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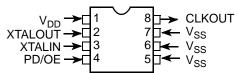
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### **Pinouts**

#### Figure 1. 8-pin SOIC pinout (Top View)



### **Pin Definitions**

8-pin SOIC

Pin Name	Pin	Pin Description
V <sub>DD</sub>	1	Voltage supply
V <sub>SS</sub>	5, 6, 7	Ground (all the pins must be grounded)
X <sub>D</sub>	2	Crystal output (leave this pin floating when external reference is used)
X <sub>G</sub>	3	Crystal input or external input reference
PWR_DWN / OE	4	One-time programmable power-down or output enable pin. PWR_DWN is active low. OE is active high. Weak pull-up.
CLKOUT	8	Clock output. Weak pull-down



### **Functional Overview**

CY2077 is an one-time programmable, high-accuracy, general-purpose, PLL-based design for use in applications such as modems, disk drives, CD-ROM drives, video CD players, DVD players, games, set-top boxes, and data/telecommunications.

CY2077 can generate a clock output up to 133 MHz at 5 V or 100 MHz at 3.3 V. It has been designed to give the customer a very accurate and stable clock frequency with little to zero PPM error. CY2077 contains a 12-bit feedback counter divider and 10-bit reference counter divider to obtain a very high resolution to meet the needs of stringent design specifications. Furthermore, there are eight output divide options of /1, /2, /4, /8, /16, /32, /64, and /128. The output divider can select between the PLL and crystal oscillator output/external clock, providing a total of 16 different options to add more flexibility in designs. TTL or CMOS duty cycles can be selected.

Power management with the CY2077 is also very flexible. The user can choose either a PWR\_DWN, or an OE feature with which both have integrated pull up resistors. PWR\_DWN and OE signals can be programmed to have asynchronous and synchronous timing with respect to the output signal. There is a weak pull down on the output that pulls CLKOUT LOW when either the PWR\_DWN or OE signal is LOW. This weak pull down can easily be overridden by another clock signal in designs where multiple clock signals share a signal path.

Multiple options for output selection, better power distribution layout, and controlled rise and fall times enable the CY2077 to be used in applications that require low jitter and accurate reference frequencies.

#### PROM Configuration Block

#### Table 1. PROM Adjustable Features

PROM Adjustable Features					
Adjust	Feedback counter value (P)				
Freq.	Reference counter value (Q)				
	Output divider selection				
	Duty cycle levels (TTL or CMOS)				
Power management mode (OE or PWR_DWN)					
Power man	Power management timing (synchronous or asynchronous)				

#### Table 2. Device Functionality: Output Frequencies

Symbol	Description	Condition	Min	Мах	Unit
Fo	Output frequency	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V	0.39	133	MHz
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V	0.39	100	MHz

#### Note

#### PLL Output Frequency

CY2077 contains a high-resolution PLL with 12-bit multiplier and 10-bit divider<sup>[2]</sup>. The output frequency of the PLL is determined by the following formula:

$$\mathsf{F}_{\mathsf{PLL}} = \frac{2 \bullet (\mathsf{P} + 5)}{(\mathsf{Q} + 2)} \bullet \mathsf{F}_{\mathsf{REF}}$$

where P is the feedback counter value and Q is the reference counter value. P and Q are One-Time programmable values.

The calculation of P and Q values for a given PLL output frequency is handled by the CyberClocks<sup>™</sup> software. Refer to Programming Procedures on page 16 for details.

#### **Power Management Features**

PWR\_DWN and OE options are configurable by PROM programming for the CY2077. In PWR\_DWN mode, all active circuits are powered down when the control pin is set LOW. When the control pin is set back HIGH, both the PLL and oscillator circuit must relock. In the case of OE, the output is three-stated and weakly pulled down when the control pin is set LOW. The oscillator and PLL are still active in this state, which leads to a quick clock output return when the control pin is set back HIGH.

Additionally, PWR\_DWN and OE can be configured to occur asynchronously or synchronously with respect to CLKOUT. In asynchronous mode, PWR\_DWN or OE disables CLKOUT immediately (allowing for logic delays), without respect to the current state of CLKOUT. Synchronous mode prevents output glitches by waiting for the next falling edge of CLKOUT after PWR\_DWN, or OE becomes asserted. In either asynchronous or synchronous setting, the output is always enabled synchronously by waiting for the next falling edge of CLKOUT.

