

CY7C130, CY7C130A CY7C131, CY7C131A

Contents

Pin Configurations	3
Pin Definitions	4
Selection Guide	4
Maximum Ratings	5
Operating Range	
Electrical Characteristics	
Capacitance	6
Switching Characteristics	
Switching Characteristics	9
Switching Waveforms	
Typical DC and AC Characteristics	

Ordering Information	
Ordering Code Definitions	17
Package Diagrams	
Acronyms	20
Document Conventions	
Units of Measure	
Document History Page	
Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information	
Worldwide Sales and Design Support	
Products	
PSoC Solutions	22



Pin Configurations

Figure 1. Pin Diagram - DIP (Top View)

CEL 1 R/WL 2 BUSYL 3 INTL 4 OEL 5 AOL 6 A1L 7 A2L 8 A3L 9 A4L 10 A5L 11 A6L 12 NOL 13 A7L 13 VOL 14 A9L 15 VOL 17 VO2L 18 VO3L 21 VO3L 22 VO7L 23 GND 24	
--	--

Figure 2. Pin Diagram - PLCC (Top View)

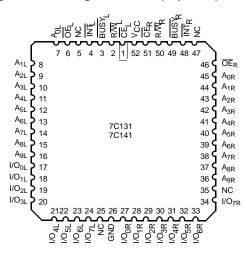
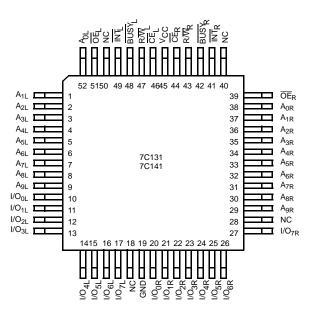


Figure 3. Pin Diagram - PQFP (Top View)





Pin Definitions

Left Port	Right Port	Description
CEL	CE _R	Chip enable
R/WL	R/WR	Read/write enable
OEL	OE _R	Output enable
A _{0L} -A _{11/12L}	A _{0R} -A _{11/12R}	Address
I/O _{0L} -I/O _{15/17L}	I/O _{0R} -I/O _{15/17R}	Data bus input/output
INTL	INT _R	Interrupt flag
BUSYL	BUSY _R	Busy flag
V _{CC}		Power
GND		Ground

Selection Guide

Paramete	er	7C131-15 ^[4] 7C131A-15 7C141-15	7C131-25 ^[4] 7C141-25	7C130-30 7C130A-30 7C131-30 7C140-30 7C141-30	7C130-35 7C131-35 7C140-35 7C141-35	7C130-45 7C131-45 7C140-45 7C141-45	7C130-55 7C131-55 7C140-55 7C141-55	Unit
Maximum access time		15	25	30	35	45	55	ns
Maximum operating current	Commercial/ Industrial	190	170	170	120	120	110	mA
Maximum standby current	Commercial/ Industrial	75	65	65	45	45	35	mA

Shaded areas contain preliminary information.

Note 4. 15 and 25 ns version available only in PLCC/PQFP packages.



Maximum Ratings^[5]

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature65 °C to +150 °C
Ambient temperature with power applied55 °C to +125 °C
Supply voltage to ground potential (pin 48 to pin 24)0.5 V to +7.0 V
DC voltage applied to outputs in high Z State0.5 V to +7.0 V

DC input voltage-3.5 V to +7.0 V Output current into outputs (LOW) 20 mA Static discharge voltage..... > 2001 V (per MIL-STD-883, method 3015) Latch-up current > 200 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	V _{CC}
Commercial	0 °C to +70 °C	5 V ± 10%
Industrial	–40 °C to +85 °C	5 V ± 10%
Military ^[6]	–55 °C to +125 °C	5 V ± 10%

Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range^[7]

