## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Terminal Voltage (with respect to	GND unless otherwise noted)
VS, DRAIN, PGOOD, PGOOD	0.3V to +76V
ON/OFF	0.3V to +4V
GATE to Vs	12V to +0.3V
Current into any Pin	

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ )	
6-Pin SOT23 (derate 9.1mW/°C above +70°C)727mW	/
6-Pin TDFN (derate 18.2mW/°C above +70°C)1454mW	/
Junction to Case	
Thermal Resistance, θ <sub>JC</sub> (TDFN)8.5°C/M	/
Maximum Junction Temperature+150°C	)
Storage Temperature Range60°C to +150°C	

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(V<sub>S</sub> = +9V to +72V, GND = 0V, ON/OFF open circuit, T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>S</sub> = +48V and  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ .) (Notes 1, 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage	VS			9		72	V
Supply Current	IGND	Measured out of GND, PGOOD or $\overrightarrow{\text{PGOOD}}$ open circuit, DRAIN = V <sub>S</sub>			1	2	mA
External Gate Drive	VGS	Vs - Vgate	$V_{\rm S} = +36V \text{ to } +72V$	9	10	11	v
External Gate Drive	VGS	VS - VGATE	$V_{\rm S} = +9V$	8	8.5		v
Load Voltage Slew-Rate	SR	l dV <sub>DRAIN</sub> /dt l	$V_{\rm S} = +36V \text{ to } +72V$	5	9	18	\//mc
Magnitude	Sh	$C_L = 10 \mu F$	$V_{\rm S} = +9V$	3	6	11	V/ms
Default Undervoltage Lockout	V <sub>UVLO</sub>	V <sub>S</sub> increasing	·	28.5	31.5	34.5	V
Undervoltage Lockout Hysteresis					3.5		V
ON/OFF Pin Input Resistance	Ron/OFF			19	32	52	kΩ
DRAIN to GND Resistance	RDGND				900		kΩ
DRAIN to V <sub>S</sub> Resistance	R <sub>DS</sub>				650		kΩ
ON/OFF Reference Threshold	Von/OFF	V <sub>ON/OFF</sub> Increasing		1.14	1.26	1.38	V
ON/OFF Hysteresis					140		mV
Start Delay (Note 3)	ton			80	150	280	ms
ON/OFF Off Delay (Note 4)	toff	V <sub>S</sub> - V <sub>GATE</sub> < 1V		5	10	18	ms
			MAX590AEUT	200	300	460	
Circuit-Breaker Threshold	V <sub>CB</sub>	Vs - Vdrain	MAX590BEUT	280	400	540	mV
			MAX590CEUT	400	500	660	
		(V <sub>S</sub> - V <sub>DRAIN</sub> ) > V <sub>CB</sub>	C <sub>GATE</sub> = 1nF		2	6.5	
Circuit-Breaker Delay (Note 5)	tCB	until (Vs - V <sub>GATE</sub> ) < 1V, 200mV	C <sub>GATE</sub> = 4.7nF		4	11	μs
		overdrive step	C <sub>GATE</sub> = 10nF		7	17	
Restart Delay (Note 3)	t <sub>RS</sub>	After circuit breaker event, MAX590_ A_EUT only		80	150	280	ms
Power-Good Output Low Voltage	Vol	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1mA			0.3	0.6	V

MAX5902/MAX5903

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V<sub>S</sub> = +9V to +72V, GND = 0V, ON/ $\overline{OFF}$  open circuit, T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>S</sub> = +48V and T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Notes 1, 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Power-Good Output Open-Drain Leakage Current	IOH	V <del>PGOOD</del> = 72V (MAX5902) V <sub>PGOOD</sub> = 72V (MAX5903)			10	μA
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	T <sub>SD</sub>	Junction temperature		+125		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	T <sub>HY</sub>			15		°C

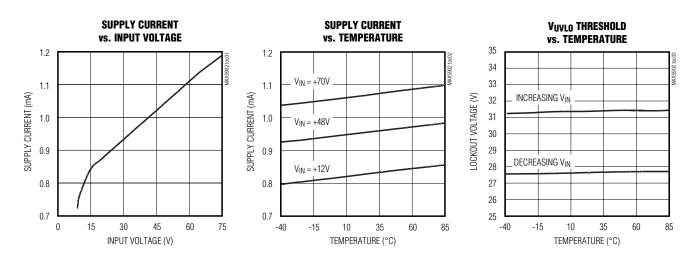
**Note 1:** All currents into device pins are positive, all currents out of device pins are negative, and all voltages are referenced to GND, unless otherwise noted.