<sup>2.</sup> When using CyClocks, note that the PLL frequency range is from 50 MHz to 250 MHz for 5 V V<sub>DD</sub> supply, and 50 MHz to 180 MHz for 3 V V<sub>DD</sub> supply. The output frequency is determined by the selected output divider.



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested. Supply voltage ......-0.5 to +7.0 V

Input voltage	–0.5 V to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5 V
Storage temperature (non-con	densing) –55°C to +150°C
Junction temperature	150°C
Static discharge voltage (per MIL-STD-883, method 30	15)≥ 2000 V

### **Operating Conditions**

For Commercial Temperature Device

Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply voltage	3.0	5.5	V
Τ <sub>Α</sub>	Operating temperature, ambient	0	+70	°C
C <sub>TTL</sub>	Max. capacitive load on outputs for TTL levels V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, output frequency = 1 MHz–40 MHz	_	50	pF
	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, output frequency = 40 MHz–125 MHz	_	25	pF
	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, output frequency = 125 MHz–133 MHz	_	15	pF
C <sub>CMOS</sub>	Max. capacitive load on outputs for CMOS levels V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, output frequency = 1 MHz–40 MHz	_	50	pF
	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, output frequency = 40 MHz–125 MHz	_	25	pF
	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, output frequency = 125 MHz–133 MHz	_	15	pF
	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V, output frequency = 1 MHz–40 MHz	_	30	pF
	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V, output frequency = 40 MHz–100 MHz	_	15	pF
X <sub>REF</sub>	Reference frequency, input crystal with C <sub>load</sub> = 10 pF	10	30	MHz
	Reference frequency, external clock source	1	75	MHz
t <sub>PU</sub>	Power-up time for all VDD's to reach minimum specified voltage (power ramps must be monotonic)	0.05	50	ms



# **Electrical Characteristics**

### $T_A = 0 \ ^{\circ}C \ to +70 \ ^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V	-	_	0.8	V
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V	-	_	0.2 × V <sub>DD</sub>	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V	2.0	_	-	V
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$	_	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA	-	-	0.4	V
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	-	-	0.4	V
V <sub>OHCMOS</sub>	High-level output voltage CMOS	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = –16 mA	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4	_	-	V
	levels	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = –8 mA	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4	-	-	V
V <sub>OHTTL</sub>	High-level output voltage TTL levels	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = –8 mA	2.4	-	-	V
IIL	Input low current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V	-	_	10	μΑ
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input high current	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$	-	_	5	μΑ
I <sub>DD</sub>	Power supply current Unloaded	$V_{DD} = 4.5 V-5.5 V,$ output frequency $\leq 133 MHz$	-	_	45	mA
		$V_{DD} = 3.0 V-3.6 V,$ output frequency $\leq 100 MHz$	-	-	25	mA
I <sub>DDS</sub> <sup>[3]</sup>	Stand-by current (PD = 0)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V	-	25	100	μΑ
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V	-	10	50	μΑ
R <sub>UP</sub>	Input pull-up resistor	$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V} - 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IN} = 0 \text{ V}$	1.1	3.0	8.0	MΩ
		$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V} - 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IN} = 0.7 \times \text{V}_{DD}$	50	100	200	kΩ
I <sub>OE_CLKOUT</sub>	CLKOUT pull-down current	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0 V	-	20	-	μΑ



