### **GreenChip SMPS control IC**

- Adjustable soft start operation
- Two protection inputs (e.g. for input UVP and OVP, OTP and output OVP)
- IC overtemperature protection

### 3. Applications

All applications requiring efficient and cost-effective power supply solutions up to 75 W.

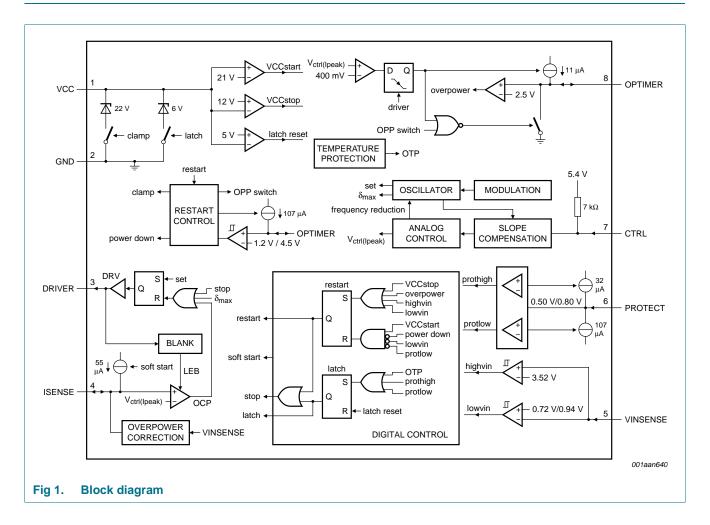
### 4. Ordering information

#### Table 1. Ordering information

Type number	Package		
	Name	Description	Version
TEA1733T	SO8	plastic small outline package; 8 leads; body width 3.9 mm	SOT96-1

#### **GreenChip SMPS control IC**

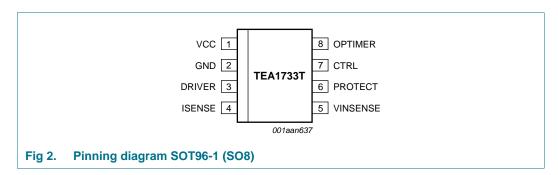
### 5. Block diagram



GreenChip SMPS control IC

### 6. Pinning information

### 6.1 Pinning



### 6.2 Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

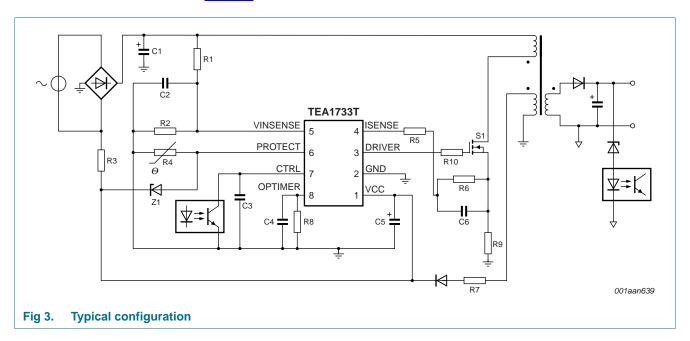
Symbol	Pin	Description
VCC	1	supply voltage
GND	2	ground
DRIVER	3	gate driver output
ISENSE	4	current sense input
VINSENSE	5	input voltage protection input
PROTECT	6	general purpose protection input
CTRL	7	control input
OPTIMER	8	overpower and restart timer

**GreenChip SMPS control IC** 

### 7. Functional description

#### 7.1 General control

The TEA1733T contains a flyback circuit controller, a typical configuration of which is shown in Figure 3.



### 7.2 Start-up and UnderVoltage LockOut (UVLO)

Initially, the capacitor on the VCC pin is charged from the high voltage mains via resistor R3.