Parameter	Description			7C13	1-15 ^[4] 1A-15 41-15	7C13 7C13 7C13	0-30 ^[4] 0A-30 1-25,30 40-30 1-25,30	7C13 ² 7C140	D-35,45 1-35,45 D-35,45 1-35,45	7C1 7C1	30-55 31-55 40-55 41-55	Unit
				Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
V _{OH}	Output HIGH voltage	$V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = -4.0$	0 mA	2.4	-	2.4	—	2.4	—	2.4	-	V
V _{OL}	Output LOW voltage	I _{OL} = 4.0 mA		-	0.4	-	0.4	-	0.4	Ι	0.4	V
		l _{OL} = 16.0 mA ^[8]		-	0.5		0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	V
V _{IH}	Input HIGH voltage			2.2	-	2.2	—	2.2	—	2.2	_	V
V _{IL}	Input LOW voltage			—	0.8	—	0.8	-	0.8	Ι	0.8	V
I _{IX}	Input leakage current	GND <u><</u> V _I ≤ V _{CC}		-5	+5	-5	+5	-5	+5	-5	+5	μA
I _{OZ}	Output leakage current	GND <u><</u> V _O <u><</u> V _{CC} , ou	tput disabled	-5	+5	-5	+5	-5	+5	-5	+5	μA
I _{OS}	Output short circuit current ^[9, 10]	V _{CC} = Max, V _{OUT} = GND		-	-350	-	-350	-	-350	-	-350	mA
I _{CC}	V _{CC} operating supply current	$CE = V_{IL}$, outputs open, f = $f_{MAX}^{[11]}$	Commercial	_	190	_	170	_	120	-	110	mA
I _{SB1}	Standby current both ports, TTL inputs	$\begin{array}{l} CE_{L} \text{ and } CE_{R} \geq V_{IH}, \\ f = f_{MAX}^{[11]} \end{array}$	Commercial	_	75	_	65	_	45	-	35	mA
I _{SB2}	Standby current one port, TTL inputs	$CE_L \text{ or } CE_R \ge V_{IH},$ active port outputs open, f = f _{MAX} ^[11]	Commercial	-	135	_	115	_	90	Ι	75	mA
I _{SB3}	Standby current both ports, CMOS inputs	$\begin{array}{l} \underline{Both} \text{ ports } CE_L \text{ and} \\ \overline{CE}_R \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V} \\ \text{or } V_{IN} \leq 0.2 \text{ V}, \text{ f} = 0 \end{array}$	Commercial	-	15	_	15	_	15	Ι	15	mA
I _{SB4}	Standby current one port, CMOS inputs	$\begin{array}{l} \underline{One} \text{ port } CE_L \text{ or} \\ \overline{CE}_R \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ \text{or } V_{IN} \leq 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ \text{active port outputs} \\ \text{open, } f = f_{MAX}^{[11]} \end{array}$	Commercial	_	125	-	105	-	85	-	70	mA

Shaded areas contain preliminary information.

Notes

The voltage on any input or I/O pin cannot exceed the power pin during power up.
 T_A is the "instant on" case temperature

See the last page of this specification for Group A subgroup testing information.
 BUSY and INT pins only.

Duration of the short circuit should not exceed 30 seconds. 10. This parameter is guaranteed but not tested.

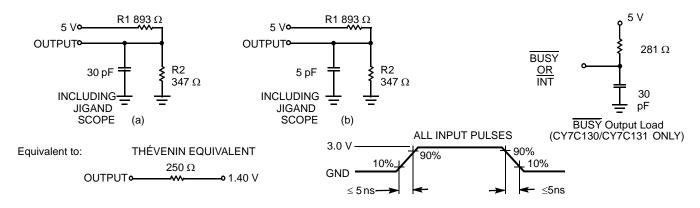
^{11.} At f = f_{MAX}, address and data inputs are cycling at the maximum frequency of read cycle of 1/t_{RC} and using AC Test Waveforms input levels of GND to 3 V.



Capacitance^[10]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input capacitance	$T_{A} = 25 \text{ °C}, f = 1 \text{ MHz},$	15	pF
C _{OUT}	Output capacitance	$V_{CC} = 5.0 V$	10	pF

Figure 4. AC Test Loads and Waveforms





Over the Operating Range^[12, 13]

Parameter	Description		7C131-15 ^[14] 7C131A-15 7C141-15		7C130-25 ^[14] 7C131-25 7C140-25 7C141-25		7C130-30 7C130A-30 7C131-30 7C140-30 7C141-30	
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read Cycle								
t _{RC}	Read cycle time	15	-	25	-	30	-	ns
t _{AA}	Address to data valid ^[15]	-	15	-	25	-	30	ns
t _{OHA}	Data hold from address change	0	-	0	-	0	_	ns
t _{ACE}	CE LOW to data valid ^[15]	-	15	-	25	_	30	ns
t _{DOE}	OE LOW to data valid ^[15]	-	10	_	15	_	20	ns
t _{LZOE}	OE LOW to low Z ^[16, 17, 18]	3	-	3	-	3	_	ns
t _{HZOE}	OE HIGH to high Z ^[16, 17, 18]	-	10	_	15	_	15	ns
t _{LZCE}	CE LOW to low Z ^[16, 17, 18]	3	-	5	-	5	-	ns
t _{HZCE}	CE HIGH to high Z ^[16, 17, 18]	-	10	-	15	—	15	ns
t _{PU}	CE LOW to power-up ^[16]	0	-	0	-	0	_	ns
t _{PD}	CE HIGH to power-down ^[16]	-	15	-	25	-	25	ns
Write Cycle ^{[1}	9]							
t _{WC}	Write cycle time	15	-	25	-	30	_	ns
t _{SCE}	CE LOW to write end	12	-	20	-	25	-	ns
t _{AW}	Address setup to write end	12	-	20	-	25	-	ns
t _{HA}	Address hold from write end	2	-	2	-	2	_	ns
t _{SA}	Address setup to write start	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{PWE}	R/W pulse width	12	-	15	_	25	-	ns
t _{SD}	Data setup to write end	10	-	15	_	15	-	ns
t _{HD}	Data hold from write end	0	-	0	_	0	_	ns
t _{HZWE}	R/\overline{W} LOW to high $Z^{[18]}$	-	10	-	15	_	15	ns
-	R/\overline{W} HIGH to low $Z^{[18]}$	0	-	0	_	0	_	ns
t _{LZWE}	R/W HIGH to low Z ^[18]	0	-	0	_	0	-	ns

