

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute maximum ratings indicate sustained limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. All voltage parameters are absolute voltages referenced to COM, all currents are defined positive into any lead. The thermal resistance and power dissipation ratings are measured under board mounted and still air conditions.

Symbol	Definition		Min.	Max.	Units
V_S	High side offset voltage	V	-0.3	600	V
V_{BS}	High side floating supply voltage		-0.3	25	
V_{CC}	Low side and logic fixed supply voltage		-0.3	25	
V_{IN}	Maximum input voltage between V_{IN+} and V_{IN-}		-5	5	
V_{PO}	Digital PWM output voltage		COM -0.3	VCC +0.3	
V_{OC}	Overcurrent output voltage (IR2172)		COM -0.3	VCC +0.3	
V_{IN-}	V_{IN-} input voltage (note 1)		$V_S - 5$	$V_B + 0.3$	
dV/dt	Allowable offset voltage slew rate		—	50	V/ns
P_D	Package power dissipation @ $T_A \leq +25^\circ C$	8 lead SOIC	—	.625	W
		8 lead PDIP	—	1.0	
R_{thJA}	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient	8 lead SOIC	—	200	$^\circ C/W$
		8 lead PDIP	—	125	
T_J	Junction temperature	—	—	150	$^\circ C$
T_S	Storage temperature	—	-55	150	
T_L	Lead temperature (soldering, 10 seconds)	—	—	300	

Note 1: Capacitors are required between VB and Vin-, and between VB and Vs pins when bootstrap power is used. The external power supply, when used, is required between Vs and Vin-, and between VB and Vs pins.

Recommended Operating Conditions

The output logic timing diagram is shown in figure 1. For proper operation the device should be used within the recommended conditions.

Symbol	Definition		Min.	Max.	Units
V_B	High side floating supply voltage	V	$V_S +13.0$	$V_S +20$	V
V_S	High side floating supply offset voltage		0.3	600	
V_{PO}	Digital PWM output voltage		COM	VCC	
V_{OC}	Overcurrent output voltage		COM	VCC	
V_{CC}	Low side and logic fixed supply voltage		9.5	20	
V_{IN}	Input voltage between V_{IN+} and V_{IN-}		-260	+260	mV
T_A	Ambient temperature		-40	125	$^\circ C$

DC Electrical Characteristics

V_{CC} = V_{BS} = 15V, and T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
V _{IN}	Nominal input voltage range before saturation V _{IN+} – V _{IN-}	-260	—	260	mV	V _{IN} = 0V (Note 1)
V _{OCP}	Overcurrent trip positive input voltage	—	260	—		
V _{OCN}	Overcurrent trip negative input voltage	—	-260	—		
V _{OS}	Input offset voltage	-10	0	10		
ΔV _{OS/ΔTA}	Input offset voltage temperature drift	—	25	—	μV/°C	
G	Gain (duty cycle % per V _{IN})	157	162	167	%/V	max gain error=5% (Note 2)
ΔG/ΔTA	Gain temperature drift	—	20	—	ppm/°C	
I _{LK}	Offset supply leakage current	—	—	50	μA	V _B =V _S =600V
I _{QBS}	Quiescent V _{BS} supply current	—	1	2	mA	V _S = 0V
I _{QCC}	Quiescent V _{CC} supply current	—	—	0.5		
LIN	Linearity (duty cycle deviation from ideal linearity curve)	—	0.5	1	%	
ΔVLIN/ΔTA	Linearity temperature drift	—	.005	—	%/°C	
I _{OPO}	Digital PWM output sink current	20	—	—	mA	V _O = 1V
		2	—	—		V _O = 0.1V
I _{OC}	OC output sink current (IR2172)	10	—	—		V _O = 1V
		1	—	—		V _O = 0.1V

Note 1: ±10mV offset represents ±1.5% duty cycle fluctuation

Note 2: Gain = (full range of duty cycle in %) / (full input voltage range).

AC Electrical Characteristics

V_{CC} = V_{BS} = 15V, and T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Definition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
Propagation delay characteristics						
f _o	Carrier frequency output	35	41	47	kHz	figure 1
Δf/ΔTA	Temperature drift of carrier frequency	—	500	—	ppm/°C	V _{IN} = 0 & 5V
D _{min}	Minimum duty	—	7	—	%	V _{IN+} =-260mV,V _{IN} =0V
D _{max}	Maximum duty	—	93	—	%	V _{IN+} =+260mV,V _{IN} =0V
BW	f _o bandwidth		15		kHz	V _{IN+} = 100mVpk-pk sine wave, gain=-3dB
PHS	Phase shift at 1kHz		-10		°	V _{IN+} = 100mVpk-pk sine wave
t _{doc}	Propagation delay time of OC (IR2172)	1	1.5	—	μsec	
t _{woc}	Low true pulse width of OC (IR2172)	—	1	—		

