ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

IN, SHDN to GND	0.3V to +6V
OUT, FB, LX to GND	
OUT Short Circuit to GND	Continuous
Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A =	+70°C)
5-Pin SOT23 (derate 7.1mW/°C ab	ove +70°C)571mW

Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{IN} = +2.7V \text{ to } +5.5V, \overline{SHDN} = IN, T_A = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C.$ Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage Range	VIN		2.7		5.5	V
Startup Voltage	VSTART				2.0	V
		V _{IN} rising		1.85	1.95	V
UVLO Threshold	V _{UVLO}	V _{IN} falling	1.55	1.65		
UVLO Hysteresis				200		mV
Quiescent Supply Current	l _{IN}	No switching, no load (FB/OUT above trip point)		40	70	μΑ
Shutdown Supply Current	ISHDN	SHDN = GND		0.01	4	μΑ
Output Voltage Range (MAX1733)	Vout		1.25		2.0	V
Output Voltage Accuracy		$I_{OUT} = 0, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	-1.5		+1.5	0/
(MAX1734)		I _{OUT} = 0 to 250mA	-3		+3	%
Load Regulation		I _{OUT} = 0 to 250mA		0		%/mA
Line Regulation		V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V		0		%/V
OUT Sense Current (MAX1734)		$V_{OUT} = V_{REG}, V_{IN} = V \overline{SHDN} = 5V$		4	8	μΑ
FB Feedback Threshold (MAX1733)	V _{FB}	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C, V_{IN} = 3.6V$	1.231	1.250	1.269	- V
		V _{IN} = 3.6V	1.220		1.280	
FB Leakage Current (MAX1733)	I _{FB}	$V_{FB} = 1.5V$		0.001	0.2	μΑ
SHDN Input High Voltage	VIH	2.7V < V _{IN} < 5.5V	1.6			V
SHDN Input Low Voltage	VIL	2.7V < V _{IN} < 5.5V			0.4	V
SHDN Leakage Current	ISHDN	$\overline{SHDN} = GND \text{ or } IN$		0.001	1	μΑ
High-Side Current Limit	ILIMP		300	425	535	mA
Low-Side Current Limit	I _{LIMN}		200	325	430	mA
Lligh Side On Basistance	Ronp	I _{LX} = -50mA, V _{IN} = 3.0V		0.7	1.4	0
High-Side On-Resistance		$I_{LX} = -50 \text{mA}, V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{V}$		0.5	1.1	Ω
Pastifier On Pasistance	R _{ONN}	$I_{LX} = -50 \text{mA}, V_{IN} = 3.0 \text{V}$		1.0	2	0
Rectifier On-Resistance		$I_{LX} = -50 \text{mA}, V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{V}$		0.8	1.6	Ω
Rectifier Off-Current Threshold	ILXOFF			40		mA
LX Leakage Current	ILXLEAK	$V_{IN} = 5.5V$, $V_{LX} = 0$ to V_{IN}		0.1	5	μΑ
LX Reverse Leakage Current	ILXLK,R	IN unconnected, $V_{LX} = 5.5V$, $\overline{SHDN} = GND$		0.1	5	μΑ
Minimum On-Time	ton(MIN)	V _{IN} = 3.6V	0.28	0.4	0.5	μs
Minimum Off-Time	toff(MIN)	V _{IN} = 3.6V	0.28	0.4	0.5	μs



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{IN} = +2.7V \text{ to } +5.5V, \overline{SHDN} = IN, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage Range	VIN		2.7	5.5	V
Startup Voltage	VSTART			2.0	V
	VUVLO	V _{IN} rising, 200mV typical hysteresis		1.95	v
UVLO Threshold		V _{IN} falling	1.55		
Quiescent Supply Current	I _{IN}	No switching (FB/OUT above trip point)		70	μΑ
Shutdown Supply Current	ISHDN	SHDN = GND		4	μΑ
Output Voltage Range (MAX1733)	Vout		1.25	2.0	V
Output Voltage Accuracy (MAX1734)		$I_{OUT} = 0$ to 250mA	-3	+3	%
OUT Sense Current (MAX1734)	IOUT	$V_{OUT} = V_{REG}, V_{IN} = V \overline{SHDN} = 5V$		8	μΑ
FB Feedback Threshold (MAX1733)	V _{FB}	V _{IN} = 3.6V	1.210	1.280	V
FB Leakage Current (MAX1733)	I _{FB}	V _{FB} = 1.5V		0.2	μΑ
SHDN Input High Voltage	VIH	2.7V < V _{IN} < 5.5V	1.6		V
SHDN Input Low Voltage	VIL	2.7V < V _{IN} < 5.5V		0.4	V
SHDN Leakage Current	I SHDN	$\overline{SHDN} = GND \text{ or } IN$		1	μΑ
High-Side Current Limit	ILIMP		300	565	mA
Low-Side Current Limit	ILIMN		200	430	mA
High-Side On-Resistance	R _{ONP}	$I_{LX} = -50 \text{mA}, V_{IN} = 3.0 \text{V}$		1.4	Ω
		$I_{LX} = -50 \text{mA}, V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{V}$		1.1	
Rectifier On-Resistance	R _{ONN}	$I_{LX} = -50 \text{mA}, V_{IN} = 3.0 \text{V}$		2	Ω
		$I_{LX} = -50 \text{mA}, V_{IN} = 5.5 \text{V}$		1.6	
LX Leakage Current	ILXLEAK	$V_{IN} = 5.5V$, $V_{LX} = 0$ to V_{IN}		5	μΑ
LX Reverse Leakage Current	I _{LXLK,R}	IN unconnected, $V_{LX} = 5.5V$, $\overline{SHDN} = GND$		5	μΑ
Minimum On-Time	ton(MIN)		0.25	0.55	μs
Minimum Off-Time	toff(MIN)		0.25	0.55	μs