Shaded areas contain preliminary information.

Notes

12. See the last page of this specification for Group A subgroup testing information.

- 13. Test conditions assume signal transition times of 5 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5 V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0 V and output loading of the specified I_{OL}/O_{H} and 30 pF load capacitance. 14. 15 and 25 ns version available only in PLCC/PQFP packages.
- 15. AC Test Conditions use $V_{OH} = 1.6$ V and $V_{OL} = 1.4$ V.
- 16. This parameter is guaranteed but not tested.

17. At any given temperature and voltage condition for any given device, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE} and t_{HZOE} is less than t_{LZOE}.
18. t_{LZCE}, t_{LZOE}, t_{HZCE} and t_{HZWE} are tested with C_L = 5 <u>p</u> as in part (b) of AC Test Loads. Transition is measured ±500 mV from steady state voltage.
19. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of CS LOW and R/W LOW. Both signals must be low to initiate a write and either signal can terminate a write by going high. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the rising edge of the signal that terminates the write.



Over the Operating Range^[12, 13] (continued)

Parameter	Description	7C131-15 ^[14] 7C131A-15 7C141-15		7C130-25 ^[14] 7C131-25 7C140-25 7C141-25		7C130-30 7C130A-30 7C131-30 7C140-30 7C141-30		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Busy/Interru	pt Timing							
t _{BLA}	BUSY LOW from address match	-	15	_	20	_	20	ns
t _{BHA}	BUSY HIGH from address mismatch ^[20]	-	15	—	20	—	20	ns
t _{BLC}	BUSY LOW from CE LOW	-	15	_	20	_	20	ns
t _{BHC}	BUSY HIGH from CE HIGH ^[20]	-	15	_	20	_	20	ns
t _{PS}	Port set-up for priority	5	_	5	-	5	-	ns
t _{WB} [21]	R/W LOW after BUSY LOW	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{WH}	R/W HIGH after BUSY HIGH	13	_	20	-	30	-	ns
t _{BDD}	BUSY HIGH to valid data	-	15	_	25	_	30	ns
t _{DDD}	Write data valid to read data valid	-	Note 22	_	Note 22	_	Note 22	ns
t _{WDD}	Write pulse to data delay	-	Note 22	_	Note 22	_	Note 22	ns
Interrupt Tim	ing							
t _{WINS}	R/W to INTERRUPT set time	-	15	_	25	_	25	ns
t _{EINS}	CE to INTERRUPT set time	-	15	_	25	_	25	ns
t _{INS}	Address to INTERRUPT set time	-	15	_	25	_	25	ns
t _{OINR}	OE to INTERRUPT reset time ^[20]	-	15	_	25	_	25	ns
t _{EINR}	CE to INTERRUPT reset time ^[20]	-	15	_	25	_	25	ns
t _{INR}	Address to INTERRUPT reset time ^[20]	-	15	_	25	_	25	ns

Shaded areas contain preliminary information.

Notes

Notes
20. These parameters are measured from the input signal changing, until the output pin goes to a high-impedance state.
21. CY7C140/CY7C141 only.
22. <u>A write</u> operation on Port A, where Port A has priority, leaves the data on Port B's outputs undisturbed until one access time after one of the following: BUSY on Port B goes HIGH.
Port B's address is toggled.
C<u>E</u> for Port B is toggled during valid read.



