/MAX1823A), $\text{ON}_- = \text{GND}$ (MAX1823B/MAX1823H), $V_{\text{OUTA}} = V_{\text{OUTB}} = 0\text{V}$, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$		0.02	1.00	μA
		$\overline{\text{ON}}_- = \text{IN}_-$ (MAX1823/MAX1823A), $\text{ON}_- = \text{GND}$ (MAX1823B/MAX1823H), $V_{\text{OUTA}} = V_{\text{OUTB}} = 0\text{V}$, $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$		0.02	10.00	
Undervoltage-Lockout Threshold	V_{UVLO}	Rising edge, 3% hysteresis	3.0	3.4	3.8	V
Continuous Load Current			720			mA
Continuous Current Limit	I_{LIM}	$V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{OUT}_-} = 0.5\text{V}$	0.72	0.90	1.20	A
Short-Circuit Current Limit	I_{SHORT}	$V_{\text{OUT}_-} = 0\text{V}$ (I_{OUT} pulsing)	0.8	1.2	1.6	A _{PEAK}
		$V_{\text{OUT}_-} = 0\text{V}$ (I_{OUT} pulsing)		0.35		A _{RMS}

Dual USB Switch with Fault Blanking and Autoreset

MAX1823/MAX1823A/MAX1823B/MAX1823H

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(Circuit of Figure 1, $V_{IN} = V_{INA} = V_{INB} = 5V$, $\overline{ON}_A = \overline{ON}_B = GND$ (MAX1823/MAX1823A), $ON_A = ON_B = IN$ (MAX1823B/MAX1823H), $T_A = 0^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^\circ C$.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Short-Circuit Detect Threshold		(Note 1)		1		V
Continuous Current-Limit Blanking Timeout Period		From continuous current-limit condition to \overline{FAULT}_- assertion	10	20	35	ms
Short-Circuit Blanking Timeout Period		From short-circuit current-limit condition to \overline{FAULT}_- assertion	7.5	18	35.0	ms
Turn-On Delay	t_{ON}	$R_{OUT_} = 10k\Omega$, does not include rise time				ms
			MAX1823/MAX1823H	0.5	1.2	
			MAX1823A/MAX1823B	0.3	0.8	3.0
Output Rise Time	t_{RISE}	$R_{OUT_} = 10\Omega$, from 10% to 90% of $V_{OUT_}$		2.5		ms
Turn-Off Delay from ON	t_{OFF}	$R_{OUT_} = 10\Omega$, does not include fall time (from \overline{ON}_- (MAX1823) or ON_- (MAX1823H) deasserted to $V_{OUT} = 90\%$ of V_{IN_-})		0.8	3.0	ms
		$R_{OUT_} = 10\Omega$, does not include fall time (from \overline{ON}_- (MAX1823A) or ON_- (MAX1823B) deasserted to $V_{OUT} = 90\%$ of V_{IN_-})		0.1	3.0	
Output Fall Time	t_{FALL}	$R_{OUT_} = 10\Omega$, from 90% to 10% of V_{OUT_-} (MAX1823/MAX1823H)		2.5		ms
		$R_{OUT_} = 10\Omega$, from 90% to 10% of V_{OUT_-} (MAX1823A/MAX1823B)		2.8		
Thermal-Shutdown Threshold		15°C hysteresis		+160		°C
Logic Input High Voltage		$V_{IN_-} = 4V$ to 5.5V	2			V
Logic Input Low Voltage		$V_{IN_-} = 4V$ to 5.5V			0.8	V
Logic Input Current		$\overline{ON}_- = GND$ or IN_- (MAX1823/MAX1823A), $ON_- = GND$ or IN_- (MAX1823B/MAX1823H)	-1		+1	μA
\overline{FAULT}_- Output Low Voltage		$I_{SINK} = 1mA$, $V_{IN_-} = 4V$			0.4	V
\overline{FAULT}_- Output High Leakage Current		$V_{IN_-} = V_{\overline{FAULT}_-} = 5.5V$			1	μA
Autoreset OUT_- Current		In latched-off state, $V_{OUT_-} = 0V$	10	30	45	mA
Autoreset Threshold		In latched-off state, rising	0.4	0.5	0.6	V
Autoreset Blanking Time		In latched-off state, $V_{OUT_-} > 0.5V$	10	20	35	ms

Dual USB Switch with Fault Blanking and Autoreset

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Circuit of Figure 1, $V_{IN} = V_{IN_} = V_{ON_} = 5V$ (MAX1823B/MAX1823H); $V_{IN} = V_{IN_} = 5V$, $ON_ = GND$ (MAX1823/MAX1823A), $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage Range			4.0		5.5	V
Switch On-Resistance	R_{ON}	Each switch, MAX1823/MAX1823H			135	m Ω
		Each switch, MAX1823A/MAX1823B			165	
Standby Supply Current		$\overline{ON_} = IN_ (MAX1823/MAX1823A)$, $ON_ = GND (MAX1823B/MAX1823H)$			10	μA
Quiescent Supply Current		$I_{OUTA} = I_{OUTB} = 0A$, one channel on			80	μA
		$I_{OUTA} = I_{OUTB} = 0A$, both channels on			100	
OUT_ Off-Leakage Current		$\overline{ON_} = IN_ (MAX1823/MAX1823A)$, $ON_ = GND (MAX1823B/MAX1823H)$, $V_{OUTA} = V_{OUTB} = 0V$			10	μA
Undervoltage-Lockout Threshold	V_{UVLO}	Rising edge, 3% hysteresis	3.0		3.8	V
Continuous Load Current			720			mA
Continuous Current Limit	I_{LIM}	$V_{IN_} - V_{OUT_} = 0.5V$	0.72		1.20	A
Current Limit into Short Circuit	I_{SHORT}	$V_{OUT_} = 0V$ (I_{OUT} pulsing)	0.8		1.6	A _{PEAK}
Continuous Current-Limit Blanking Timeout Period		From continuous current-limit condition to $\overline{FAULT_}$ assertion	10		35	ms
Short-Circuit Blanking Timeout Period		From short-circuit current-limit condition to $\overline{FAULT_}$ assertion	7.5		35.0	ms
Turn-On Delay	t_{ON}	$R_{OUT_} = 10k\Omega$, does not include rise time	MAX1823/MAX1823H	0.5	4.0	ms
			MAX1823A/MAX1823B	0.3	3.0	
Turn-Off Delay from ON	t_{OFF}	$R_{OUT_} = 10\Omega$, does not include fall time (from $\overline{ON_} (MAX1823/MAX1823A)$ or $ON_ (MAX1823B/MAX1823H)$ deasserted to $V_{OUT_} = 90\% V_{IN_}$)			3	ms