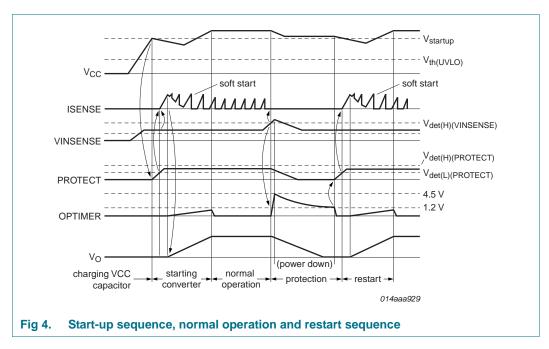
If  $V_{CC}$  is lower than  $V_{startup}$ , the IC current consumption is low (typically 10  $\mu$ A). When  $V_{CC}$  reaches  $V_{startup}$ , the IC first waits for the VINSENSE pin to reach the  $V_{start(VINSENSE)}$  voltage and PROTECT pin to reach the  $V_{det(L)(PROTECT)}$  voltage. When both levels are reached, the IC charges the ISENSE pin to the  $V_{start(soft)}$  level and starts switching. In a typical application, the supply voltage is taken over by the auxiliary winding of the transformer.

If a protection is triggered the controller stops switching. Depending on the protection triggered, the protection causes a restart or latches the converter to an off-state.

A restart caused by a protection rapidly charges the OPTIMER pin to 4.5 V (typical). The TEA1733T enters Power-down mode until the OPTIMER pin discharges down to 1.2 V (typical). In Power-down mode, the IC consumes a very low supply current (10  $\mu$ A typical) and the VCC pin is clamped at 22 V (typical) by an internal clamp circuit. When the voltage on pin OPTIMER drops below 1.2 V (typical) and the VCC pin voltage is above the VCC start-up voltage (See Figure 4), the IC restarts.

When a latched protection is triggered, the TEA1733T immediately enters Power-down mode. The VCC pin is clamped to a voltage just above the latch protection reset voltage  $(V_{rst(latch)} + 1 V)$ .

#### **GreenChip SMPS control IC**



When the voltage on pin VCC drops below the  $V_{th(UVLO)}$  level during normal operation, the controller stops switching and enters Restart mode. In Restart mode, the driver output is disabled and the VCC pin voltage is recharged via resistor R3 to the rectified mains.

### 7.3 Supply management

All internal reference voltages are derived from a temperature compensated on-chip band gap circuit. Internal reference currents are derived from a trimmed and temperature compensated current reference circuit.

#### 7.4 Input voltage detection (VINSENSE pin)

In a typical application the mains input voltage can be detected by the VINSENSE pin. Switching will not take place until the voltage on VINSENSE has reached the  $V_{\text{start}(\text{VINSENSE})}$  voltage (typically 0.94 V).

When the VINSENSE voltage drops below  $V_{det(L)(VINSENSE)}$  (typically 0.72 V) or exceeds  $V_{det(H)(VINSENSE)}$  (typically 3.52 V), the converter stops switching and performs a restart.

If pin VINSENSE is left open or disconnected, the pin is pulled up by the internal 20 nA (typical) current source to reach the  $V_{\text{det(H)(VINSENSE)}}$  level. This triggers restart protection.

An internal clamp of 5.2 V (typical) protects this pin from overvoltages.

#### 7.5 Protection input (PROTECT PIN)

Pin PROTECT is a general purpose input pin, which can be used to switch off the converter (latched protection). The converter is stopped when the voltage on this pin is pulled above  $V_{\text{det}(H)(PROTECT)}$  (typically 0.8 V) or below  $V_{\text{det}(L)(PROTECT)}$  (typically 0.5 V). A current of 32  $\mu A$  (typical) flows out of the chip when the pin voltage is at the  $V_{\text{det}(L)(PROTECT)}$  level. A current of 107  $\mu A$  (typical) flows into the chip when the pin voltage is at the  $V_{\text{det}(H)(PROTECT)}$  level.

#### **GreenChip SMPS control IC**

The PROTECT input can be used to create overvoltage detection and OTP functions.

A small capacitor can be connected to the pin if the protections on this pin are not used.

An internal clamp of 4.1 V (typical) protects this pin from overvoltages.

#### 7.6 Duty cycle control (CTRL pin)

The output power of the converter is regulated by the CTRL pin. This pin is connected to an internal 5.4 V supply using an internal 7  $k\Omega$  resistor.