Over the Operating Range^[23, 24]

Parameter	Description	7C130-35 7C131-35 7C140-35 7C141-35		7C130-45 7C131-45 7C140-45 7C141-45		7C130-55 7C131-55 7C140-55 7C141-55		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Read Cycle								
t _{RC}	Read cycle time	35	-	45	-	55	-	ns
t _{AA}	Address to data valid ^[25]	-	35	-	45	-	55	ns
t _{OHA}	Data hold from address change	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{ACE}	CE LOW to data valid ^[25]	-	35	-	45	-	55	ns
t _{DOE}	OE LOW to data valid ^[25]	-	20	-	25	-	25	ns
t _{LZOE}	OE LOW to low Z ^[26, 27, 28]	3	-	3	-	3	-	ns
t _{HZOE}	OE HIGH to high Z ^[26, 27, 28]	-	20	-	20	_	25	ns
t _{LZCE}	CE LOW to low Z ^[26, 27, 28]	5	-	5	_	5	-	ns
t _{HZCE}	CE HIGH to high Z ^[26, 27, 28]	-	20	-	20	_	25	ns
t _{PU}	CE LOW to power-up ^[26]	0	-	0	_	0	-	ns
t _{PD}	CE HIGH to power-down ^[26]	-	35	-	35	_	35	ns
Write Cycle ^{[2}	29]	•	•				•	
t _{WC}	Write cycle time	35	-	45	_	55	-	ns
t _{SCE}	CE LOW to write end	30	-	35	-	40	-	ns
t _{AW}	Address set-up to write end	30	-	35	_	40	-	ns
t _{HA}	Address hold from write end	2	-	2	-	2	-	ns
t _{SA}	Address set-up to write start	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{PWE}	R/W pulse width	25	-	30	_	30	-	ns
t _{SD}	Data set-up to write end	15	-	20	-	20	-	ns
t _{HD}	Data hold from write end	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns
t _{HZWE}	R/\overline{W} LOW to high $Z^{[28]}$	-	20	_	20	-	25	ns
t _{LZWE}	R/\overline{W} HIGH to low $Z^{[28]}$	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns

Notes

- 23. See the last page of this specification for Group A subgroup testing information. 24. Test conditions assume signal transition times of 5 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5 V, input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0 V and output loading of the specified I_{OL}/I_{OH} , and 30 pF load capacitance. 25. AC Test Conditions use $V_{OH} = 1.6$ V and $V_{OL} = 1.4$ V. 26. This parameter is guaranteed but not tested.

- 27. At any given temperature and voltage condition for any given device, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE} and t_{HZOE} is less than t_{LZCE}.
 28. t_{LZCE}, t_{LZCE}, t_{LZCE}, t_{LZCE}, t_{HZCE} and t_{HZWE} are tested with C_L = 5 <u>pF</u> as in part (b) <u>of</u> AC Test Loads. Transition is measured ±500 mV from steady state voltage.
 29. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of CS LOW and R/W LOW. Both signals must be low to initiate a write and either signal can terminate a write by going high. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the rising edge of the signal that terminates the write.



Over the Operating Range^[23, 24] (continued)

Parameter	Description	7C130-35 7C131-35 7C140-35 7C141-35		7C130-45 7C131-45 7C140-45 7C141-45		7C130-55 7C131-55 7C140-55 7C141-55		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Busy/Interru	pt Timing							
t _{BLA}	BUSY LOW from address match	-	20	-	25	_	30	ns
t _{BHA}	BUSY HIGH from address mismatch ^[30]	-	20	-	25	_	30	ns
t _{BLC}	BUSY LOW from CE LOW	-	20	-	25	_	30	ns
t _{BHC}	BUSY HIGH from CE HIGH ^[30]	-	20	-	25	_	30	ns
t _{PS}	Port set-up for priority	5	-	5	-	5	-	ns
t _{WB} ^[31]	R/W LOW after BUSY LOW	0	-	0	—	0	-	ns
t _{WH}	R/W HIGH after BUSY HIGH		_	35	—	35	-	ns
t _{BDD}	BUSY HIGH to valid data		35	-	45	_	45	ns
t _{DDD}	Write data valid to read data valid		Note 32	-	Note 32	_	Note 32	ns
t _{WDD}	Write pulse to data delay	-	Note 32	-	Note 32	_	Note 32	ns
Interrupt Tim	ling							
t _{WINS}	R/W to INTERRUPT set time	-	25	-	35	_	45	ns
t _{EINS}	CE to INTERRUPT set time		25	-	35	_	45	ns
t _{INS}	Address to INTERRUPT set time		25	-	35	-	45	ns
t _{OINR}	OE to INTERRUPT reset time ^[20]	_	25	-	35	_	45	ns
t _{EINR}	CE to INTERRUPT reset time ^[20]	-	25	-	35	-	45	ns
t _{INR}	Address to INTERRUPT reset time ^[20]	_	25	_	35	_	45	ns