Dual USB Switch with Fault Blanking and Autoreset

MAX1823/MAX1823A/MAX1823B/MAX1823H

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(Circuit of Figure 1, $V_{IN} = V_{IN_} = V_{ON_} = 5V$ (MAX1823B/MAX1823H); $V_{IN} = V_{IN_} = 5V$, $ON_ = GND$ (MAX1823/MAX1823A), $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Logic Input High Voltage		$V_{IN_} = 4V$ to $5.5V$	2			V
Logic Input Low Voltage		$V_{IN_} = 4V$ to $5.5V$			0.8	V
Logic Input Current		$V_{ON_} = 0V$ or $V_{IN_}$	-1		+1	μA
FAULT_ Output Low Voltage		$I_{SINK} = 1mA$, $V_{IN_} = 4V$			0.4	V
FAULT_ Output High Leakage Current		$V_{IN_} = V_{FAULT_} = 5.5V$			1	μA
Autoreset OUT_Current		In latched-off state, $V_{OUT_} = 0V$	10		50	mA
Autoreset Threshold		In latched-off state, rising	0.4		0.6	V
Autoreset Blanking Time		In latched-off state, $V_{OUT_} > 0.5V$	10		35	ms

Note 1: The output voltage at which the device transitions from short-circuit current limit to continuous current limit.

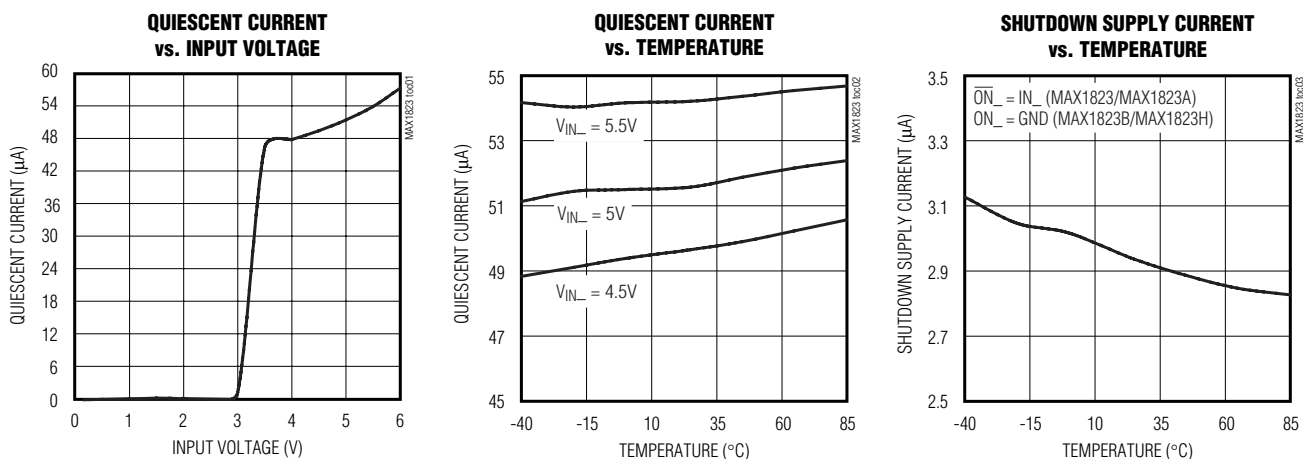
Note 2: Specifications to $-40^{\circ}C$ are guaranteed by design, not production tested.

Note 3: Reverse current (current from $OUT_$ to $IN_$) is blocked when disabled.

Note 4: Forward current (current from $IN_$ to $OUT_$) is internally limited. Reverse current, from $OUT_$ to $IN_$, is not limited when the device is enabled and must be kept below $1.5A_{RMS}$ to prevent permanent device damage. When the MAX1823A/MAX1823B are disabled, the switch turns off and reverse current is internally blocked.

Typical Operating Characteristics

(Circuit of Figure 1, $V_{IN} = V_{INA} = V_{INB} = 5V$, $ON_ = GND$ (MAX1823/MAX1823A), $ON_ = IN_$ (MAX1823B/MAX1823H), $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

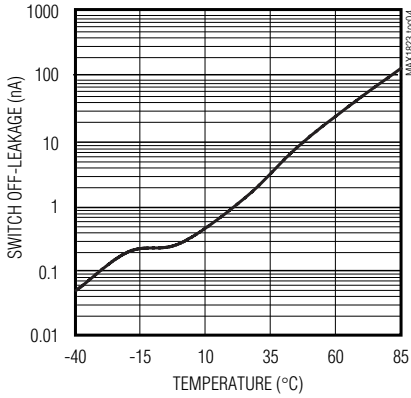


Dual USB Switch with Fault Blanking and Autoreset

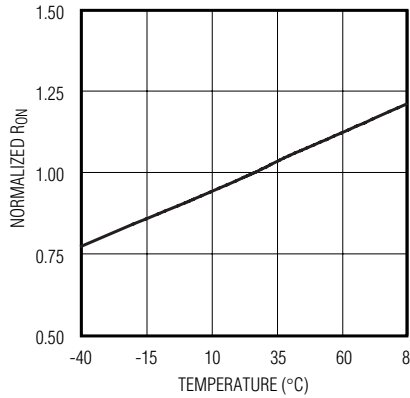
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(Circuit of Figure 1, $V_{IN} = V_{INA} = V_{INB} = 5V$, $\overline{ON}_- = GND$ (MAX1823/MAX1823A), $ON_- = IN_-$ (MAX1823B/MAX1823H), $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