Note 2: All specifications are 100% tested at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted. Specifications over -40°C to +85°C are guaranteed by characterization.

Note 3: This is the delay time from a valid on condition until V<sub>GS</sub> begins rising. Valid on conditions are: the device is not in undervoltage lockout; ON/OFF is not driven low; and the device is not in thermal shutdown.

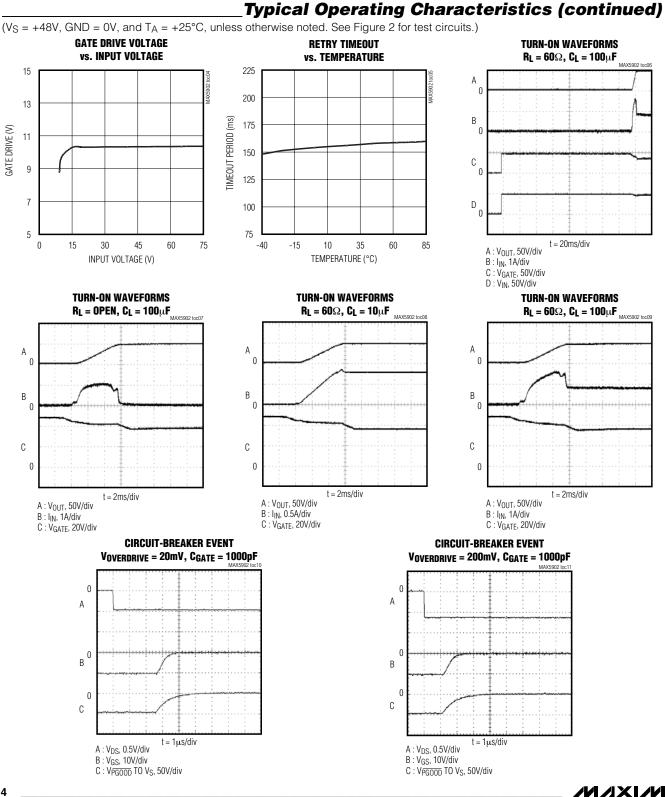
Note 4: This is the delay from a valid low on ON/OFF until V<sub>GS</sub> falls. Pulses on ON/OFF less than t<sub>OFF</sub> are ignored, offering glitch immunity.

Note 5: Guaranteed by characterization, not production tested. CGATE is a capacitor from GATE to VS.



## **Typical Operating Characteristics**

 $(V_S = +48V, GND = 0V, and T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted. See Figure 2 for test circuits.)$ 



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## **Pin Description**

Р	IN		FUNCTION		
MAX5902	MAX5903	NAME	FUNCTION		
1	1	Vs	Positive Supply Voltage Input and External p-Channel MOSFET Source Connection		
2	2	DRAIN	Drain Sense Input for External p-Channel MOSFET. Connect DRAIN as close as possible to the MOSFET's drain and use wide circuit traces to assure good thermal coupling between the MAX5902/MAX5903 and the MOSFET. See <i>Layout Guidelines</i> Section.		
3	3	GATE	Gate Drive Output for External p-Channel MOSFET		
4	4	GND	Ground Connection		
5	_	PGOOD	Power-Good Output. PGOOD is an n-channel, open-drain, active-low output, referenced to GND.		
_	5	PGOOD	Power-Good Output. PGOOD is an n-channel, open-drain, active-high output, referenced to GND.		
6	6	ON/OFF	ON/OFF Control Input. ON/OFF is referenced to GND. Drive ON/OFF above 1.38V or leave unconnected to enable the device. Drive ON/OFF below 1V to disable the device. ON/OFF is also used to adjust the UVLO threshold. Internally clamped to nominally 3V through a 1k $\Omega$ resistor (See Figure 1). (See the Undervoltage Lockout section in the Applications Information.)		
		EP	Exposed Pad (TDFN only). Connect to GND.		