Notes

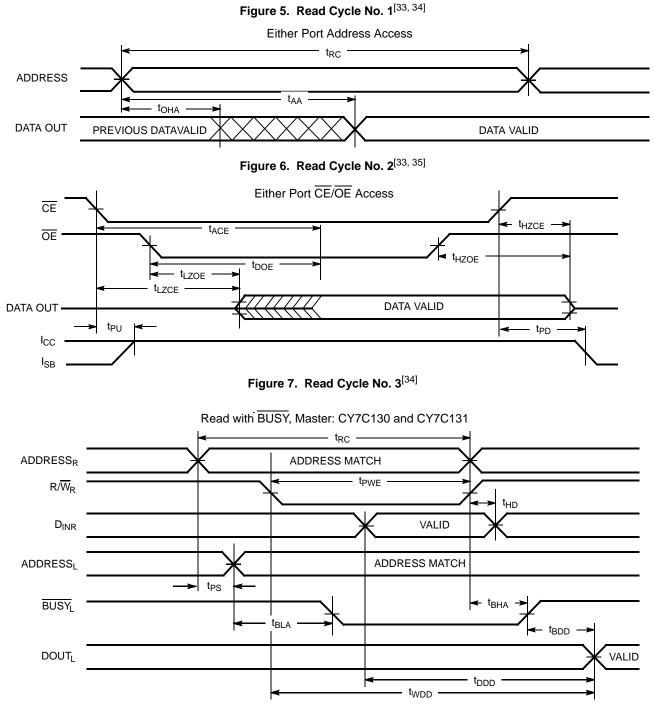
30. These parameters are measured from the input signal changing, until the output pin goes to a high-impedance state.

31. CY7C140/CY7C141 only.

31. 6170 140/0170 141 follow.
 32. <u>A write</u> operation on Port A, where Port A has priority, leaves the data on Port B's outputs undisturbed until one access time after one of the following: BUSY on Port B goes HIGH.
 <u>Port</u> B's address is toggled.
 CE for Port B is toggled.
 R/W for Port B is toggled during valid read.



Switching Waveforms



Notes

33. R/W is HIGH for read cycle. 34. Device is continuously selected, $\overline{CE} = V_{\parallel}$ and $\overline{OE} = V_{\parallel}$. 35. Address valid prior to or coincident with \overline{CE} transition LOW.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

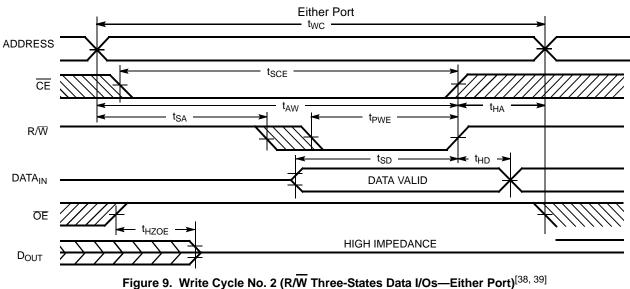
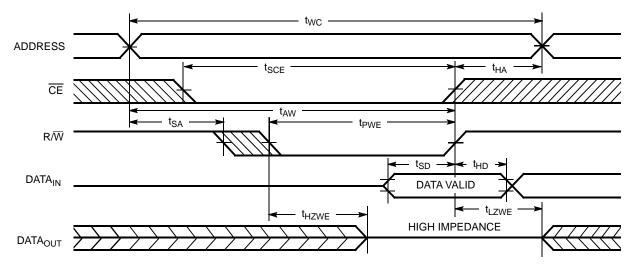


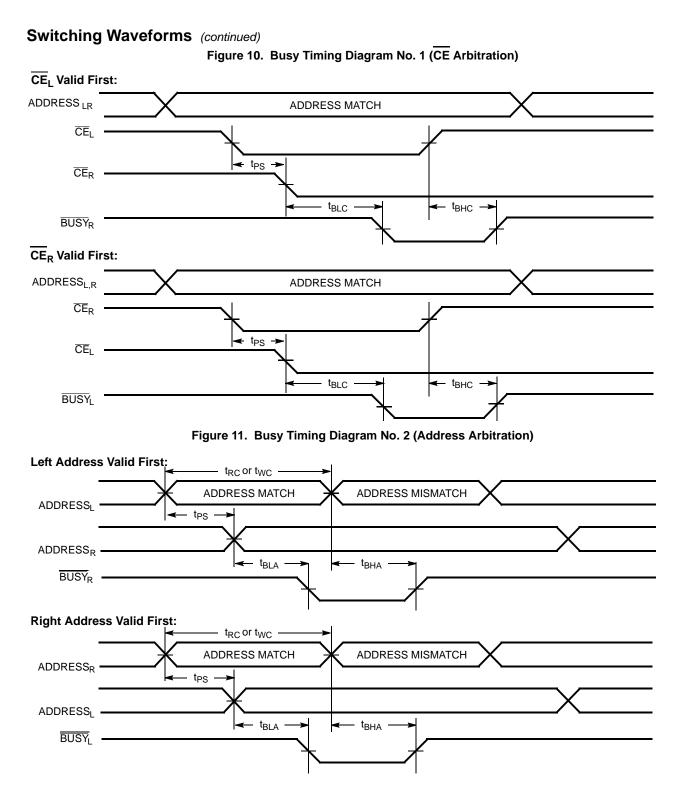
Figure 8. Write Cycle No. 1 (OE Three-States Data I/Os—Either Port^[36, 37]