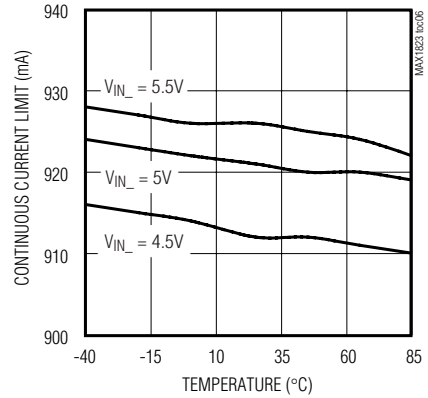
SWITCH OFF-LEAKAGE vs. TEMPERATURE



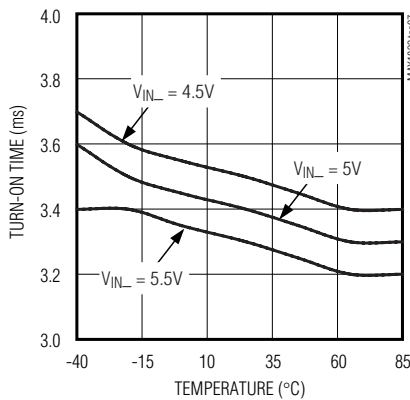
NORMALIZED R_{ON} vs. TEMPERATURE



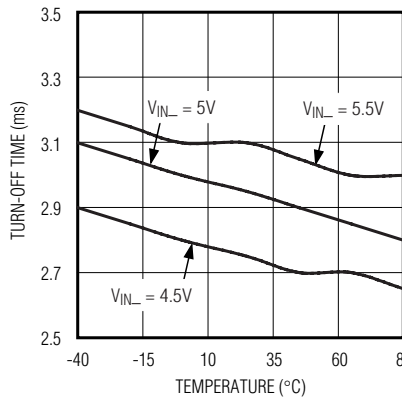
CONTINUOUS CURRENT-LIMIT THRESHOLD vs. TEMPERATURE



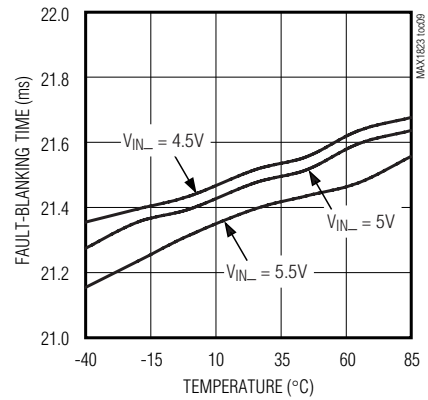
TURN-ON TIME vs. TEMPERATURE ($t_{ON} + t_{RISE}$)



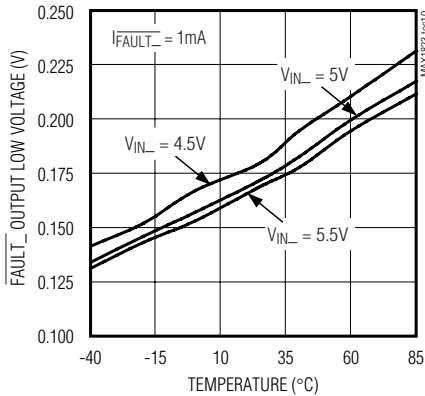
TURN-OFF TIME vs. TEMPERATURE ($t_{OFF} + t_{FALL}$)



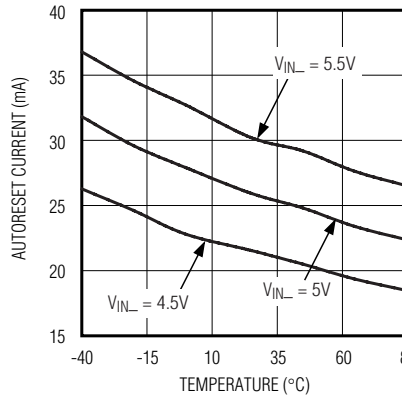
FAULT-BLANKING TIME vs. TEMPERATURE



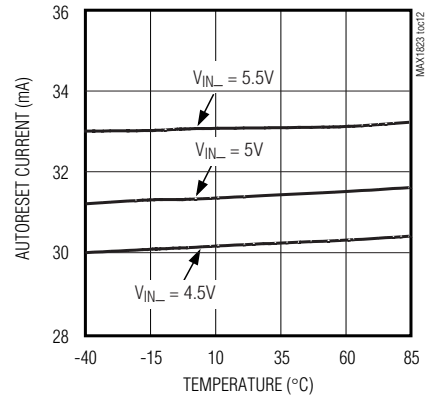
FAULT_ OUTPUT LOW VOLTAGE vs. TEMPERATURE



AUTORESET CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE (MAX1823/MAX1823H)



AUTORESET CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE (MAX1823A/MAX1823B)