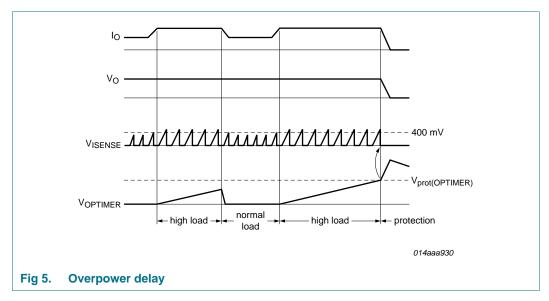
The CTRL pin voltage sets the peak current which is measured using the ISENSE pin (see Section 7.10). At a low output power the switching frequency is also reduced (see Section 7.12). The maximum duty cycle is limited to 72 % (typical).

### 7.7 Slope compensation (CTRL pin)

A slope compensation circuit is integrated in the IC for CCM. Slope compensation guarantees stable operation for duty cycles greater than 50 %.

### 7.8 Overpower timer (OPTIMER pin)

If the OPTIMER pin is connected to capacitor C4 (see <u>Figure 3</u>), a temporary overload situation is allowed.  $V_{ctrl(lpeak)}$  (see <u>Figure 1</u>) is set by the CTRL. When  $V_{ctrl(lpeak)}$  is above 400 mV, the  $I_{IO(OPTIMER)}$  current (11  $\mu$ A typical) is sourced from the OPTIMER pin. If the voltage on the OPTIMER pin reaches the  $V_{prot(OPTIMER)}$  voltage (2.5 V typical) the OverPower Protection (OPP) is triggered (see <u>Figure 5</u>).



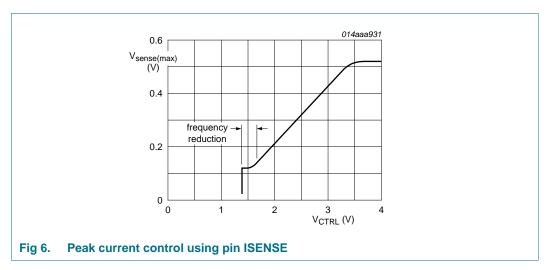
When the  $V_{\text{prot}(\text{OPTIMER})}$  voltage is reached the device restarts. If the overload is removed before the  $V_{\text{prot}(\text{OPTIMER})}$  voltage is reached, the converter will continue switching.

#### **GreenChip SMPS control IC**

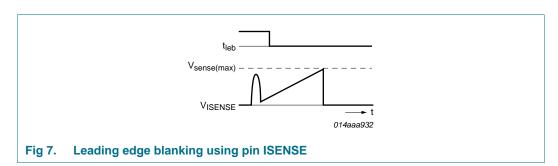
### 7.9 Current mode control (ISENSE pin)

Current mode control is used for its good line regulation.

The primary current is sensed by the ISENSE pin across an external resistor R9 (see <u>Figure 3</u>) and compared with an internal reference voltage. The internal reference voltage is proportional to the CTRL pin voltage (see <u>Figure 6</u>).



Leading edge blanking prevents false triggering due to capacitive discharge when switching on the external power switch (see Figure 7).

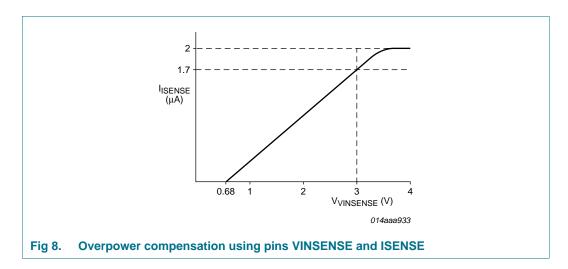


# 7.10 Overpower or high/low line compensation (VINSENSE and ISENSE pins)

The overpower compensation function can be used to realize a maximum output power which is nearly constant over the full input mains.

The overpower compensation circuit measures the input voltage on the VINSENSE pin and outputs a proportionally dependent current on the ISENSE pin. The DC voltage across the soft start resistor limits the maximum peak current on the current sense resistor.

At low output power levels the overpower compensation circuit is switched off (See Figure 8).



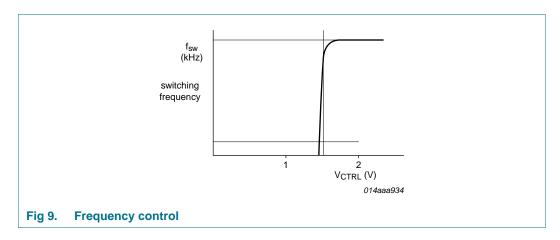
### 7.11 Soft start-up (ISENSE pin)

To prevent audible noise during start-up or a restart condition, a soft start is made. Before the converter starts, the soft start capacitor C6 (see <u>Figure 3</u>) on the ISENSE pin is charged. When the converter starts switching, the primary peak current slowly increases as the soft start capacitor discharges through the soft start resistor (R6, see <u>Figure 3</u>).