Timing Waveforms

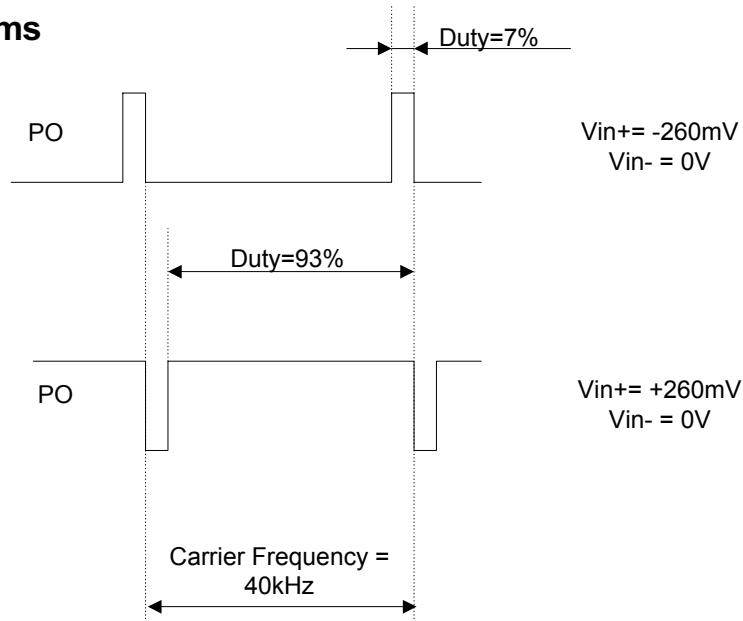


Figure 1 Output waveform

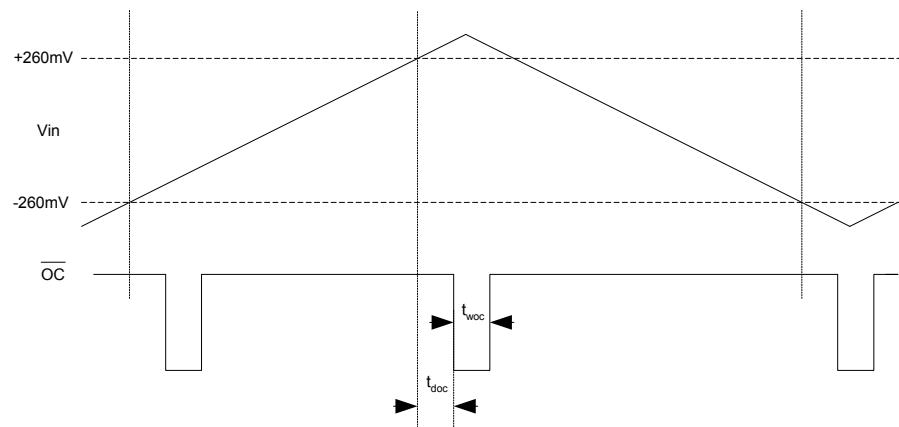


Figure 2. OC Waveform (2172 only)

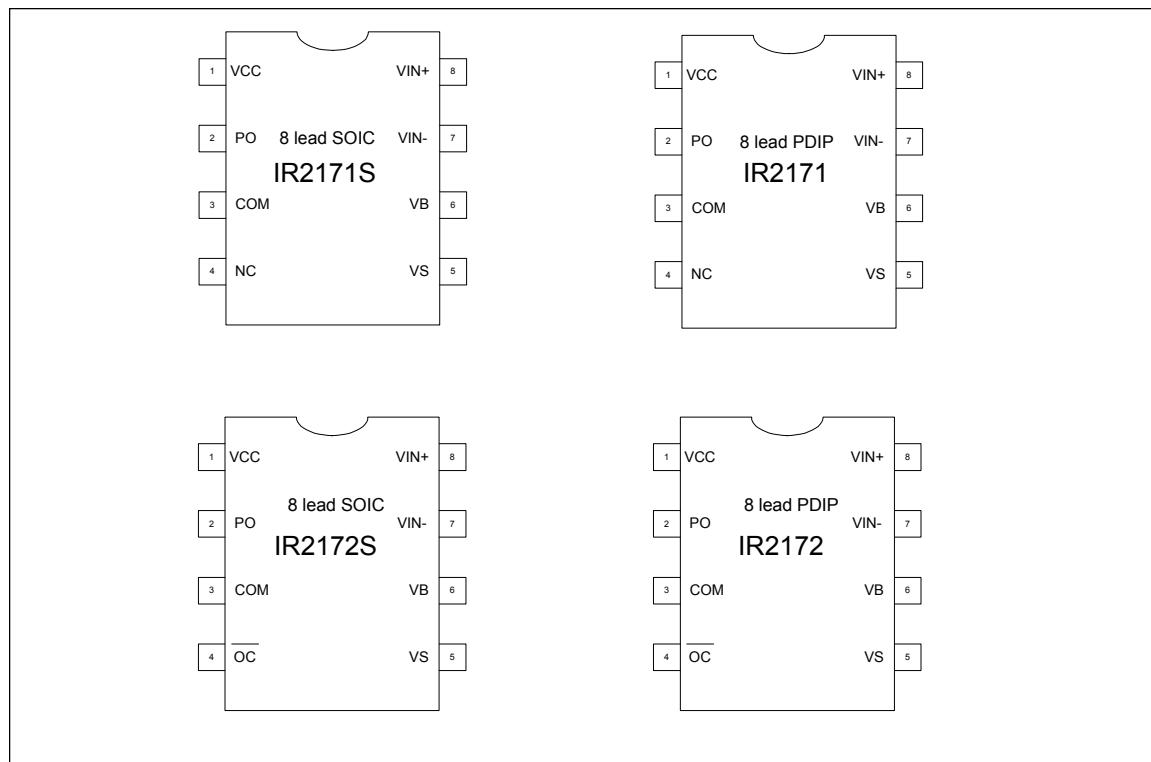
Application Hint:

Temperature drift of the output carrier frequency can be cancelled by measuring both a PWM period and the on-time of PWM (Duty) at the same time. Since both periods vary in the same direction, computing the ratio between these values at each PWM period gives consistent measurement of the current feedback over the temperature drift.

Lead Definitions

Symbol	Description
V _{CC}	Low side and logic supply voltage
COM	Low side logic ground
V _{IN+}	Positive sense input
V _{IN-}	Negative sense input
V _B	High side supply
V _S	High side return
PO	Digital PWM output
OC	Overcurrent output (negative logic) (IR2172 only)
N.C.	No connection

Lead Assignment



Case outlines