Note 1: All devices are 100% production tested at $T_A = +25^{\circ}$ C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design.

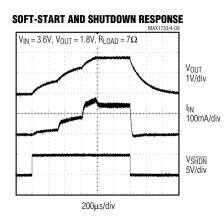
Typical Operating Characteristics $(C_{IN} = 2.2\mu F \text{ ceramic}, C_{OUT} = 22\mu F \text{ tantalum}, L = 10\mu H, unless otherwise noted.)$ **EFFICIENCY** vs. **EFFICIENCY** vs. **NO-LOAD SUPPLY CURRENT** LOAD CURRENT (VOUT = 1.8V) LOAD CURRENT (V_{OUT} = 1.5V) vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE 100 100 62 V_{IN} = 2.7V $V_{IN} = 2.7V$ $V_{OUT} = 1.8V, T_A = +85^{\circ}C$ 60 90 INII 90 58 $V_{OUT} = 1.8V, T_A = +25$ 80 80 SUPPLY CURRENT (µA) <u> / | ||||</u> EFFICIENCY (%) EFFICIENCY (%) 56 $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ 70 70 5.0 $V_{IN} = 3.6V$ 3.6\ 54 60 60 52 50 50 50 $V_{OUT} = 1.5V,$ +25 40 40 48 $V_{OUT} = 1.5V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ 30 30 46 3.0 0.1 1000 4.0 5.0 10 100 2.5 3.5 4.5 5.5 0.1 1 10 100 1000 1 LOAD CURRENT (mA) LOAD CURRENT (mA) SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V) **OUTPUT ACCURACY vs. OUTPUT ACCURACY vs. SWITCHING FREQUENCY** LOAD CURRENT (V_{OUT} = 1.5V) LOAD CURRENT (VOUT = 1.8V) vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE 3.0 3.0 1.50 ILOAD = 50mA TO 250mA V_{IN} = 3.6V, T_A +85°C 2.0 2.0 +85°(SWITCHING FREQUENCY (MHz) V_{IN} = 3 6V = 5.0V, T_A 1.25 VIN OUTPUT ACCURACY (%) **OUTPUT ACCURACY (%)** 1.0 1.0 0 1.00 0 -1.0 -1.0 $V_{OUT} = 1.8V$ V_{OUT} = 1.5V 0.75 V_{IN} = 2.7V, T_A = +25°C -2.0 -2.0 5 0V IIIIIN 3.6V VIN ΓA $V_{IN} = 3.6V, T_{A}$ -3.0 -3.0 0.50 3.0 3.3 3.6 3.9 0.1 10 100 1000 0.1 1 10 100 1000 2.7 4.2 1 LOAD CURRENT (mA) LOAD CURRENT (mA) SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V) LIGHT-LOAD SWITCHING WAVEFORMS **HEAVY-LOAD SWITCHING WAVEFORMS** VIN = 3.6V, VOUT = 1.8V, ILOAD = 20mA V_{IN} = 3.6V, V_{OUT} = 1.8V, I_{LOAD} = 200mA V_{OUT} AC-COUPLED V_{OUT} AC-COUPLED 20mV/div 20mV/div V_{LX} 2V/div V_{LX} 2V/div 400ns/div 400ns/div

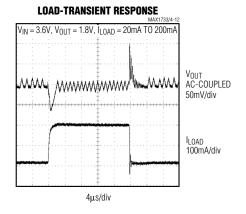


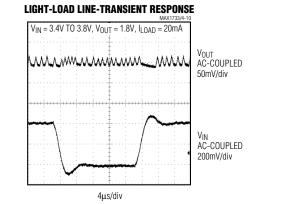
MAX1733/MAX1734

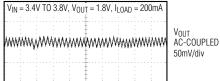
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(C_{IN} = 2.2μ F ceramic, C_{OUT} = 22μ F tantalum, L = 10μ H, unless otherwise noted.)

