

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply voltage, V+ _____ 10.6V
 Differential input voltage range _____ -0.3V to V+ +0.3V
 Power dissipation _____ 600 mW
 Operating temperature range SAL, PAL packages _____ 0°C to +70°C
 DA package _____ -55°C to +125°C
 Storage temperature range _____ -65°C to +150°C
 Lead temperature, 10 seconds _____ +260°C

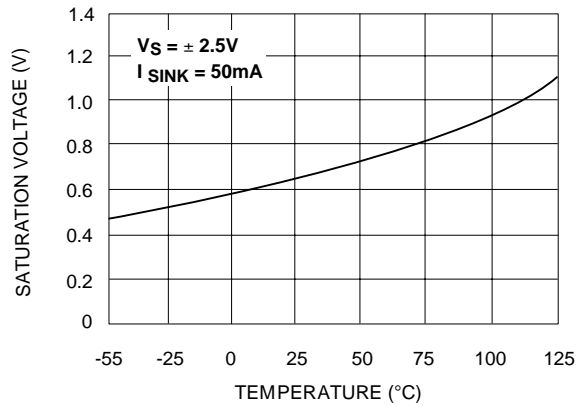
OPERATING ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS T_A = 25°C V+ = +5V unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	2302A			2302			Unit	Test Conditions
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Supply Voltage	V _S	±2		±5	±2		±5	V	Dual Supply Single Supply
	V+	4		10	4		10	V	
Supply Current	I _S		350	500		350	500	µA	R _{LOAD} = ∞
Voltage Gain	A _{VD}	10	100		10	100		V/mV	R _{LOAD} ≥ 15KΩ
Input Offset Voltage	V _{OS}		0.5	1.8 2.8		1.5	4.8 5.8	mV	R _{LOAD} = 1.5KΩ 0°C ≤ T _A ≤ 70°C
Input Offset Current ¹	I _{OS}		10	200 800		10	200 800	pA	
Input Bias Current ¹	I _B		10	200 1000		10	200 1000	pA	0°C ≤ T _A ≤ 70°C
Common Mode Input Voltage Range ²	V _{ICR}	-0.3		V+ -1.5	-0.3		V+ -1.5	V	0°C ≤ T _A ≤ 70°C
Low Level Output Voltage	V _{OL}		0.18	0.4		0.18	0.4	V	I _{SINK} = 12mA V _{INPUT} = 1V Differential
Low Level Output Current	I _{OL}	24	60		24	60		mA	V _{OL} = 1.0V
High Level Output Voltage	V _{OH}	3.5	4.5		3.5	4.5		V	I _{OH} = -2mA
Response Time ²	t _{RP}		400			400		ns	C _L = 15pF 100mV Input Step/20mV Overdrive
			180			180		ns	C _L = 15pF TTL- Level Input Step

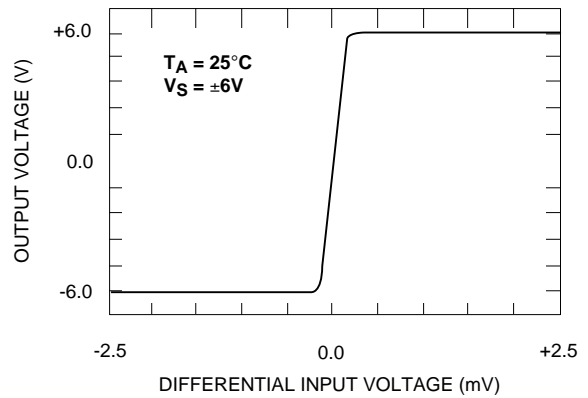
Notes: ¹ Consists of junction leakage currents
² Sample tested parameters