The soft start time constant is set by the soft start capacitor value chosen. The soft start resistor value must also be taken into account, but this value is typically defined by the overpower compensation (see <u>Section 7.10</u>).

#### 7.12 Low power operation

In low power operation switching losses are reduced by lowering the switching frequency. The converter switching frequency is reduced and the peak current is set to 25 % of the maximum peak current (see Figure 6 and Figure 9).



#### 7.13 Driver (DRIVER pin)

The driver circuit to the gate of the power MOSFET has a current sourcing capability of typically –300 mA and a current sink capability of typically 750 mA. This allows for a fast turn-on and turn-off of the power MOSFET for efficient operation.

#### **GreenChip SMPS control IC**

### 7.14 OverTemperature Protection (OTP)

Integrated overtemperature protection ensures the IC stops switching if the junction temperature exceeds the thermal temperature shutdown limit.

OTP is a latched protection and it can be reset by removing the voltage on pin VCC.

### 8. Limiting values

Table 3. Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
Voltages					
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage	continuous	-0.4	+30	V
		t < 100 ms	-	35	V
V <sub>VINSENSE</sub>	voltage on pin VINSENSE	current limited	-0.4	+5.5	V
V <sub>PROTECT</sub>	voltage on pin PROTECT	current limited	-0.4	+5	V
V <sub>CTRL</sub>	voltage on pin CTRL		-0.4	+5.5	V
V <sub>IO(OPTIMER)</sub>	input/output voltage on pin OPTIMER		-0.4	+5	V
V <sub>ISENSE</sub>	voltage on pin ISENSE	current limited	-0.4	+5	V
Currents					
I <sub>cc</sub>	current on pin VCC	δ < 10 %	-	+0.4	Α
I <sub>I(VINSENSE)</sub>	input current on pin VINSENSE		-1	+1	mA
I <sub>I(PROTECT)</sub>	input current on pin PROTECT		-1	+1	mA
I <sub>CTRL</sub>	current on pin CTRL		-3	0	mΑ
I <sub>ISENSE</sub>	current on pin ISENSE		-10	+1	mΑ
I <sub>DRIVER</sub>	current on pin DRIVER	δ < 10 %	-0.4	+1	Α
General					
P <sub>tot</sub>	total power dissipation	T <sub>amb</sub> < 75 °C	-	0.5	W
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-55	+150	°C
Tj	junction temperature		-40	+150	°C
ESD					
V <sub>ESD</sub>	electrostatic discharge	class 1			
	voltage	human body model	[1] -	4000	V
		machine model	[2] _	300	V
		charged device model	-	750	V

<sup>[1]</sup> Equivalent to discharging a 100 pF capacitor through a 1.5  $k\Omega$  series resistor.

<sup>[2]</sup> Equivalent to discharging a 200 pF capacitor through a 0.75  $\mu$ H coil and a 10  $\Omega$  resistor.

### GreenChip SMPS control IC

### 9. Thermal characteristics

Table 4. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Тур	Unit
$R_{th(j-a)}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	in free air; JEDEC test board	150	K/W
R <sub>th(j-c)</sub>	thermal resistance from junction to case	in free air; JEDEC test board	79	K/W

### 10. Characteristics

 Table 5.
 Characteristics

 $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C;  $V_{CC}$  = 20 V; all voltages are measured with respect to ground (pin 2); currents are positive when flowing into the IC; unless otherwise specified.