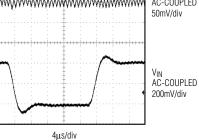








HEAVY-LOAD LINE-TRANSIENT RESPONSE



Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION		
1	IN	Supply Voltage Input. Input range from +2.7V to +5.5V. Bypass with a 2.2 μF ceramic capacitor to GND.		
2	GND	Ground		
3	SHDN	Active-Low Shutdown Input. Connect SHDN to IN for normal operation. In shutdown, LX becomes high impedance and quiescent current drops to 0.01µA.		
4 FB MAX1733 Voltage Feedback Input. FB regulates to 1.25V nominal. Connect FB to an ext voltage-divider between the output voltage and GND.		MAX1733 Voltage Feedback Input. FB regulates to 1.25V nominal. Connect FB to an external voltage-divider between the output voltage and GND.		
OUT		MAX1734 Voltage Sense Input. OUT is connected to an internal voltage-divider.		
5	LX	Inductor Connection		

MAX1733/MAX1734

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MAX1733/MAX1734

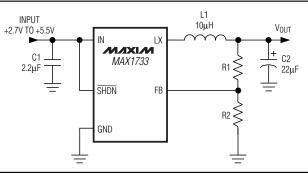


Figure 1. MAX1733 Typical Application Circuit

Detailed Description

The MAX1733/MAX1734 step-down DC-DC converters deliver over 250mA to outputs as low as 1.25V. They use a unique proprietary current-limited control scheme that maintains extremely low quiescent supply current (40μ A), and their high 1.2MHz (max) operating frequency permits small, low-cost external components. Figure 2 is a simplified functional diagram.

Control Scheme

The MAX1733/MAX1734 use a proprietary, current-limited control scheme to ensure high-efficiency, fast transient response, and physically small external components. This control scheme is simple: when the output voltage is out of regulation, the error comparator begins a switching cycle by turning on the high-side switch. This switch remains on until the minimum ontime of 400ns expires and the output voltage regulates or the current-limit threshold is exceeded. Once off, the high-side switch remains off until the minimum off-time of 400ns expires and the output voltage falls out of regulation. During this period, the low-side synchronous rectifier turns on and remains on until either the highside switch turns on again or the inductor current approaches zero. The internal synchronous rectifier eliminates the need for an external Schottky diode.

This control scheme allows the MAX1733/MAX1734 to provide excellent performance throughout the entire load-current range. When delivering light loads, the high-side switch turns off after the minimum on-time to reduce peak inductor current, resulting in increased efficiency and reduced output voltage ripple. When delivering medium and higher output currents, the MAX1733/MAX1734 extend either the on-time or the offtime, as necessary to maintain regulation, resulting in

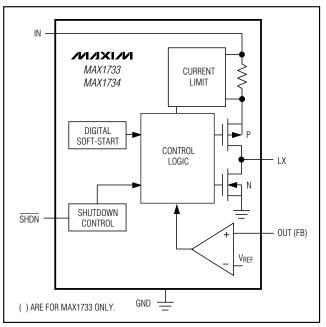


Figure 2. Simplified Functional Diagram

nearly constant frequency operation with high efficiency and low output voltage ripple.

Shutdown Mode

Connecting SHDN to GND places the MAX1733/ MAX1734 in shutdown mode and reduces supply current to 0.01µA. In shutdown, the control circuitry, internal switching MOSFET, and synchronous rectifier turn off and LX goes high impedance. Connect SHDN to IN for normal operation.

Soft-Start

The MAX1733/MAX1734 have internal soft-start circuitry that limits current draw at startup, reducing transients on the input source. Soft-start is particularly useful for higher impedance input sources, such as Li+ and alkaline cells. Soft-start is implemented by starting with the current limit at 25% of its full current value and gradually increasing it in 25% steps until the full current limit is reached. See Soft-Start and Shutdown Response in the *Typical Operating Characteristics* section.