## **Detailed Description**

The MAX5902/MAX5903 are integrated hot-swap controller ICs contained in 6-pin SOT23 and TDFN packages. They allow a board to be safely hot-plugged into a live backplane without causing a glitch on the powersupply rail. They are well suited for +48V power systems allowing cost-effective, simple, and compact design. The MAX5902/MAX5903 operate from +9V to +72V to cover a wide range of end equipment hot-swap needs. They require only an external p-channel power MOSFET to provide hot-swap control. Figure 1 shows a functional block diagram of the MAX5902/MAX5903.

The MAX5902/MAX5903 controls an external p-channel power MOSFET placed in the positive power-supply pathway. When power is first applied, the MAX5902/MAX5903 keep the MOSFET turned off. The MAX5902/MAX5903 hold the MOSFET off indefinitely if ON/OFF is held low, if the supply voltage is below the undervoltage lockout level, or if the die temperature exceeds +125°C. If none of these conditions exist for 150ms (typ), the MAX5902/MAX5903 begin to gradually turn on the MOSFET. During this turn-on phase, the MAX5902/MAX5903 slowly enhance the MOSFET, allowing the voltage on the load, i.e. the drain of the MOSFET, to rise at a rate of 9V/ms (typ). The inrush current to the load is thus limited to a level proportional to the load capacitance, and the constant slew rate. After

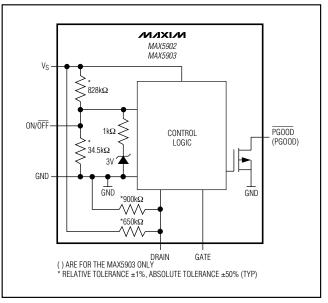


Figure 1. Functional Block Diagram

the MOSFET is fully enhanced, and the load voltage is settled to its final value, the MAX5902A/ MAX5903A and MAX5902L/MAX5903L monitor the voltage drop across the MOSFET. If the voltage drop exceeds the circuitbreaker threshold the MAX5902A/MAX5903A and



MAX5902/MAX5903

MAX5902L/MAX5903L turn off the MOSFET, disconnecting the load immediately. If no circuit-breaker fault exists, the MAX5902/MAX5903 assert the power-good output. Then, if any of four conditions exist, the powergood output deasserts and the MAX5902/MAX5903 turn off the MOSFET. The four conditions are: the voltage across the MOSFET exceeds the circuit-breaker threshold; the supply voltage falls below the undervoltage lockout level; the die temperature exceeds +125°C; or ON/OFF is forced low. After a circuit-breaker fault, the MAX5902L/MAX5903L keep the MOSFET off until the power is cycled, or the part is reset by toggling ON/OFF low for 10ms (typ). After a circuit-breaker fault, the MAX5902A/MAX5903A automatically restarts in 150ms (typ). All versions automatically restart after a thermal fault, or an undervoltage shutdown, if the fault condition goes away for at least 150ms (typ).

ON/OFF offers external control of the MAX5902/ MAX5903, facilitating power-supply sequencing, and may also be used to change the undervoltage lockout (UVL) level. UVLO keeps the external MOSFET switched off as long as the input voltage is below the desired level.

A power-good output, PGOOD (MAX5902) or PGOOD (MAX5903), asserts when the external MOSFET is fully enhanced and the source-drain voltage is below the circuit-breaker threshold. PGOOD and PGOOD are open-drain outputs referenced to GND, and can withstand up to +72V.