Notes

- 36. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of CS LOW and R/W LOW. Both signals must be low to initiate a write and either signal can terminate a write by going high. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the rising edge of the signal that terminates the write. 37. If OE is LOW during a R/W controlled write cycle, the write pulse width must be the larger of t_{PWE} or t_{HZWE} + t_{SD} to allow the data I/O pins to enter high impedance and for data to be placed on the bus for the required t_{SD}.
 38. These parameters are measured from the input signal changing, until the output pin goes to a high-impedance state.
 39. If the CE LOW transition occurs simultaneously with or after the R/W LOW transition, the outputs remain in the high impedance state.

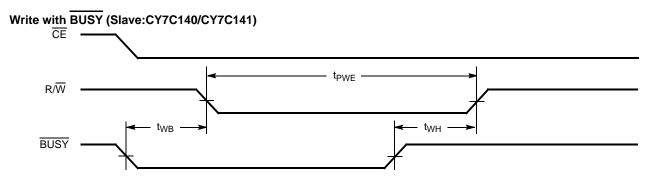






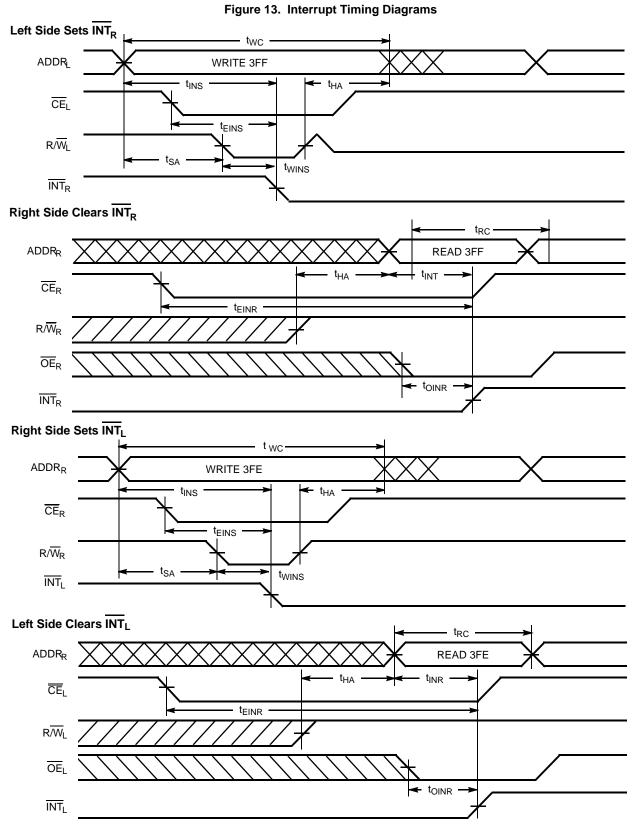
Switching Waveforms (continued)