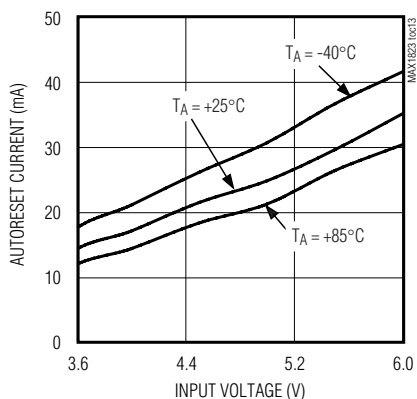


Dual USB Switch with Fault Blanking and Autoreset

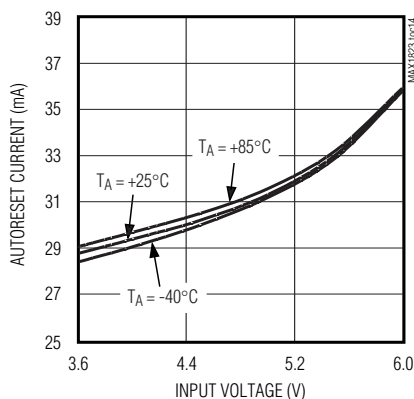
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(Circuit of Figure 1, $V_{IN} = V_{INA} = V_{INB} = 5V$, $\overline{ON}_- = GND$ (MAX1823/MAX1823A), $ON_- = IN_-$ (MAX1823B/MAX1823H), $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

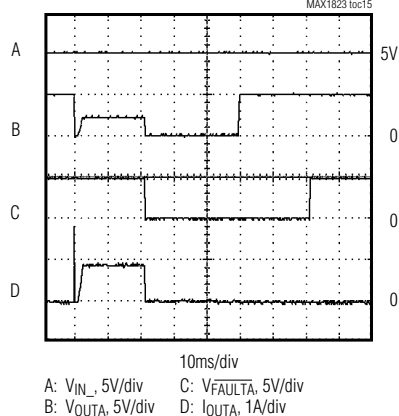
AUTORESET CURRENT vs. INPUT VOLTAGE (MAX1823/MAX1823H)



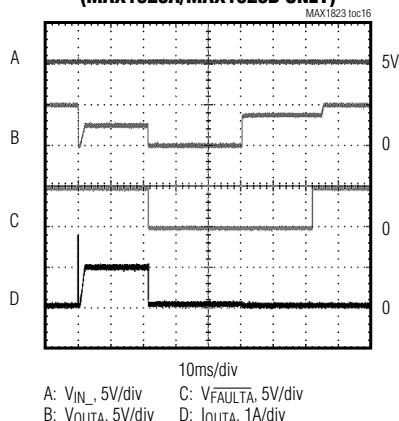
AUTORESET CURRENT vs. INPUT VOLTAGE (MAX1823A/MAX1823B)



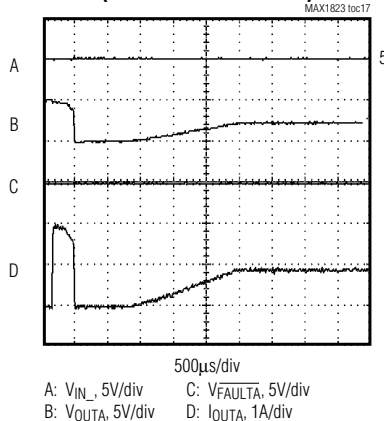
OVERLOAD RESPONSE INTO 2.5Ω (MAX1823/MAX1823H)



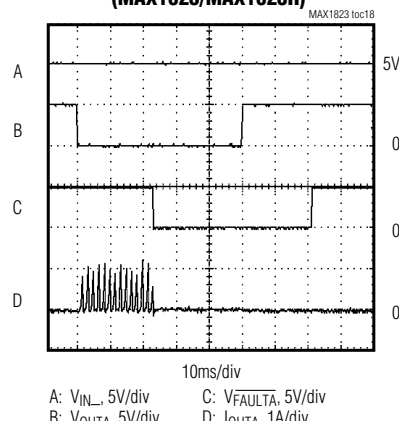
OVERLOAD RESPONSE INTO 2.5Ω (MAX1823A/MAX1823B ONLY)



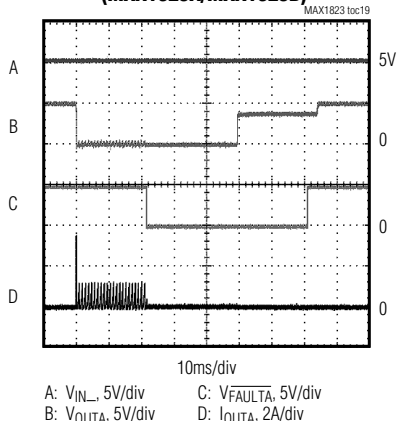
OVERLOAD RESPONSE INTO 2.5Ω (EXPANDED TIME SCALE)



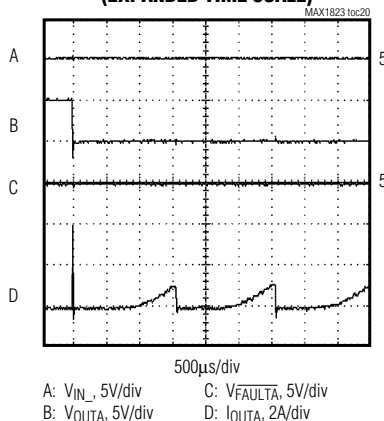
SHORT-CIRCUIT RESPONSE INTO 0Ω (MAX1823/MAX1823H)



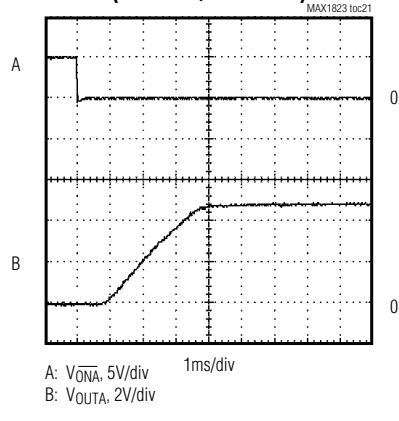
SHORT-CIRCUIT RESPONSE INTO 0Ω (MAX1823A/MAX1823B)



SHORT-CIRCUIT RESPONSE INTO 0Ω (EXPANDED TIME SCALE)



SWITCH TURN-ON TIME (MAX1823/MAX1823A)