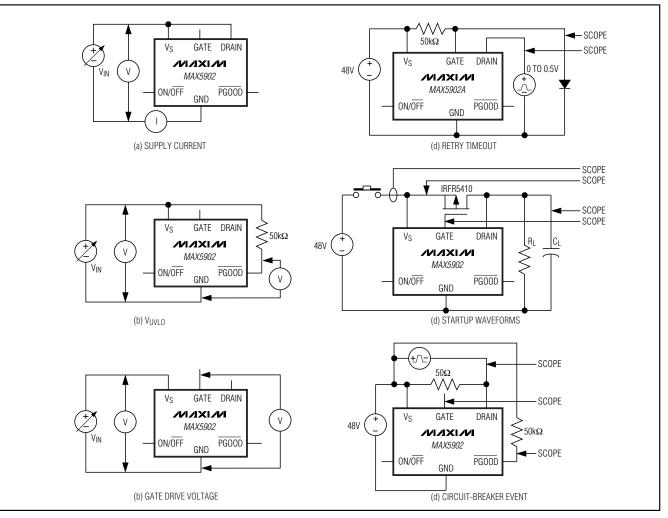


Figure 2. Test Circuits

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# +72V, SOT23/TDFN, Simple Swapper Hot-Swap Controllers

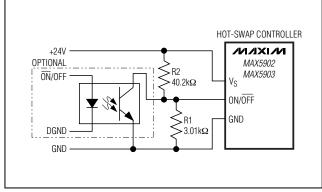


Figure 3. Programmed +18V Lockout, with Optional Optocoupler On/Off Control.

A thermal shutdown feature protects the external MOS-FET by turning it off if the die temperature of the MAX5902/MAX5903 exceeds +125°C. The MAX5902/ MAX5903 must be in good thermal contact with the external MOSFET. See *Layout Guidelines* in the *Applications* section of the data sheet.

A circuit-breaker function monitors the voltage across the external MOSFET,  $V_{SD}$ , and turns off the MOSFET if  $V_{SD}$  exceeds the circuit-breaker threshold,  $V_{CB}$ . The circuit-breaker function is enabled after the MOSFET is fully enhanced. Three threshold voltage options are available—300mV, 400mV, and 500mV. One version is available with no circuit-breaker function. Fault management for the MAX5902/MAX5903 is offered with two different configurations; latched and automatic retry.

#### **Latched Circuit Breaker**

After a circuit-breaker trip event, the latched versions (MAX5902L/MAX5903L) drive GATE to Vs, turning off the external MOSFET, and PGOOD (PGOOD) is deasserted. A latched off condition needs to be reset by toggling ON/OFF low for at least 10ms, or by cycling the power supply, Vs.

#### **Automatic Retry Circuit Breaker**

After a circuit-breaker trip event, the automatic retry versions (MAX5902A/MAX5903A) drive GATE to V<sub>S</sub>, turning off the external MOSFET, and PGOOD (PGOOD) is deasserted. If the start conditions are met for a full 150ms (t<sub>RS</sub>) the start sequence is re-initiated. The start conditions are: the device is not in UVLO; ON/OFF is not driven low; and the device is not in thermal shutdown.

#### No Circuit Breaker

For the versions without a circuit breaker, MAX5902N (MAX5903N), PGOOD (PGOOD) are asserted when the MOSFET is fully enhanced. Once powered up the MAX5902N/MAX5903N ignore the MOSFET drain-to-source voltage for applications where a circuit-breaker function is not desired.

## Applications Information

### **ON/OFF** Control Input

The ON/OFF control input provides three functions: external ON/OFF control; setting of the UVLO level; and resetting after a circuit-breaker event has caused the MAX5902L/MAX5903L to turn off the external MOSFET. Pulling ON/OFF to GND for at least 10ms (toFF) forces the MAX5902/MAX5903 to turn off the external MOSFET (see Figure 3 for a circuit example). To reset the MAX5902L/MAX5903L after a circuit-breaker event, toggle ON/OFF to GND for at least 10ms (toFF).

ON/OFF can be used to sequence power supplies. Connecting a capacitor from ON/OFF to GND will delay the rise of ON/OFF proportional to the capacitance and input impedance of ON/OFF, typically  $33k\Omega$  (Figure 4).