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

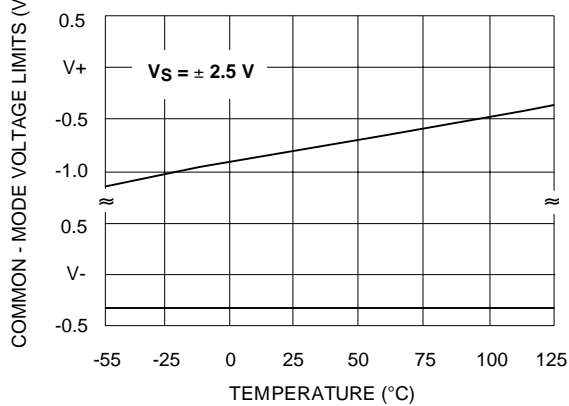
SATURATION VOLTAGE vs. TEMPERATURE



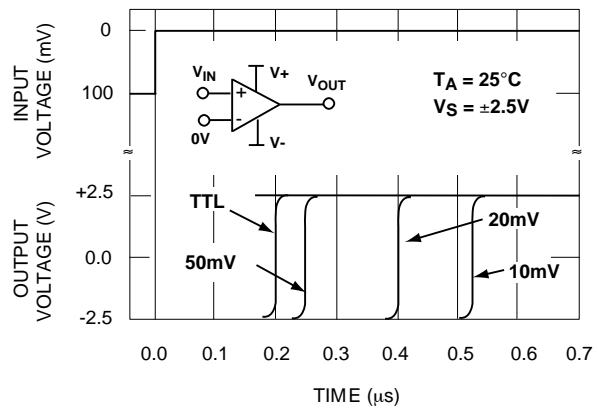
TRANSFER FUNCTION



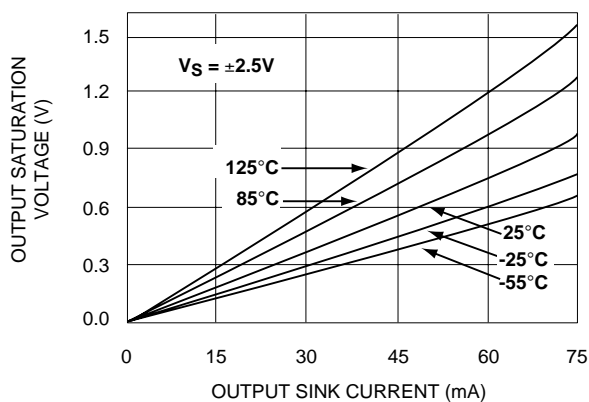
COMMON - MODE VOLTAGE REFERRED TO SUPPLY VOLTAGE



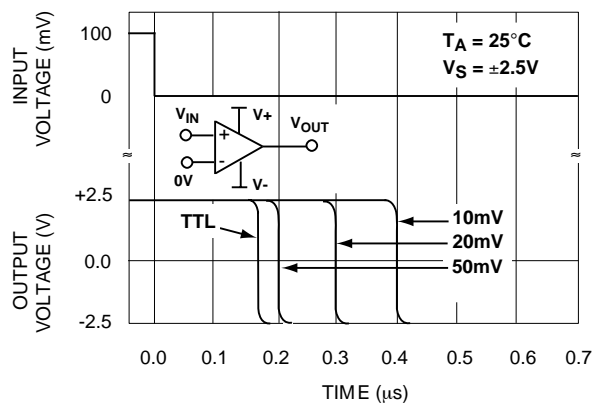
RESPONSE TIME FOR VARIOUS INPUT OVERDRIVES



SATURATION VOLTAGE vs. SINK CURRENT

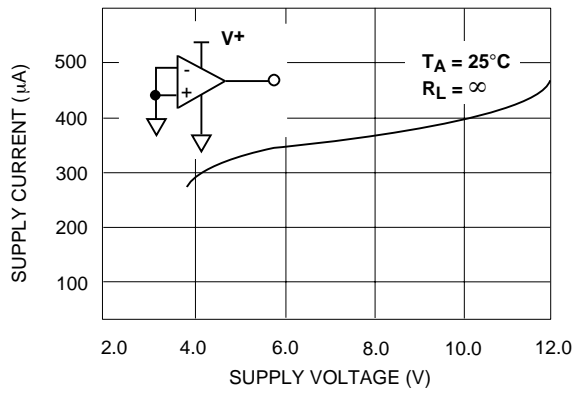


RESPONSE TIME FOR VARIOUS INPUT OVERDRIVES