Supply voltage m V <sub>startup</sub>	nanagement (pin VCC)						
V <sub>startup</sub>	0 (1 /						
otartap	start-up voltage			18.6	20.6	22.6	V
$V_{th(UVLO)}$	undervoltage lockout threshold voltage			11.2	12.2	13.2	V
V <sub>clamp(VCC)</sub>	clamp voltage on pin	activated during restart		-	V <sub>startup</sub> + 1	-	V
	VCC	activated during latched protection		-	$V_{rst(latch)} + 1$	-	V
$V_{hys}$	hysteresis voltage	$V_{startup} - V_{th(UVLO)}$		8	9	10	V
I <sub>CC(startup)</sub>	start-up supply current	V <sub>CC</sub> < V <sub>startup</sub>		5	10	15	μΑ
I <sub>CC(oper)</sub>	operating supply current	no load on pin DRIVER		0.4	0.5	0.6	mA
V <sub>rst(latch)</sub>	latched reset voltage			4	5	6	V
Input voltage ser	sing (pin VINSENSE)						
V <sub>start(VINSENSE)</sub>	start voltage on pin VINSENSE	detection level		0.89	0.94	0.99	V
$V_{\text{det(L)(VINSENSE)}}$	LOW-level detection voltage on pin VINSENSE			0.68	0.72	0.76	V
$V_{\text{det(H)}(VINSENSE)}$	HIGH-level detection voltage on pin VINSENSE			3.39	3.52	3.65	V
I <sub>O(VINSENSE)</sub>	output current on pin VINSENSE			-	-20	-	nA
V <sub>clamp(VINSENSE)</sub>	clamp voltage on pin VINSENSE	$I_{I(VINSENSE)} = 50 \mu A$		-	5.2	-	V
Protection input	(pin PROTECT)						
$V_{\text{det(L)}(PROTECT)}$	LOW-level detection voltage on pin PROTECT			0.47	0.50	0.53	V
V <sub>det(H)(PROTECT)</sub>	HIGH-level detection voltage on pin PROTECT			0.75	0.8	0.85	V
I <sub>O(PROTECT)</sub>	output current on pin	$V_{PROTECT} = V_{low(PROTECT)}$		-34	-32	-30	μΑ
	PROTECT	$V_{PROTECT} = V_{high(PROTECT)}$		87	107	127	μΑ
V <sub>clamp(PROTECT)</sub>	clamp voltage on pin PROTECT	$I_{I(PROTECT)} = 200 \mu A$	[1]	3.5	4.1	4.7	V
Peak current con	trol (pin CTRL)						
$V_{CTRL}$	voltage on pin CTRL	for minimum flyback peak current		1.5	1.8	2.1	V
		for maximum flyback peak current		3.4	3.9	4.3	V
R <sub>int(CTRL)</sub>	internal resistance on pin CTRL			5	7	9	kΩ

### GreenChip SMPS control IC

 Table 5.
 Characteristics ...continued

 $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C;  $V_{CC}$  = 20 V; all voltages are measured with respect to ground (pin 2); currents are positive when flowing into the IC; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I <sub>O(CTRL)</sub>	output current on pin	$V_{CTRL} = 1.4 V$	-0.7	-0.5	-0.3	mA
	CTRL	$V_{CTRL} = 3.7 V$	-0.28	-0.2	-0.12	mA
Pulse width mod	dulator					
f <sub>osc</sub>	oscillator frequency		62	66.5	71	kHz
f <sub>mod</sub>	modulation frequency		210	280	350	Hz
$\Delta f_{mod}$	modulation frequency variation		± 3	± 4	± 5	kHz
$\delta_{\sf max}$	maximum duty cycle		68.5	72	79	%
V <sub>start(red)f</sub>	frequency reduction start voltage	pin CTRL	1.5	1.8	2.1	V
$V_{\delta(zero)}$	zero duty cycle voltage	pin CTRL	1.25	1.55	1.85	V
Overpower prote	ection (pin OPTIMER)					
$V_{prot(OPTIMER)}$	protection voltage on pin OPTIMER		2.4	2.5	2.6	V
I <sub>prot(OPTIMER)</sub>	protection current on pin	no overpower situation	100	150	200	μΑ
	OPTIMER	overpower situation	-12.2	-10.7	-9.2	μΑ
Restart timer (pi	n OPTIMER)					
V <sub>restart(OPTIMER)</sub>	restart voltage on pin	low level	0.8	1.2	1.6	V
0	OPTIMER	high level	4.1	4.5	4.9	V
restart(OPTIMER) restart current on pin OPTIMER	charging OPTIMER capacitor	-127	-107	-87	μΑ	
		discharging OPTIMER capacitor	-0.1	0	0.1	μΑ
Current sense (p	oin ISENSE)					
V <sub>sense(max)</sub>	maximum sense voltage	$\Delta V/\Delta t = 50 \text{ mV/}\mu\text{s};$ $V_{VINSENSE} = 0.78 \text{ V}$	0.48	0.51	0.54	V
		$\Delta V/\Delta t = 200 \text{ mV/}\mu\text{s};$ $V_{\text{VINSENSE}} = 0.78 \text{ V}$	0.50	0.53	0.56	V
V <sub>th(sense)opp</sub>	overpower protection sense threshold voltage		370	400	430	mV
$\Delta V_{ISENSE}/\Delta t$	slope compensation voltage on pin ISENSE	$\Delta V/\Delta t = 50 \text{ mV/}\mu\text{s}$	17	25	33	mV/μs
t <sub>leb</sub>	leading edge blanking time		250	300	350	ns
Overpower com	pensation (pin VINSENSE	and pin ISENSE)				
I <sub>opc(ISENSE)</sub>	overpower compensation current on	V <sub>VINSENSE</sub> = 1 V; V <sub>sense(max)</sub> > 400 mV	-	0.28	-	μΑ
pin ISENSE		V <sub>VINSENSE</sub> =3 V; V <sub>sense(max)</sub> > 400 mV	-	1.7	-	μΑ
Soft start (pin IS	ENSE)					
I <sub>start(soft)</sub>	soft start current		-63	-55	<b>-47</b>	μΑ
V <sub>start(soft)</sub>	soft start voltage	V <sub>CTRL</sub> = 4 V; enable voltage	-	V <sub>sense(max)</sub>	-	V
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#### **GreenChip SMPS control IC**