The MAX5902/MAX5903 can be controlled by logic-level signals. Logic-level signals of 3.3V or 1.8V may be directly connected to ON/OFF. For 5V logic level control, insert a series  $47k\Omega$  resistor as shown in Figure 5.

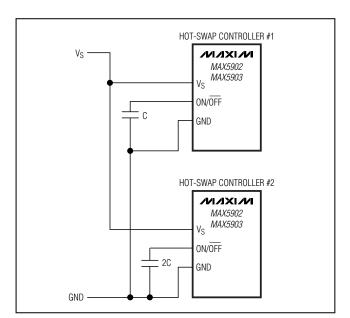


Figure 4. Power-Supply Sequencing

## MIXXIM

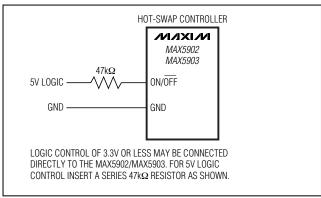


Figure 5. Logic Control

#### Turn-On and Turn-Off Delays

After power is applied, or ON/OFF is released, there is a 150ms delay (t<sub>ON</sub>) before the gate ramp is started. This delay is also the automatic restart time delay.

In the event of a circuit-breaker condition or an overtemperature fault condition, the turn-off delay is less than 4µs. An undervoltage condition must exist for at least 10ms (t<sub>OFF</sub>) before the MAX5902/MAX5903 turns off the external MOSFET. ON/OFF must be held low for at least 10ms (t<sub>OFF</sub>) before the MAX5902/MAX5903 turns off the external MOSFET. Turn-off delay minimizes spurious shutdowns due to noisy signals or momentary voltage spikes, as well as preventing accidental resetting of the circuit-breaker latch (MAX5902L/MAX5903L).

#### **Thermal Shutdown**

A thermal shutdown feature helps protect the external MOSFET. If the die temperature of the MAX5902/ MAX5903 exceeds +125°C, the MOSFET is turned off. For accurate performance the MAX5902/MAX5903 must be in close thermal contact with the external MOS-FET. See the *Layout Guidelines* section for information. Due to the low power dissipation of the MAX5902/MAX5903, its junction temperature will typically be within a few degrees of the MOSFET. All versions of the MAX5902/MAX5903 automatically restart from a temperature fault when the junction temperature drops below +110°C.

#### **Undervoltage Lockout**

The MAX5902/MAX5903 turns off the external MOSFET if the magnitude of the input voltage is below the level set by ON/OFF for longer than 10ms (t<sub>OFF</sub>). If ON/OFF is left unconnected, the lockout voltage (V<sub>UVLO</sub>) defaults to 31.5V. V<sub>UVLO</sub> may also be set to any value within the power-supply range by using external resistors. To set the lockout voltage to a value between +9V

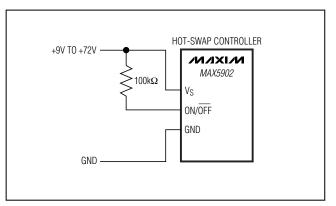


Figure 6. Defeating Undervoltage Lockout

and +72V use a resistor divider connected between Vs and GND, with the center node of the divider connected to ON/OFF. For example, use a  $3k\Omega$  resistor (R1 in Figure 3) from ON/OFF to GND and calculate the other resistor, R2, using:

$$R2 = R1 \times \left(\frac{V_{UVLO}}{V_{ON}/\overline{OFF}} - 1\right)$$

where  $V_{UVLO}$  is the desired lockout voltage, and  $V_{ON/OFF}$  is the ON/OFF reference threshold specified in the *Electrical Characteristics* table (typically 1.26V).

Figure 3 shows an example circuit with VUVLO set for +18V. To defeat the UVLO simply connect a single 100k $\Omega$  resistor between ON/OFF and V<sub>S</sub>, as shown in Figure 6.