# **Output Clock Switching Characteristics - Commercial**

Over the Operating Range <sup>[4]</sup>

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>1w</sub>	Output duty cycle at 1.4 V,	1 MHz–40 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> <u>≤</u> 50 pF	45	-	55	%
	$V_{DD} = 4.5 V - 5.5 V,$ $t_{1w} = t_{1A} \div t_{1B}$	40 MHz–125 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> <u>≤</u> 25 pF	45	-	55	%
		125 MHz–133 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> <u>≤</u> 15 pF	45	-	55	%
t <sub>1x</sub>	Output duty cycle at V <sub>DD</sub> /2,	1 MHz–40 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> <u>≤</u> 50 pF	45	-	55	%
	$V_{DD} = 4.5 V - 5.5 V,$ $t_{1x} = t_{1A} \div t_{1B}$	40 MHz–125 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> <u>≤</u> 25 pF	45	-	55	%
		125 MHz–133 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> <u>≤</u> 15 pF	45	-	55	%
t <sub>1y</sub>	Output duty cycle at V <sub>DD</sub> /2,	1 MHz–40 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> <u>≤</u> 30 pF	45	-	55	%
	$V_{DD} = 3.0 V - 3.6 V,$ $t_{1y} = t_{1A} \div t_{1B}$	40 MHz–100 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> ≤ 15 pF	40	_	60	%
t <sub>2</sub>	Output clock rise time	Between 0.8 V–2.0 V, V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	-	_	1.8	ns
		Between 0.8 V–2.0 V, V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 25 pF	-	_	1.2	ns
		Between 0.8 V–2.0 V, V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	-	-	0.9	ns
		Between 0.2 × $V_{DD}$ to 0.8 × $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD}$ = 4.5 V–5.5 V, $C_L$ = 50 pF	-	-	3.4	ns
		Between 0.2 × $V_{DD}$ to 0.8 × $V_{DD}$ , V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V-3.6 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF	_	-	4.0	ns
		Between 0.2 × $V_{DD}$ to 0.8 × $V_{DD}$ , V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	_	-	2.4	ns
t <sub>3</sub>	Output clock fall time	Between 0.8 V –2.0 V, V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	_	-	1.8	ns
		Between 0.8 V – 2.0 V, V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 25 pF	_	-	1.2	ns
		Between 0.8 V–2.0 V, V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	_	-	0.9	ns
		Between 0.2 × $V_{DD}$ to 0.8 × $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD}$ = 4.5 V–5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	_	-	3.4	ns
		Between 0.2 × $V_{DD}$ to 0.8 × $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD}$ = 3.0 V–3.6 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF	_	-	4.0	ns
		Between 0.2 × $V_{DD}$ to 0.8 × $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD}$ = 3.0 V-3.6 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	_	-	2.4	ns
t <sub>4</sub>	Startup time out of power-down	PWR_DWN pin LOW to HIGH <sup>[5]</sup>	_	1	2	ms
t <sub>5a</sub>	Power-down delay time (synchronous setting)	PWR_DWN pin LOW to output LOW (T = period of output CLK)	_	T/2	T + 10	ns
t <sub>5b</sub>	Power-down delay time (asynchronous setting)	PWR_DWN pin LOW to output LOW	_	10	15	ns
t <sub>6</sub>	Power-up time	From power-on <sup>[5]</sup>	-	1	2	ms

#### Notes

4. Not all parameters measured in production testing.
5. Oscillator start time can not be guaranteed for all crystal types. This specification is for operation with AT cut crystals with ESR < 70 Ω.</li>



### Output Clock Switching Characteristics - Commercial (continued)

### Over the Operating Range <sup>[4]</sup>

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>7a</sub>	Output disable time (synchronous setting)	OE pin LOW to output high-Z (T = period of output CLK)	-	T/2	T + 10	ns
t <sub>7b</sub>	Output disable time (asynchronous setting)	OE pin LOW to output high-Z	-	10	15	ns
t <sub>8</sub>	Output enable time (always synchronous enable)	OE pin LOW to HIGH (T = period of output CLK)	-	Т	(1.5 × T) + 25	ns
t <sub>9</sub>	Peak-to-peak period jitter	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V, 4.5 V–5.5 V, Fo > 33 MHz, V <sub>CO</sub> > 100 MHz	-	80	150	ps
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–5.5 V, Fo < 33 MHz	_	0.3%	1%	% of $F_{O}$