Design Information

Setting the Output Voltage (MAX1733)

Select an output voltage for the MAX1733 by connecting FB to a resistive divider between the output and



Table 1. Suggested Inductors

INDUCTOR VALUE (µH)	MANUFACTURER	PART NUMBER
10	Sumida	CR43-100
		CDRH4D18-100
10	Coilcraft	DT1608C-103

 Table 2. Suggested Capacitors

CAPACITOR TYPE	MANUFACTURER	PART NUMBER
Tantalum (22µF)	Taiyo Yuden	LMK212BJ225MG
Ceramic (2.2µF)	AVX	TAJA226M006R

GND (Figure 1). Choose R2 to be less than $50k\Omega$:

$$R1 = R2 \times \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{REF}} - 1\right)$$

where $V_{REF} = 1.25V$.

Inductor Selection

The MAX1733/MAX1734 are optimized to use a 10µH inductor over the entire operating range. A 300mA rated inductor is enough to prevent saturation for output currents up to 250mA. Saturation occurs when the inductor's magnetic flux density reaches the maximum level the core can support and inductance falls. Choose a low DC-resistance inductor to improve efficiency. Tables 1 and 3 list some suggested inductors and suppliers.

Capacitor Selection

The MAX1733/MAX1734 require output voltage ripple (approximately 30mVp-p) for stable switching behavior. Use a 10µF to 47µF tantalum output capacitor with about 200m Ω to 300m Ω ESR to provide stable switching while minimizing output ripple. Choose input and output capacitors to filter inductor currents for acceptable voltage ripple. The input capacitor reduces peak currents and noise at the voltage source. Input capacitors must meet the input ripple requirements and voltage rating. Use the following equation to calculate the maximum RMS input current:

Table 3. Component Suppliers

	•	••	
COMPANY		PHONE	FAX
AVX		843-946-0238	843-626-3123
Coilcraft		847-639-6400	847-639-1469
Kemet		408-986-0424	408-986-1442
Murata		814-237-1431	814-238-0490
Sumida	USA	847-956-0666	847-956-0702
Sumua	Japan	81-3-3607-5111	81-3-3607-5144
Taiyo Yu	den	408-573-4150	408-573-4159

$$I_{RMS} = \frac{I_{OUT} \left[V_{OUT} \left(V_{IN} - OUT \right) \right]^{1/2}}{V_{IN}}$$

Tables 2 and 3 list some suggested capacitors and suppliers.

Using Ceramic COUT with MAX1733

The circuit of Figure 3 is designed to allow the use of ceramic output capacitors with the MAX1733. Feedback is derived from the LX pin instead of the output to remove the effects of phase lag in the feedback loop. Compared to the standard applications circuit, there are three benefits: 1) availability of ceramic vs. tantalum; 2) size of 2.2 μ F 0805 vs. 22 μ F A-case; 3) output ripple less than 10mVp-p vs. greater than 30mVp-p. Increase the output capacitance to 4.7 μ F to further reduce the output ripple. Note that this circuit exhibits load regulation equal to the series resistance of the inductor multiplied by the load current. This small amount of load regulation is helpful in reducing overshoot of the output voltage during load transients.

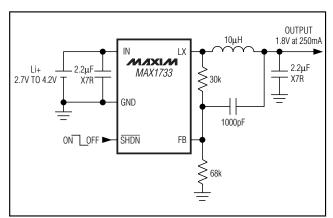


Figure 3. Using a Ceramic Output Capacitor with the MAX1733



Layout Considerations

High switching frequencies make PC board layout a very important part of design. Good design minimizes excessive EMI on the feedback paths and voltage gradients in the ground plane, both of which can result in instability or regulation errors. Connect the inductor, input filter capacitor, and output filter capacitor as close to the device as possible, and keep their traces short, direct, and wide. Connect their ground plans at a single common node in a star ground configuration. The external voltage-feedback network should be very close to the FB pin, within 0.2 inches (5mm). Keep noisy traces, such as the LX trace, away from the volt-

age-feedback network; also keep them separate, using grounded copper. The MAX1733/MAX1734 evaluation kit data sheet includes a proper PC board layout and routing scheme.

Chip Information

Package Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 1190 PROCESS: BICMOS

ş 0.20 đ SYMBOL MIN MAX 0.90 1.45 A D.DD D.15 MULAO <u>A1</u> 0.90 A2 1.30 0.35 0.50 kı C 0.08 0.20 Π 2.BD 3.00 E 5.60 3.00 1.50 E1 1.75 0.35 0.55 L q. F ዊ e 0.95 REF 1.90 REF e1 ٥ 10* a NOTE: ¢ ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. A FOOT LENGTH MEASURED AT INTERCEPT POINT BETWEEN DATUM A & LEAD SURFACE 3. PACKAGE DUTLINE EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH & METAL RURR. 4. PACKAGE OUTLINE INCLUSIVE OF SOLDER PLATING. M / X | /M A1 PACKAGE DUTLINE, SOT23 21-0057 В

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