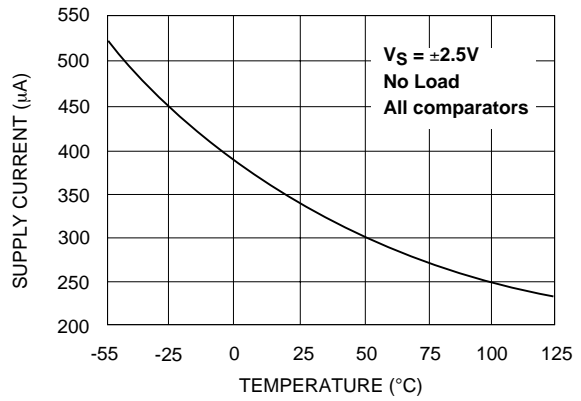


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (cont'd)

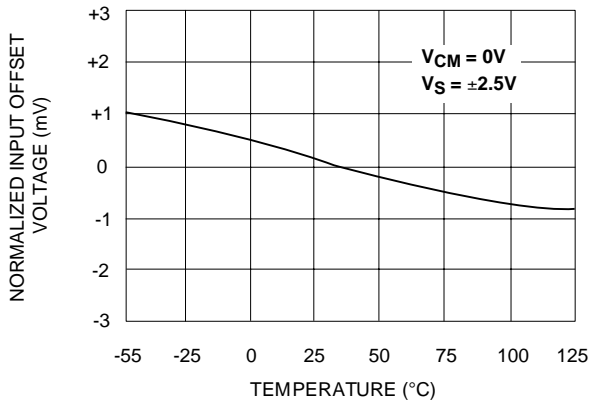
TOTAL SUPPLY CURRENT vs. TOTAL SUPPLY VOLTAGE



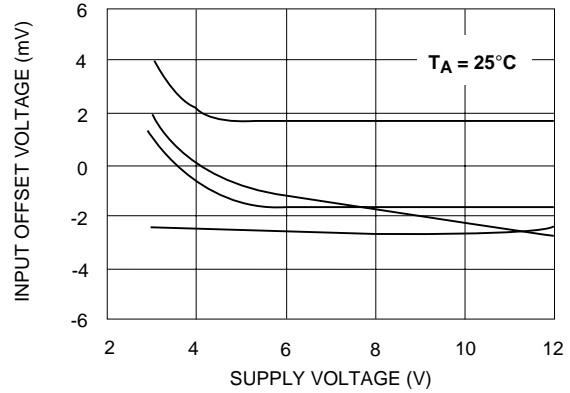
SUPPLY CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE



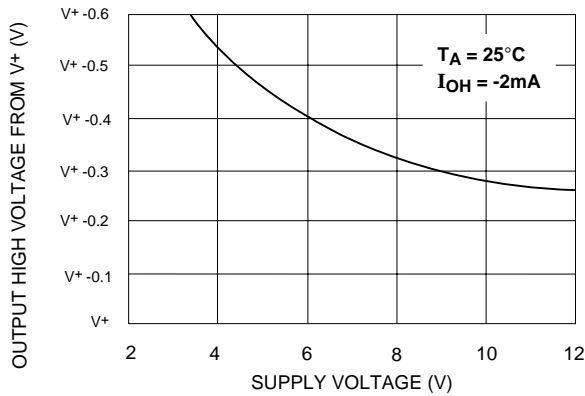
NORMALIZED INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE vs. TEMPERATURE



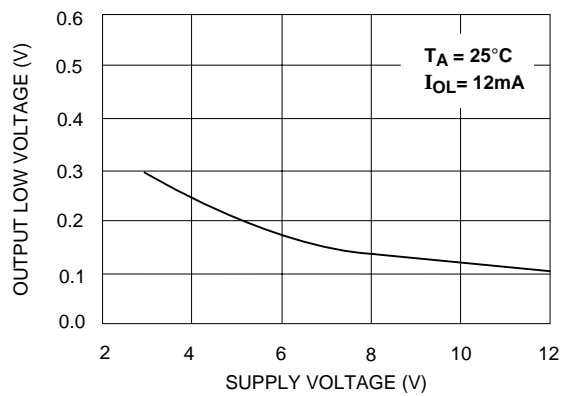
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES