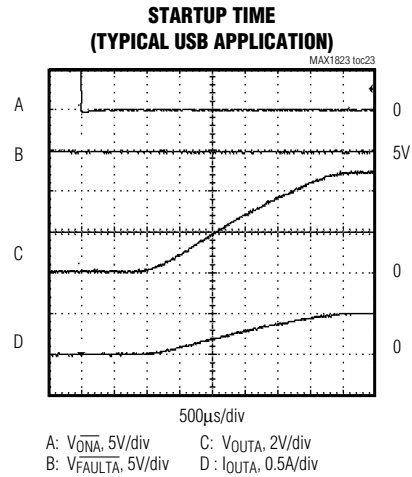
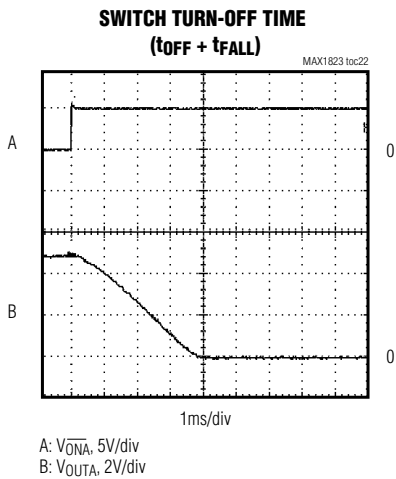


MAX1823/MAX1823A/MAX1823B/MAX1823H

Dual USB Switch with Fault Blanking and Autoreset

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(Circuit of Figure 1, $V_{IN} = V_{INA} = V_{INB} = 5V$, $\overline{ON}_- = GND$ (MAX1823/MAX1823A), $ON_- = IN_-$ (MAX1823B/MAX1823H), $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)



Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	$\overline{ON}A$ *(ONA)	Control Input for Switch A. Can be driven higher than IN_- without damage. A logic low turns switch A on for the MAX1823/MAX1823A, and a logic high turns switch A on for the MAX1823B/MAX1823H.
2, 3, 4	INA, IN, INB	Power Input. Connect all IN_- pins together, and bypass with a 0.1µF capacitor to ground. Load conditions may require additional bulk capacitance to prevent the input from being pulled down.
5	$\overline{ON}B$ *(ONB)	Control Input for Switch B. Can be driven higher than IN_- without damage. A logic low turns switch B on for the MAX1823/MAX1823A, and a logic high turns switch B on for the MAX1823B/MAX1823H.
6	$\overline{FAULT}B$	Fault-Indicator Output for Switch B. This open-drain output goes low when switch B is in thermal shutdown or UVLO or in a sustained (>20ms) current-limit or short-circuit condition.
7	OUTB	Power Output for Switch B. Connect a 1µF capacitor from OUTB to ground. Load condition may require additional bulk capacitance.
8	GND	Ground
9	OUTA	Power Output for Switch A. Connect a 1µF capacitor from OUTA to ground. Load condition may require additional bulk capacitance.
10	$\overline{FAULT}A$	Fault-Indicator Output for Switch A. This open-drain output goes low when switch A is in thermal shutdown or UVLO or in a sustained (>20ms) current-limit or short-circuit condition.

*() are for the MAX1823B/MAX1823H only.

Dual USB Switch with Fault Blanking and Autoreset

Detailed Description

The MAX1823 is a dual, current-limited switch designed for USB applications. It has two independent switches, each with its own enable control input and autoreset function. Each switch has an error-flag output to notify the USB controller when the current-limit, short-circuit, undervoltage-lockout, or thermal-shutdown threshold is reached (Figure 2).

The MAX1823 operates from a 4V to 5.5V input voltage range and guarantees a minimum 720mA output current. A built-in 0.9A current limit limits the current in the event of a heavy-overload condition. The MAX1823 has independent thermal shutdown for each switch in the event of a prolonged overload or short-circuit condition. The autoreset function monitors the overload and automatically turns the switch on when the overload is removed.

Use of low- R_{ON} NMOS switches enables the MAX1823 to provide two switches in the ultra-small 10-pin μ MAX package. An internal micropower charge pump generates the high-side supply needed for driving the gates of these high-side switches. Separate current-limiting and thermal-shutdown circuits permit each switch to operate independently, improving system robustness.

Undervoltage-Lockout and Input-Voltage Requirements

The MAX1823 includes a UVLO circuit to prevent erroneous switch operation when the input voltage goes low during startup and brownout conditions. Operation is inhibited when $V_{IN_}$ is less than 3.4V.

Output Fault Protection

The MAX1823 senses the switch output voltage and selects continuous current limiting when V_{OUT} is greater than 1V or short-circuit current limiting when V_{OUT} is less than 1V. When V_{OUT} is greater than 1V, the device operates in a continuous current-limit mode that sets the output current limit to 0.9A. When V_{OUT} is less than 1V, the device operates in short-circuit current-limit mode, sourcing 0.35A_{RMS} current pulses to the load.

Autoreset Mode

If an output fault is detected for more than the 20ms blanking time, the output latches off, the $\overline{FAULT_}$ output goes low, and a 25mA current is forced at the output. If the voltage on the output exceeds 0.5V for 20ms, the fault resets, the 25mA current source shuts down, and the output turns on. The device monitors the output voltage so that a short-circuit condition can be detected. Active loads are not expected to have measurable currents when the supply is below 0.5V. The MAX1823/MAX1823A can also be reset from fault manually by toggling $\overline{ON_}$ ($\overline{ON_}$ for the MAX1823B/MAX1823H) for that channel.

Thermal Shutdown

The MAX1823 features independent thermal shutdown for each switch channel, allowing one switch to deliver power even if the other switch has a fault condition. When the junction temperature exceeds +160°C, the switch turns off and the $\overline{FAULT_}$ output goes low immediately; fault blanking does not occur during thermal limit. When the junction cools by 15°C, the switch turns on again. If the fault overload condition continues, the switch cycles on and off, resulting in a pulsed output, saving battery power.