#### **The Power-Good Output**

The power-good output,  $\overrightarrow{PGOOD}$  (PGOOD), is opendrain and asserts when the external MOSFET is fully enhanced and V<sub>SD</sub> is less than the circuit-breaker threshold (V<sub>CB</sub>). For versions without the circuit-breaker function (MAX5902N/MAX5903N),  $\overrightarrow{PGOOD}$  (PGOOD) asserts when the external MOSFET is fully enhanced.

PGOOD (PGOOD) deasserts within 4 $\mu$ s when a circuitbreaker event occurs or if the die temperature exceeds +125°C. PGOOD (PGOOD) deasserts if V<sub>S</sub> < V<sub>UVLO</sub> for longer than 10ms or ON/OFF is held low for longer than 10ms.

The MAX5902 PGOOD is active-low and the MAX5903 PGOOD is active-high. Both are open-drain n-channel MOSFETs with their sources connected to GND, and can withstand up to +72V.



#### **Selecting a Circuit-Breaker Threshold**

The MAX5902A/MAX5903A and the MAX5902L/ MAX5903L offer a circuit-breaker function to protect the external MOSFET and the load from the potentially damaging effects of excessive current. As load current flows through the external MOSFET, a voltage, VSD, is generated from source to drain due to the MOSFET's on-resistance, R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>. The MAX5902A/MAX5903A and MAX5902L/MAX5903L monitor VSD when the external MOSFET is fully enhanced. If VSD exceeds the circuit-breaker threshold the external MOSFET is turned off, and PGOOD (PGOOD) is deasserted. To accommodate different MOSFETs and different load currents the MAX5902/MAX5903 are available with circuit-breaker threshold voltages of 300mV, 400mV, and 500mV. To determine the proper circuit-breaker threshold for an application use:

#### $V_{CB} > (R_{DS(ON)}) \times (I_{OUT(MAX)})$

where  $R_{DS(ON)}$  is the on-resistance of the MOSFET and  $I_{OUT}(MAX)$  is the maximum expected output current.

The MAX5902N/MAX5903N have no circuit-breaker function. For these parts choose an external MOSFET which meets the load requirements.

The circuit-breaker function is intended to protect against gross overcurrent or short-circuit conditions. During a gross overcurrent or short-circuit condition, the MAX5902/MAX5903 disconnect the load by disabling the external MOSFET. For calculating the circuitbreaker threshold use the MOSFET's RON at the worst possible operating condition, and add a 20% overcurrent margin to the maximum circuit current. For instance, if a MOSFET has an RON of  $0.06\Omega$  at TA = +25°C, and a normalized on-resistance factor of 1.75 at  $T_A = +130^{\circ}C$  (from the MOSFET data sheet), the R<sub>ON</sub> used for calculation is the product of these two numbers, or  $(0.06\Omega) \times (1.75) = 0.105\Omega$ . Then, if the maximum current is expected to be 2A, using a 20% margin, the current for calculation is  $(2A) \times (1.2) = 2.4A$ . The resulting minimum circuit-breaker threshold is then a product of these two results, or  $(0.105\Omega) \times (2.4A) =$ 0.252V. The next highest minimum available threshold is 0.280V of the MAX5902ABEUT, which is an ideal choice given these parameters. Using this method to choose a circuit-breaker threshold allows the circuit to operate under worst case conditions without causing a circuit-breaker fault, but the circuit-breaker function will still operate if a short circuit, or a gross overcurrent condition exists.

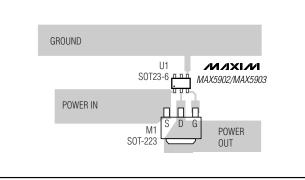


Figure 7. Circuit Board Layout Example.

#### **Determining Inrush Current**

Determining a circuit's inrush current is necessary to help choose the proper MOSFET. The MAX5902/ MAX5903 regulate the inrush current by means of controlling the load voltage slew rate, but inrush current is also a function of load capacitance. Determine inrush current using:

$$I = C \frac{dV}{dt} = C \times SR$$

where C is the load capacitance, and SR is the MAX5902/MAX5903 Load Voltage Slew-Rate Magnitude from the *Electrical Characteristics* table. For example, assuming a load capacitance of  $100\mu$ F, and using the typical value of 9V/ms for the slew rate, the inrush current is 0.9A typical.