OUTPUT HIGH VOLTAGE vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE

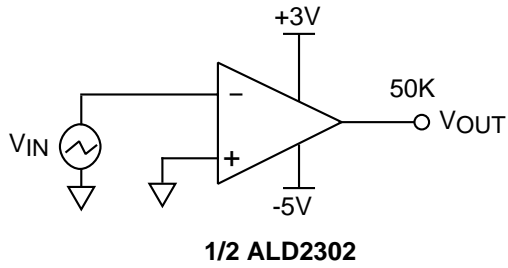


OUTPUT LOW VOLTAGE vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE

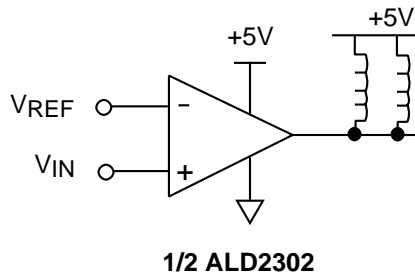


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

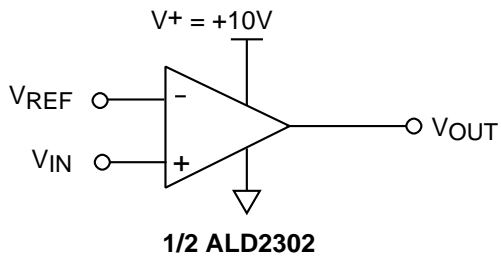
ZERO CROSSING DETECTOR



MULTIPLE RELAY DRIVE



VOLTAGE LEVEL TRANSLATOR

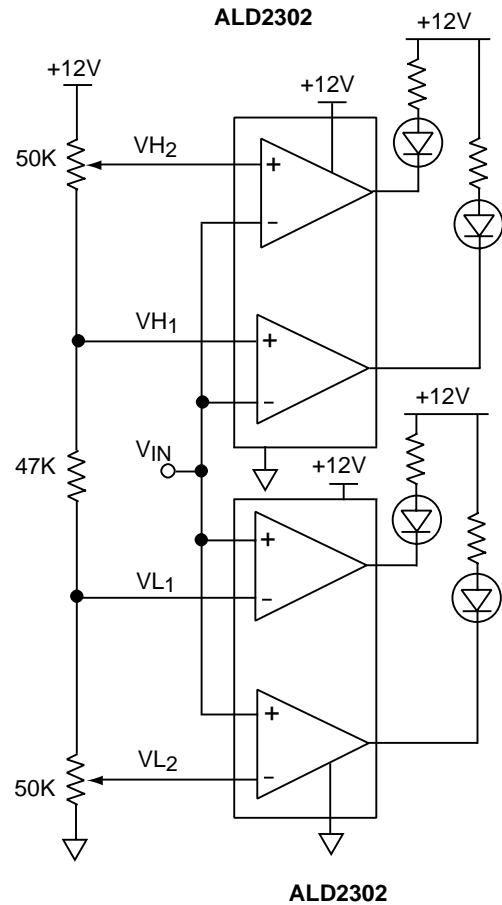


$V_{REF} = 1.4V$ for TTL input

$V_{REF} = \frac{V^+}{2}$ for CMOS input

Output V_{OUT} swings from rail-to-rail

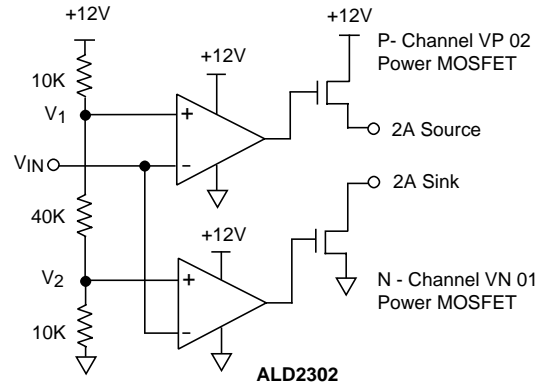
DOUBLE DUAL LIMIT WINDOW COMPARATOR



VL₁ and VH₁ first limit window send warning.
VL₂ and VH₂ second limit window execute system cutoff.