Table 5. Characteristics ... continued

 $T_{amb} = 25$  °C;  $V_{CC} = 20$  V; all voltages are measured with respect to ground (pin 2); currents are positive when flowing into the IC; unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
R <sub>start(soft)</sub>	soft start resistance		12	-	-	$k\Omega$
Driver (pin DRIVE	ER)					
I <sub>source(DRIVER)</sub>	source current on pin DRIVER	$V_{DRIVER} = 2 V$	-	-0.3	-0.25	Α
I <sub>sink(DRIVER)</sub>	sink current on pin	V <sub>DRIVER</sub> = 2 V	0.25	0.3	-	Α
DRIVER	DRIVER	V <sub>DRIVER</sub> = 10 V	0.6	0.75	-	Α
V <sub>O(DRIVER)max</sub>	maximum output voltage on pin DRIVER		9	10.5	12	V
Temperature pro	tection					
T <sub>pl(IC)</sub>	IC protection level temperature		130	140	150	°C

<sup>[1]</sup> The clamp voltage on the PROTECT pin is lowered when the IC is in power-down (latched or restart protection).

### 11. Application information

A power supply with the TEA1733T is a flyback converter operating in Continuous conduction mode (See Figure 10).

Capacitor C5 buffers the IC supply voltage, which is powered via resistor R3 at start-up and via the auxiliary winding during normal operation. Sense resistor R9 converts the current through the MOSFET S1 into a voltage on pin ISENSE. The value of R9 defines the maximum primary peak current on MOSFET S1. Resistor R7 reduces the peak current to capacitor C5.

In the example shown in Figure 10, the PROTECT pin is used for OVP and OTP. The OVP level is set by diode Z1 to  $V_{CC}$  = 25.8 V. The OTP level is set by Negative Temperature Coefficient (NTC) resistor R4. The VINSENSE pin is used for mains voltage detection and resistors R1 and R2 set the start voltage to about 80 V (AC). The overpower protection time is defined by capacitor C4 is set at 60 ms.

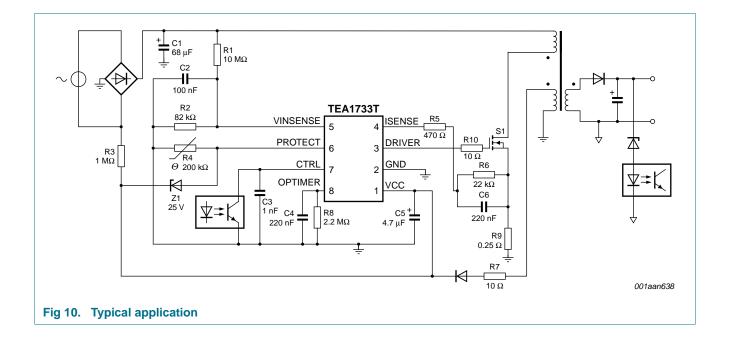
The restart time is defined by capacitor C4 and resistor R8 at 0.5 s.