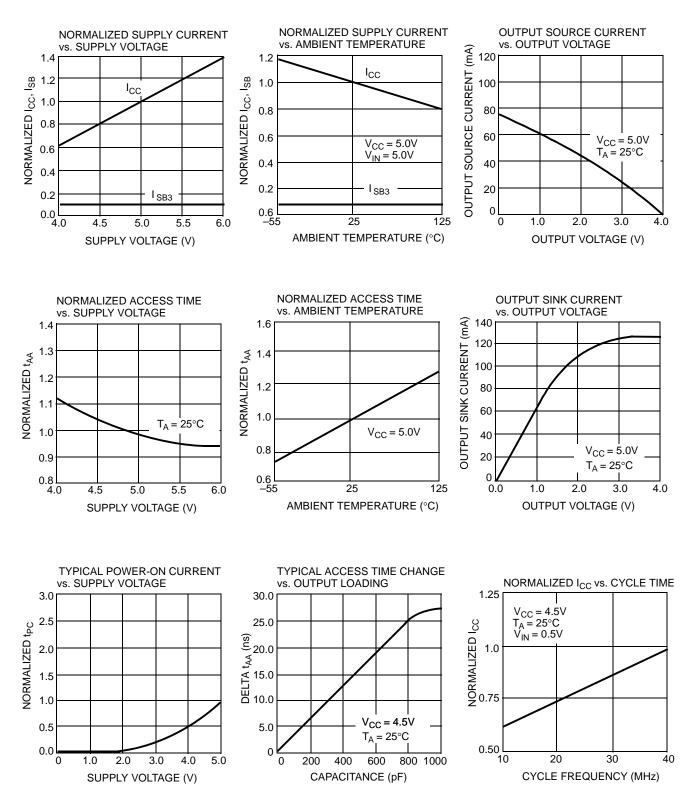








Typical DC and AC Characteristics

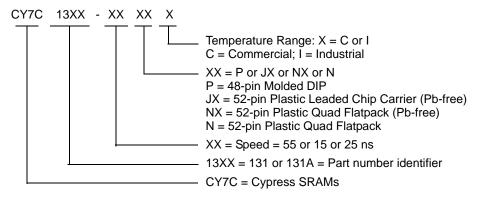




Ordering Information

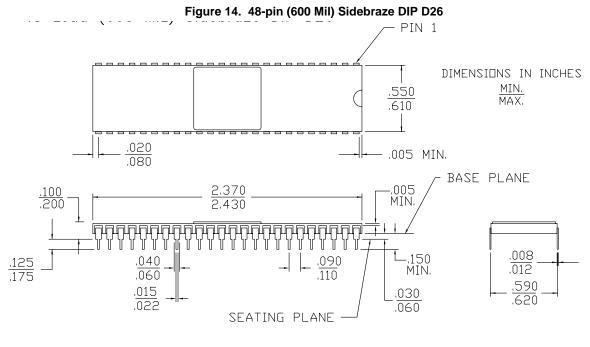
Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Range
55	CY7C130-55PC	P25	48-pin (600 Mil) Molded DIP	Commercial
15	CY7C131A-15JXI	J69	52-pin Pb-free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	Industrial
	CY7C131-15NXI	N52	52-pin Pb-free Plastic Quad Flatpack	
25	CY7C131-25JXC	J69	52-pin Pb-free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	Commercial
	CY7C131-25NXC	N52	52-pin Pb-free Plastic Quad Flatpack	
55	CY7C131-55JXC	J69	52-pin Pb-free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	Commercial
	CY7C131-55NXC	N52	52-pin Pb-free Plastic Quad Flatpack	
	CY7C131-55JXI	J69	52-pin Pb-free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	Industrial
	CY7C131-55NXI	N52	52-pin Pb-free Plastic Quad Flatpack	

Ordering Code Definitions



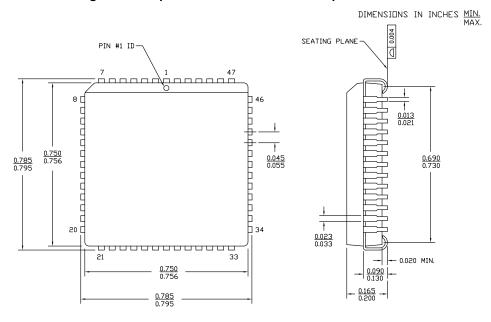


Package Diagrams



51-80044 *B

Figure 15. 52-pin Pb-free Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier J69



51-85004 *C



Package Diagrams (continued)

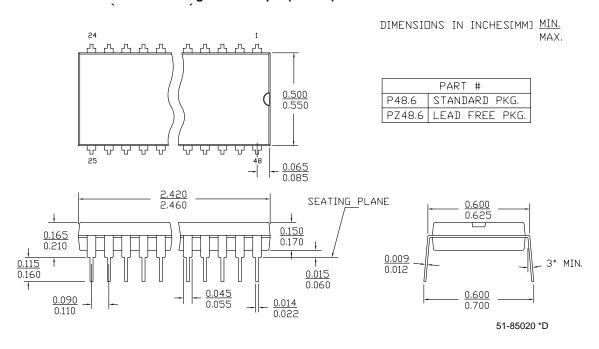
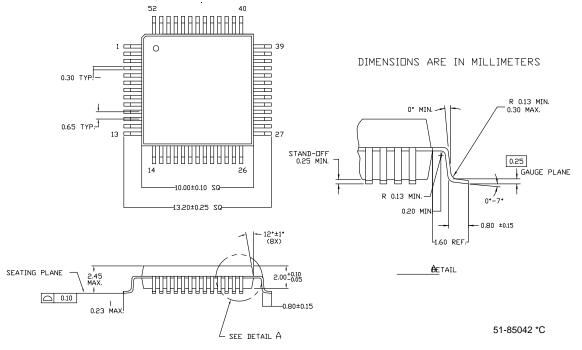


Figure 16. 48-pin (600 Mil) Molded DIP P25







Acronyms

Acronym	Description
CE	chip enable
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor
DIP	dual in-line package
I/O	input/output
OE	output enable
PLCC	plastic leaded chip carrier
PQFP	plastic quad flat pack
SRAM	static random access memory
TQFP	thin quad flat pack
TTL	Transistor-transistor logic