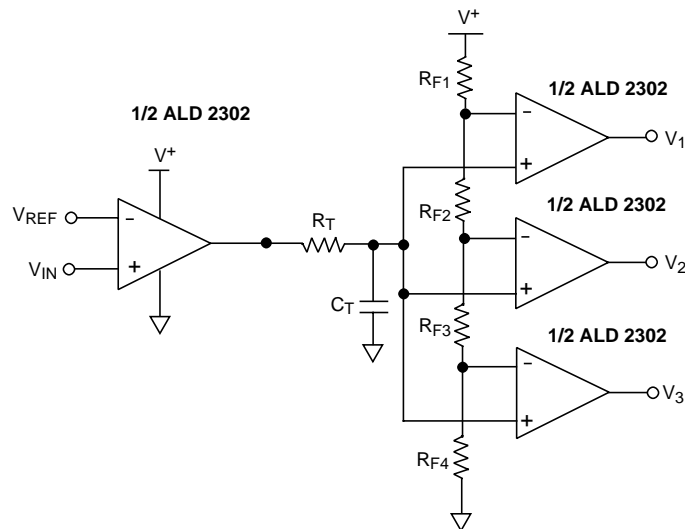
TYPICAL APPLICATIONS (cont'd)

PUSH-PULL COMPLEMENTARY POWER MOSFET DRIVER



This circuit eliminates crossover current in the complementary power transistors. The outputs can be used to source and sink different loads or tied together to provide push-pull drive of the same load.

TIME DELAY GENERATOR

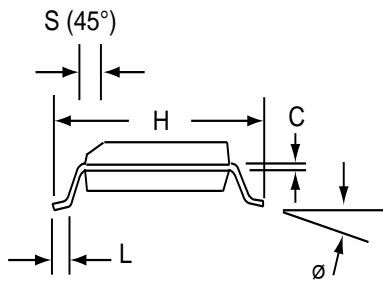
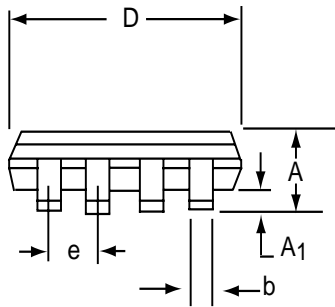
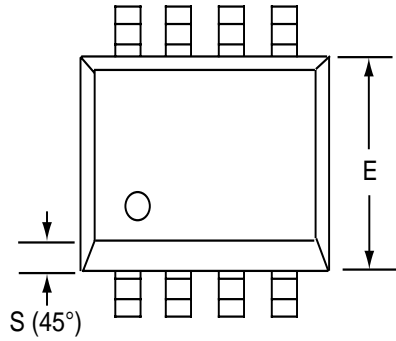


Design & Operating Notes:

1. As each output sources up to 10mA in the output high state, the output stage of a wired - OR low output circuit must be able to sink this current and still provide desired output voltage levels. For TTL output levels, this consideration limits the number to a maximum of three ALD2302 outputs wired-OR together.
2. In order to minimize stray oscillation, all unused inputs must be tied to ground.
3. The input bias and offset currents are essentially input protection diode reverse bias leakage currents, and are typically less than 1pA at room temperature. The currents are a function of ambient temperature, and would have to be considered in applications where very high source impedance or high accuracy are involved.
4. The high output sinking current of 60mA for each output offers flexibility in many applications, as a separate buffer or driver would not be necessary to drive the intended load. However, as the circuit normally operates close to ambient temperature due to its very low power consumption, thermal effects caused by large output current transients must be considered in certain applications.