If the maximum possible Load Voltage Slew Rate is used, the maximum inrush current calculates to 1.8A. Choose a MOSFET with a maximum pulsed current specification that exceeds the maximum inrush current.

MAXIMUM I <sub>LOAD</sub> (A)	SUGGESTED EXTERNAL MOSFET	SUGGESTED MAXIM PART
0.5	IRF9540NS	MAX5902AAEUT
1	IRF9540NS	MAX5902ABEUT
2	IRF5210S	MAX5902ABEUT
3	IRF5210S	MAX5902ACEUT

 $V_{IN} = +9V to +72V$ 



#### Suggested External MOSFETs Layout Guidelines

Good thermal contact between the MAX5902/ MAX5903 and the external MOSFET is essential for the thermal shutdown feature to operate effectively. Place the MAX5902/MAX5903 as close as possible to the drain of the external MOSFET, and use wide circuit board traces for good heat transfer. See Figure 7 for an example of a PC board layout.

## \_Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 658 PROCESS TECHNOLOGY: BICMOS

## Selector Guide

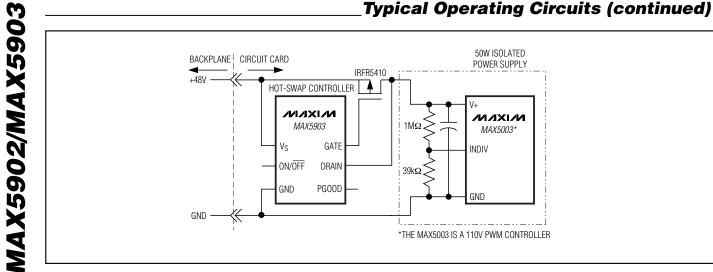
SOT23

PART	CIRCUIT-BREAKER FUNCTION	CIRCUIT-BREAKER THRESHOLD (mV)	POWER-GOOD OUTPUT LOGIC	TOP MARK
MAX5902NNEUT+	None	None	Active-Low	AASM
MAX5902AAEUT+	Autoretry	300	Active-Low	AASA
MAX5902ABEUT+	Autoretry	400	Active-Low	AASB
MAX5902ACEUT+	Autoretry	500	Active-Low	AASC
MAX5902LAEUT+	Latched	300	Active-Low	AASD
MAX5902LBEUT+	Latched	400	Active-Low	AASE
MAX5902LCEUT+	Latched	500	Active-Low	AASF
MAX5903NNEUT+	None	None	Active-High	AASN
MAX5903AAEUT+	Autoretry	300	Active-High	AASG
MAX5903ABEUT+	Autoretry	400	Active-High	AASH
MAX5903ACEUT+	Autoretry	500	Active-High	AASI
MAX5903LAEUT+	Latched	300	Active-High	AASJ
MAX5903LBEUT+	Latched	400	Active-High	AASK
MAX5903LCEUT+	Latched	500	Active-High	AASL