Reverse Current Blocking

The USB specification does not allow an output device to source current back into the USB port. However, the MAX1823A/MAX1823B are designed to safely power noncompliant devices. When disabled, each output is switched to a high-impedance state, blocking reverse current flow from the output back to the input. However, during normal operation with the device enabled, the MAX1823A/MAX1823B are bidirectional switches.

Fault Indicators

The MAX1823 provides an open-drain fault output ($\overline{FAULT_}$) for each switch. For most applications, connect $\overline{FAULT_}$ to $\overline{IN_}$ through a 100k Ω pullup resistor. $\overline{FAULT_}$ goes low when any of the following conditions occur:

- The input voltage is below the UVLO threshold.
- The switch junction temperature exceeds the +160°C thermal-shutdown temperature limit.
- The switch is in current-limit or short-circuit limit mode after the fault-blanking period is exceeded.
- The switch is in autoreset mode.

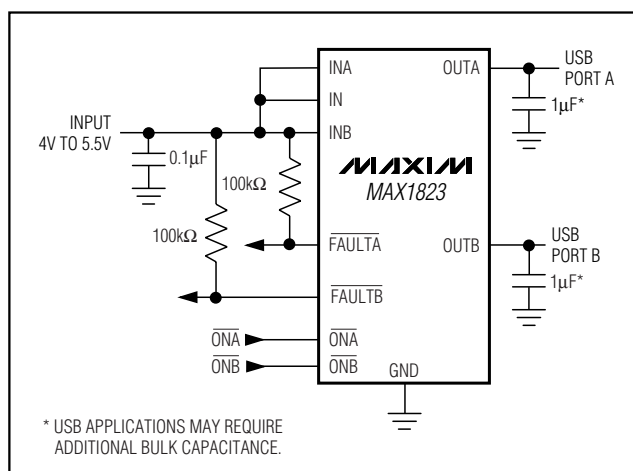


Figure 1. Typical Application Circuit

Dual USB Switch with Fault Blanking and Autoreset

After the fault condition is removed, the $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ output deasserts after a 20ms delay. Ensure that the MAX1823 has adequate input bypass capacitance to prevent glitches from triggering $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ outputs. Input glitches greater than $0.2\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$ may cause erroneous $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ indications.

Behavior During Current Limit and Fault Blanking

The MAX1823 limits switch current in three ways. When ON_n is deasserted (high for MAX1823/MAX1823A, low for MAX1823B/MAX1823H), the switch is off and leakage dominates the residual output current. When ON_n is asserted (low for MAX1823/MAX1823A, high for MAX1823B/MAX1823H), the switch supplies a continuous output current of at least 720mA. When the output current exceeds the 0.9A threshold, the MAX1823 limits the current depending on the output voltage. For V_{OUT} greater than 1V (current-limit mode), the MAX1823 regulates the output current to 0.9A. For

V_{OUT} less than 1V (short-circuit mode), the MAX1823 pulses the switch, decreasing the current to $0.35\text{A}_{\text{RMS}}$ (Table 1). Note that a thermal overload may result from either of these high-current conditions.

The MAX1823 switches may enter current limit in normal operation when powering up or driving heavy capacitive loads. To differentiate these conditions from short circuits or sustained overloads that may damage the device, the MAX1823 has an independent fault-blanking circuit in each switch. When a load transient causes the device to enter current limit, an internal counter starts to monitor the duration of the fault. For load faults exceeding 20ms fault-blanking time, the switch turns off, the $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ signal asserts low, and the device enters autoreset mode (see the *Autoreset Mode* section). Only current-limit and short-circuit faults are blanked. Thermal-overload faults and input voltage drops below the UVLO threshold immediately cause the switch to turn off and $\overline{\text{FAULT}}$ to assert low.