Resistor R6 and capacitor C6 define the soft start time. Resistor R5 prevents the soft start capacitor C6 from being charged during normal operation caused by negative voltage spikes across the current sense resistor R9.

Capacitor C3 reduces noise on the CTRL pin.

See the application note for more information (Ref. 1).

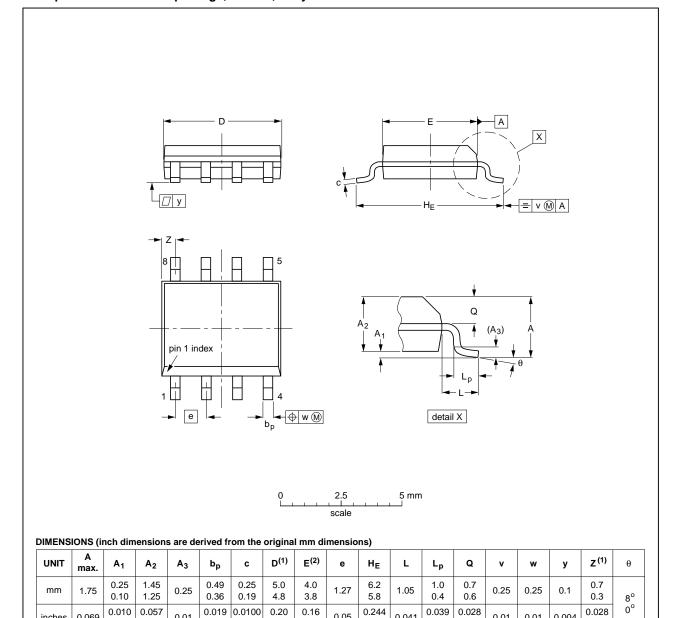
### **GreenChip SMPS control IC**



### 12. Package outline

#### SO8: plastic small outline package; 8 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT96-1



inches

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm (0.006 inch) maximum per side are not included.

0.019 0.0100

0.014 0.0075

0.20

0.19

0.16

0.15

2. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm (0.01 inch) maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE	REFERENCES			EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE	
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT96-1	076E03	MS-012				<del>99-12-27</del> 03-02-18

0.05

0.244

0.228

0.041

0.039

0.016

0.028

0.024

Fig 11. Package outline SOT96-1 (SO8)

0.010

0.004

0.069

0.057

0.049

0.01

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0.028

0.004

0.01

0.01

GreenChip SMPS control IC

### 13. References

[1] AN10868 — GreenChip TEA1733 series fixed frequency flyback controller

### GreenChip SMPS control IC

### 14. Revision history

#### Table 6. Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
TEA1733T v.7	20130711	Product data sheet	-	TEA1733T v.6
Modifications:	Section 11	"Application information" has	been updated.	
	<ul> <li>Section 13</li> </ul>	"References" has been adde	ed.	
TEA1733T v.6	20110126	Product data sheet	-	TEA1733T_LT_P v.5
TEA1733T_LT_P v.5	20101119	Product data sheet	-	TEA1733T_LT_P v.4
TEA1733T_LT_P v.4	20100823	Product data sheet	-	TEA1733T_LT_P_LP v.3
TEA1733T_LT_P_LP v.3	20100520	Product data sheet	-	TEA1733T_TEA1733LT v.2
TEA1733T_TEA1733LT v.2	20100326	Product data sheet	-	TEA1733T_TEA1733LT v.1
TEA1733T_TEA1733LT v.1	20091026	Objective data sheet	-	-

#### **GreenChip SMPS control IC**

### 15. Legal information

#### 15.1 Data sheet status

Document status[1][2]	Product status[3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions"
- [3] The product status of device(s) described in this document may have changed since this document was published and may differ in case of multiple devices. The latest product status information is available on the Internet at URL <a href="http://www.nxp.com">http://www.nxp.com</a>.

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### GreenChip SMPS control IC

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