SOIC-8 PACKAGE DRAWING

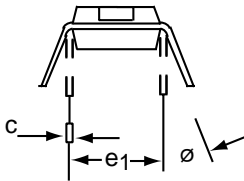
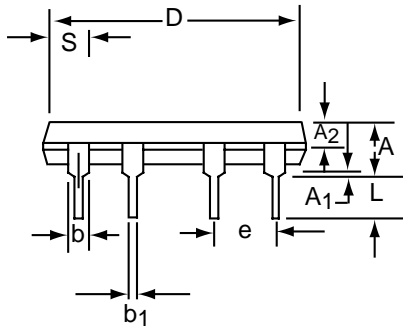
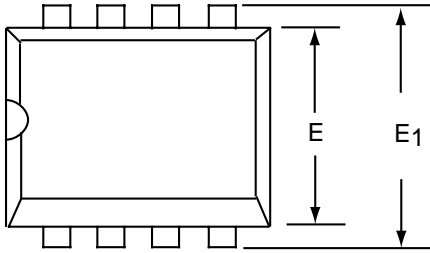
8 Pin Plastic SOIC Package



Dim	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
A ₁	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
b	0.35	0.45	0.014	0.018
C	0.18	0.25	0.007	0.010
D-8	4.69	5.00	0.185	0.196
E	3.50	4.05	0.140	0.160
e	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
H	5.70	6.30	0.224	0.248
L	0.60	0.937	0.024	0.037
Ø	0°	8°	0°	8°
S	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020

PDIP-8 PACKAGE DRAWING

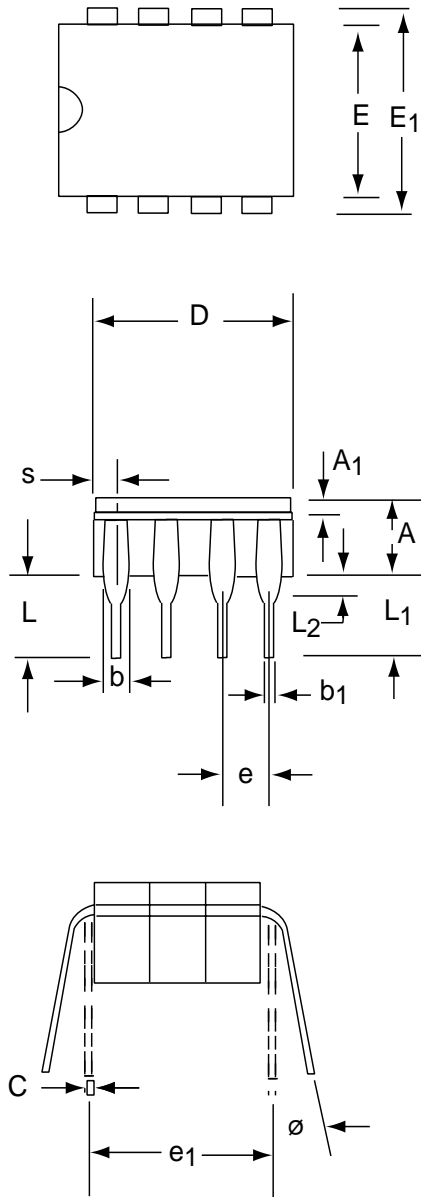
8 Pin Plastic DIP Package



Dim	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	3.81	5.08	0.105	0.200
A ₁	0.38	1.27	0.015	0.050
A ₂	1.27	2.03	0.050	0.080
b	0.89	1.65	0.035	0.065
b ₁	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020
c	0.20	0.30	0.008	0.012
D-8	9.40	11.68	0.370	0.460
E	5.59	7.11	0.220	0.280
E ₁	7.62	8.26	0.300	0.325
e	2.29	2.79	0.090	0.110
e ₁	7.37	7.87	0.290	0.310
L	2.79	3.81	0.110	0.150
S-8	1.02	2.03	0.040	0.080
∅	0°	15°	0°	15°

CERDIP-8 PACKAGE DRAWING

8 Pin CERDIP Package



Dim	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	3.55	5.08	0.140	0.200
A₁	1.27	2.16	0.050	0.085
b	0.97	1.65	0.038	0.065
b₁	0.36	0.58	0.014	0.023
C	0.20	0.38	0.008	0.015
D-8	--	10.29	--	0.405
E	5.59	7.87	0.220	0.310
E₁	7.73	8.26	0.290	0.325
e	2.54 BSC		0.100 BSC	
e₁	7.62 BSC		0.300 BSC	
L	3.81	5.08	0.150	0.200
L₁	3.18	--	0.125	--
L₂	0.38	1.78	0.015	0.070
S	--	2.49	--	0.098
∅	0°	15°	0°	15°

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