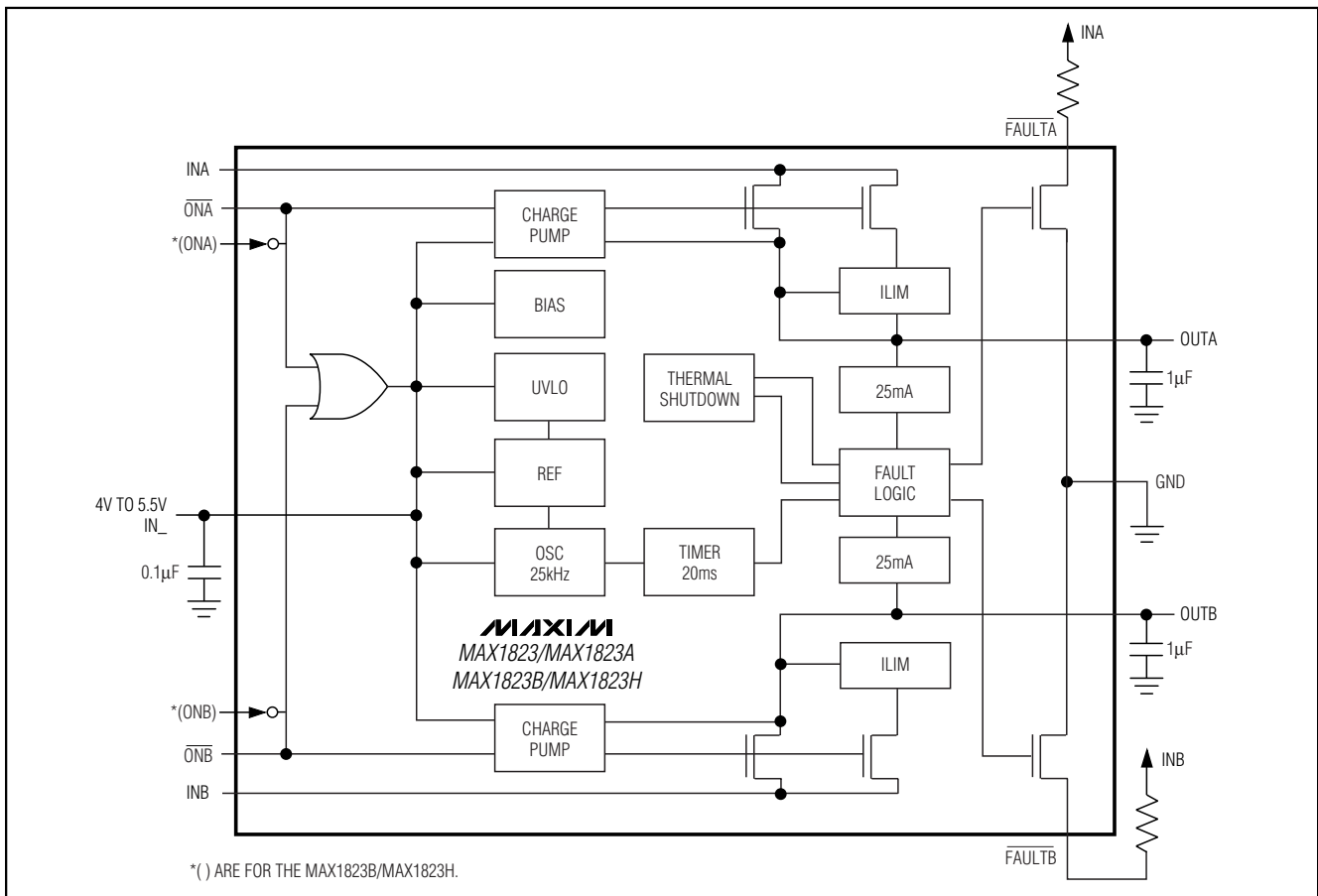


Figure 2. Functional Diagram

Dual USB Switch with Fault Blanking and Autoreset

MAX1823/MAX1823A/MAX1823B/MAX1823H

Table 1. MAX1823 Current Limiting and Fault Behavior

CONDITION	MAX1823 BEHAVIOR
Output short circuit ($V_{OUT} < 1V$)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An output short circuit ramps the current to I_{SHORT} in 2ms to 3ms, the switch shuts off, the blanking timer turns on, \overline{FAULT}_- stays high, and the output current pulses at $0.35A_{RMS}$. Removing the short circuit before the 15ms short-circuit blanking timeout period allows the next ramped current pulse to soft-start the output. The \overline{FAULT}_- flag stays high. A short circuit exceeding 15ms to 20ms forces \overline{FAULT}_- low at 20ms, enables autoreset mode, and sources 25mA at the output. An output voltage above 0.5V for 20ms resets the switch, turns on the output, and forces \overline{FAULT}_- high.
Output overload current ($V_{OUT} > 1V$)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An output overload regulates the current at I_{LIM} (0.9A), and \overline{FAULT}_- stays high until the overload is removed, a thermal fault occurs, or the 20ms continuous current-limit timeout period is reached. An overcurrent condition still present at 20ms forces \overline{FAULT}_- low, enables autoreset, and sources 25mA at the output. An output voltage above 0.5V for 20ms resets the switch, turns on the output, and forces \overline{FAULT}_- high.
Thermal fault ($T_J > +160^\circ C$)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A junction temperature of $+160^\circ C$ immediately forces \overline{FAULT}_- low (the blanking timer does not apply to thermal faults) and turns off the switch. The junction cooling $15^\circ C$ removes the thermal fault condition, enables autoreset mode, and sources 25mA at the output. \overline{FAULT}_- remains low while a thermal fault condition is present. An output voltage above 0.5V for 20ms resets the switch, turns on the output, and forces \overline{FAULT}_- high.

Fault blanking allows the MAX1823 to handle USB loads that may not be fully compliant with the USB specifications. USB loads with additional bypass capacitance and/or large startup currents can be successfully powered even while protecting the upstream power source. No fault is indicated if the switch is able to bring up the load within the 20ms blanking period.

Applications Information

Input Power Source

IN, INA, and INB provide the power for all control and charge-pump circuitry. All three IN_ pins must be connected together externally. The input-voltage slew rate should be less than $0.2V/\mu s$ to prevent erroneous \overline{FAULT}_- indications. This condition should not occur under normal USB applications.

Input Capacitor

Connect a capacitor from IN_ to ground to limit the input voltage drop during momentary output short-circuit conditions. A $0.1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor is required for local decoupling; higher capacitor values further reduce the voltage drop at the input (see the Typical Application Circuit (Figure 1)). When driving inductive loads, a larger capacitance prevents voltage spikes from exceeding the MAX1823's absolute maximum ratings.

Output Capacitor

Place a $1\mu F$ or greater capacitor at each output for noise immunity. When starting up into very large capacitive loads, the switch pulses the output current at $0.35A_{RMS}$ until the output voltage rises above 1V, then the capacitor continues to charge at the full 0.9A current limit. There is no limit to the output capacitor size, but to prevent a start-up fault assertion, the capacitor must charge up within the fault-blanking delay period. Typically, starting up into a $330\mu F$ or smaller capacitor does not trigger a fault output. In addition to bulk capacitance, small-value ($0.1\mu F$ or greater) ceramic capacitors improve the output's resilience to electrostatic discharge (ESD).

Driving Inductive Loads

A wide variety of devices (mice, keyboards, cameras, and printers) can load the USB port. These devices commonly connect to the port with cables, which can add an inductive component to the load. This inductance causes the output voltage at the USB port to ring during a load step. The MAX1823 is capable of driving inductive loads, but avoids exceeding the device's absolute maximum ratings. Usually the load inductance is relatively small, and the MAX1823's input includes a substantial bulk capacitance from an upstream regulator as well as local bypass capacitors, limiting overshoot. If severe ringing occurs due to large load inductance, clamp the MAX1823's output below 6V and above -0.3V.