### **Operating Conditions**

#### For Industrial Temperature Device

Parameter	Description	Min	Мах	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply voltage	3.0	5.5	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating temperature, ambient	-40	+85	°C
C <sub>TTL</sub>	Max. capacitive load on outputs for TTL levels V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, output frequency = 1 MHz–40 MHz	_	35	pF
	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, output frequency = 40 MHz–125 MHz	-	15	pF
	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, output frequency = 125 MHz–133 MHz	-	10	pF
C <sub>CMOS</sub>	Max. capacitive load on outputs for CMOS levels V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, output frequency = 1 MHz–40 MHz	_	35	pF
	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, output frequency = 40 MHz–125 MHz	-	15	pF
	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, output frequency = 125 MHz–133 MHz	-	10	pF
	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V, output frequency = 1 MHz–40 MHz	-	20	pF
	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V, output frequency = 40 MHz–100 MHz	-	10	pF
X <sub>REF</sub>	Reference frequency, input crystal with C <sub>load</sub> = 10 pF	10	30	MHz
	Reference frequency, external clock source	1	75	MHz
t <sub>PU</sub>	Power-up time for all VDD's to reach minimum specified voltage (power ramps must be monotonic)	0.05	50	ms



# **Electrical Characteristics**

### $T_A = -40 \text{ °C to } +85 \text{ °C}$

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V	-	_	0.8	V
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V	-	_	0.2 × V <sub>DD</sub>	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V	2.0	_	-	V
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$	_	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA	-	-	0.4	V
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	-	-	0.4	V
V <sub>OHCMOS</sub>	DS High-level output voltage,	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = –16 mA	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4	_	-	V
	CMOS levels	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = –8 mA	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4	-	-	V
V <sub>OHTTL</sub>	High-level output voltage, TTL levels	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = –8 mA	2.4	-	-	V
IIL	Input low current	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V	-	_	10	μΑ
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input high current	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$	-	_	5	μΑ
I <sub>DD</sub>	Power supply current, Unloaded	$V_{DD} = 4.5 V-5.5 V,$ output frequency $\leq 133 \text{ MHz}$	-	-	45	mA
		$V_{DD} = 3.0 V-3.6 V,$ output frequency $\leq 100 MHz$	-	-	25	mA
I <sub>DDS</sub> <sup>[6]</sup>	Stand-by current (PD = 0)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V	-	25	100	μΑ
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V	-	10	50	
R <sub>UP</sub>	Input pull-up resistor	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V	1.1	3.0	8.0	MΩ
		$V_{DD} = 4.5 \text{ V} - 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{IN} = 0.7 \times \text{V}_{DD}$	50	100	200	kΩ
I <sub>OE_CLKOUT</sub>	CLKOUT pull-down current	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0 V	-	20	-	μΑ



# **Output Clock Switching Characteristics - Industrial**

Over the Operating Range [7]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>1w</sub>	Output duty cycle at 1.4 V,	1 MHz–40 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> <u>≤</u> 35 pF	45	-	55	%
	$V_{DD} = 4.5 V - 5.5 V,$ $t_{1w} = t_{1A} \div t_{1B}$	40 MHz–125 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> <u>≤</u> 15 pF	45	-	55	%
		125 MHz–133 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> <u>≤</u> 10 pF	45	-	55	%
t <sub>1x</sub>	Output duty cycle at V <sub>DD</sub> /2,	1 MHz–40 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> <u>≤</u> 35 pF	45	-	55	%
	$V_{DD} = 4.5 V - 5.5 V,$ $t_{1x} = t_{1A} \div t_{1B}$	40 MHz–125 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> <u>≤</u> 15 pF	45	-	55	%
		125 MHz–133 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> <u>&lt;</u> 10 pF	45	-	55	%
t <sub>1y</sub>	Output duty cycle at $V_{DD}/2$ ,	1 MHz–40 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> <u>≤</u> 20 pF	45	-	55	%
	$V_{DD} = 3.0 V - 3.6 V,$ $t_{1y} = t_{1A} \div t_{1B}$	40 MHz–100 MHz, C <sub>L</sub> <u>≤</u> 10 pF	40	_	60	%
t <sub>2</sub>	Output clock rise time	Between 0.8 V–2.0 V, V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF	_	_	1.8	ns
		Between 0.8 V– 2.0 V, V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	_	-	1.2	ns
		Between 0.8 V–2.0 V, V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF	-	-	0.9	ns
		Between 0.2 × $V_{DD}$ to 0.8 × $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD}$ = 4.5 V–5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF	-	-	3.4	ns
		Between 0.2 × $V_{DD}$ to 0.8 × $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD}$ = 3.0 V–3.6 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 20 pF	-	-	4.0	ns
		Between 0.2 × $V_{DD}$ to 0.8 × $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD}$ = 3.0 V-3.6 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF	_	-	2.4	ns
t <sub>3</sub>	Output clock fall time	Between 0.8 V–2.0 V, V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF	_	-	1.8	ns
		Between 0.8 V–2.0 V, V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF	_	-	1.2	ns
		Between 0.8 V–2.0 V, V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.5 V–5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF	_	-	0.9	ns
		Between 0.2 × $V_{DD}$ to 0.8 × $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD}$ = 4.5 V–5.5 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF	-	-	3.4	ns
		Between 0.2 × $V_{DD}$ to 0.8 × $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD}$ = 3.0 V–3.6 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 20 pF	-	-	4.0	ns
		Between 0.2 × $V_{DD}$ to 0.8 × $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD}$ = 3.0 V–3.6 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF	_	-	2.4	ns
t <sub>4</sub>	Startup time out of Power-down	PWR_DWN pin LOW to HIGH <sup>[8]</sup>	_	1	2	ms
t <sub>5a</sub>	Power-down delay time (synchronous setting)	PWR_DWN pin LOW to output LOW (T = period of output clk)	_	T/2	T + 10	ns
t <sub>5b</sub>	Power-down delay time (asynchronous setting)	PWR_DWN pin LOW to output LOW	_	10	15	ns
t <sub>6</sub>	Power-up time	From power on <sup>[8]</sup>	-	1	2	ms