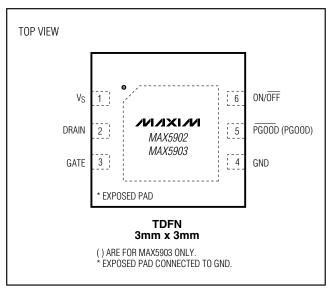
TDFN

PART	CIRCUIT-BREAKER FUNCTION	CIRCUIT-BREAKER THRESHOLD (mV)	POWER-GOOD OUTPUT LOGIC	TOP MARK
MAX5902NNETT+	None	None	Active-Low	AKH
MAX5902AAETT+	Autoretry	300	Active-Low	AKI
MAX5902ABETT+	Autoretry	400	Active-Low	AKJ
MAX5902ACETT+	Autoretry	500	Active-Low	AKK
MAX5902LAETT+	Latched	300	Active-Low	AKL
MAX5902LBETT+	Latched	400	Active-Low	AKM
MAX5902LCETT+	Latched	500	Active-Low	AKN
MAX5903NNETT+	None	None	Active-High	AKO
MAX5903AAETT+	Autoretry	300	Active-High	AKP
MAX5903ABETT+	Autoretry	400	Active-High	AKQ
MAX5903ACETT+	Autoretry	500	Active-High	AKR
MAX5903LAETT+	Latched	300	Active-High	AKS
MAX5903LBETT+	Latched	400	Active-High	AKT
MAX5903LCETT+	Latched	500	Active-High	AKU

+Denotes lead-free package.



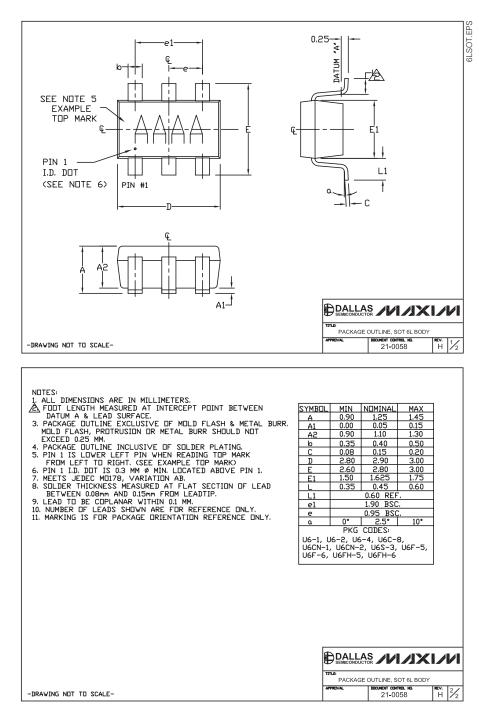
## Pin Configurations (continued)



## **Typical Operating Circuits (continued)**

## \_Package Information

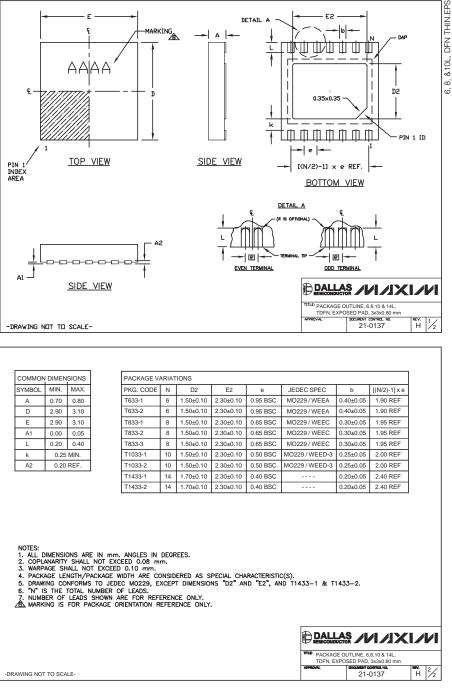
(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



MAX5902/MAX5903

## Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



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MAX5902AAETT+	T MAX5902AAEUT+	MAX5902ABETT+	MAX5902ABEUT+1	MAX5902ACETT+T
MAX5902ACEUT+T	MAX5902LAETT+T	MAX5902LAEUT+T	MAX5902LBETT+T	MAX5902LBEUT+T
MAX5902LCETT+T	MAX5902LCEUT+T	MAX5902NNETT+T	MAX5902NNEUT+T	MAX5903AAETT+T
MAX5903AAEUT+T	MAX5903ABETT+T	MAX5903ABEUT+T	MAX5903ACETT+T	MAX5903ACEUT+T
MAX5903LAEUT+T	MAX5903LBETT+T	MAX5903LBEUT+T	MAX5903LCETT+T	MAX5903LCEUT+T
MAX5903NNETT+T	MAX5903NNEUT+T	MAX5903LAETT+T	MAX5902AAEUT+	MAX5903NNEUT+