Dual USB Switch with Fault Blanking and Autoreset

Turn-On and Turn-Off Behavior

In the absence of faults, the MAX1823's internal switches turn on and off slowly under the control of the ON_ inputs. Transition times for both edges are provided in the *Electrical Characteristics* table. The slow charge-pump switch drive minimizes load transients on the upstream power source. Under thermal fault and UVLO, the power device turns off rapidly (100ns) to protect the power device.

Layout and Thermal Dissipation

To optimize the switch response time to output short-circuit conditions, keep all traces as short as possible to reduce the effect of undesirable parasitic inductance. Place input and output capacitors no more than 5mm from device leads. All IN_ and OUT_ pins must be connected with short traces to the power bus. Wide power-bus planes provide superior heat dissipation through the switch IN_ and OUT_ pins.

While the switches are on, power dissipation is small, and the package temperature change is minimal. Calculate the power dissipation for this condition as follows:

$$P = (I_{OUT_})^2 R_{ON}$$

For the normal operating current ($I_{OUT_} = 0.5A$), and the maximum on-resistance of the switch ($135m\Omega$), the power dissipation is:

$$P = (0.5A)^2 \times 0.135\Omega = 34mW \text{ per switch}$$

The worst-case power dissipation occurs when the switch is in current limit and the output is greater than 1V. In this case, the power dissipated in each switch is the voltage drop across the switch multiplied by the current limit:

$$P = (I_{LIM}) (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})$$

For a 5V input and 1V output, the maximum power dissipation per switch is:

$$P = (1.2A) (5V - 1V) = 4.8W$$

Since the package power dissipation is only 444mW, the MAX1823 die temperature exceeds the thermal-shutdown threshold, and the switch output shuts down until the junction temperature cools by 15°C. The duty cycle and period are strong functions of the ambient temperature and the PC board layout.

A short circuit at the output causes the power dissipated across the switch and the junction temperature to increase. If the fault condition persists, the thermal-overload-protection circuitry activates, and the output shuts down until the junction temperature decreases by 15°C (see the *Thermal Shutdown* section).

Since the output short-circuit current is 25mA (typ), and with $V_{IN_} = 5V$, calculate the power dissipation for a short-circuited output as follows:

$$P = (0.025A)(5) = 0.125W$$

Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 3227

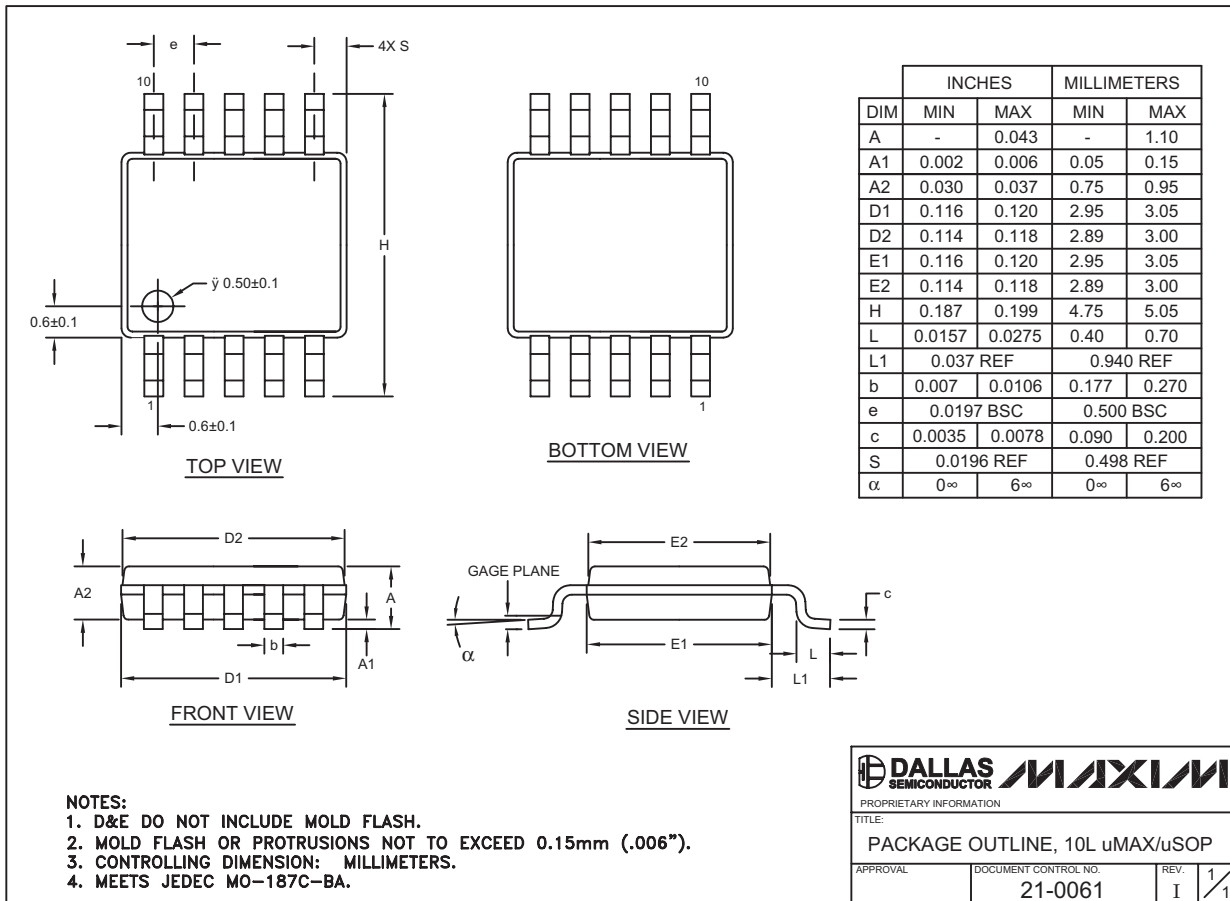
PROCESS: BiCMOS

Dual USB Switch with Fault Blanking and Autoreset

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)

MAX1823/MAX1823A/MAX1823B/MAX1823H



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