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure		
°C	degree Celcius		
MHz	megahertz		
μA	microamperes		
mA	milliamperes		
ms	milliseconds		
mV	millivolts		
ns	nanoseconds		
pF	picofarad		
V	volts		
W	watts		



Document History Page

Document Title: CY7C130/CY7C130A/CY7C131/CY7C131A 1K x 8 Dual-Port Static RAM Document Number: 38-06002				
Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	110169	SZV	09/29/01	Change from Spec number: 38-00027 to 38-06002
*A	122255	RBI	12/26/02	Power up requirements added to Maximum Ratings Information
*B	236751	YDT	See ECN	Removed cross information from features section
*C	325936	RUY	See ECN	Added pin definitions table, 52-pin PQFP package diagram and Pb-free information
*D	393153	YIM	See ECN	Added CY7C131-15JI to ordering information Added Pb-Free parts to ordering information: CY7C131-15JXI
*E	2623540	VKN/PYRS	12/17/08	Added CY7C130A and CY7C131A parts Removed military information Updated ordering information table
*F	2897217	RAME	03/22/2010	Updated Ordering Information Updated Package Diagrams
*G	3054633	ADMU	10/11/2010	Updated Ordering Information and added Ordering Code Definitions. Updated Package Diagrams. Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Minor edits and updated in new template.
*H	3402163	ADMU	10/12/2011	Removed pruned part CY7C131-25NC from Ordering Information Updated Package Diagrams.



Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information

Worldwide Sales and Design Support

Cypress maintains a worldwide network of offices, solution centers, manufacturer's representatives, and distributors. To find the office closest to you, visit us at Cypress Locations.

Products

Automotive	cypress.com/go/automotive
Clocks & Buffers	cypress.com/go/clocks
Interface	cypress.com/go/interface
Lighting & Power Control	cypress.com/go/powerpsoc
	cypress.com/go/plc
Memory	cypress.com/go/memory
Optical & Image Sensing	cypress.com/go/image
PSoC	cypress.com/go/psoc
Touch Sensing	cypress.com/go/touch
USB Controllers	cypress.com/go/USB
Wireless/RF	cypress.com/go/wireless

PSoC Solutions

psoc.cypress.com/solutions PSoC 1 | PSoC 3 | PSoC 5

© Cypress Semiconductor Corporation, 2001-2011. The information contained herein is subject to change without notice. Cypress Semiconductor Corporation assumes no responsibility for the use of any circuitry other than circuitry embodied in a Cypress product. Nor does it convey or imply any license under patent or other rights. Cypress products are not warranted nor intended to be used for medical, life support, life saving, critical control or safety applications, unless pursuant to an express written agreement with Cypress. Furthermore, Cypress does not authorize its products for use as critical components in life-support systems where a malfunction or failure may reasonably be expected to result in significant injury to the user. The inclusion of Cypress products in life-support systems application implies that the manufacturer assumes all risk of such use and in doing so indemnifies Cypress against all charges.

Any Source Code (software and/or firmware) is owned by Cypress Semiconductor Corporation (Cypress) and is protected by and subject to worldwide patent protection (United States and foreign), United States copyright laws and international treaty provisions. Cypress hereby grants to licensee a personal, non-exclusive, non-transferable license to copy, use, modify, create derivative works of, and compile the Cypress Source Code and derivative works for the sole purpose of creating custom software and or firmware in support of licensee product to be used only in conjunction with a Cypress integrated circuit as specified in the applicable agreement. Any reproduction, modification, translation, compilation, or representation of this Source Code except as specified above is prohibited without the express written permission of Cypress.

Disclaimer: CYPRESS MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARD TO THIS MATERIAL, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Cypress reserves the right to make changes without further notice to the materials described herein. Cypress does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit described herein. Cypress does not authorize its products for use as critical components in life-support systems where a malfunction or failure may reasonably be expected to result in significant injury to the user. The inclusion of Cypress' product in a life-support systems application implies that the manufacturer assumes all risk of such use and in doing so indemnifies Cypress against all charges.

Use may be limited by and subject to the applicable Cypress software license agreement.

Document Number: 38-06002 Rev. *H

Revised October 12, 2011

All products and company names mentioned in this document may be the trademarks of their respective holders.

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Cypress Semiconductor:

<u>CY7C131-25JXC</u> <u>CY7C131-25JXCT</u> <u>CY7C131-25NXC</u> <u>CY7C131-25NXCT</u> <u>CY7C131-55JXC</u> <u>CY7C131-55JXC</u> <u>CY7C131-55JXI</u> <u>CY7C131-55JXIT</u> <u>CY7C131-55NXCT</u> <u>CY7C131-15NXI</u> <u>CY7C131-55NXI</u> <u>CY7C131A-15JXI</u>