#### Notes

Not all parameters measured in production testing.
Oscillator start time can not be guaranteed for all crystal types. This specification is for operation with AT cut crystals with ESR < 70Ω.</li>



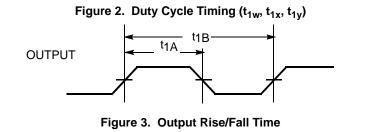
# Output Clock Switching Characteristics - Industrial (continued)

Over the Operating Range <sup>[7]</sup>

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>7a</sub>	Output Disable time (synchronous setting)	OE pin LOW to output high-Z (T = period of output clk)	-	T/2	T + 10	ns
t <sub>7b</sub>	Output Disable time (asynchronous setting)	OE pin LOW to output high-Z	-	10	15	ns
t <sub>8</sub>	Output Enable time (always synchronous enable)	OE pin LOW to HIGH (T = period of output clk)	-	Т	(1.5 × T) + 25	ns
t <sub>9</sub>	Peak-to-peak period jitter	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V–3.6 V, 4.5 V–5.5 V, Fo > 33 MHz, V <sub>CO</sub> > 100 MHz	-	80	150	ps
		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 V – 5.5 V, Fo < 33 MHz	_	0.3%	1%	% of $F_O$



### **Switching Waveforms**



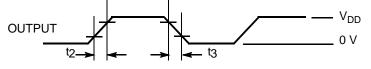
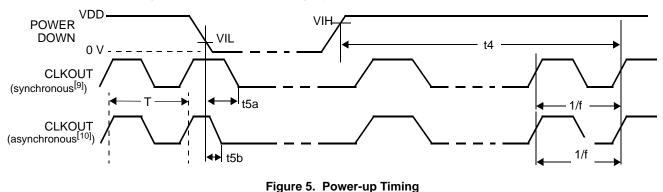


Figure 4. Power-down Timing (synchronous and asynchronous modes)



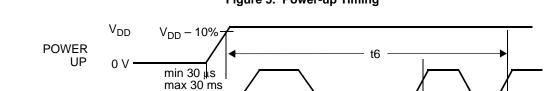
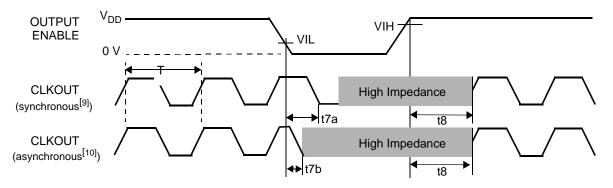


Figure 6. Output Enable Timing (synchronous and asynchronous modes)



#### Notes

In synchronous mode, the power-down or output three-state is not initiated until the next falling edge of the output clock.
In asynchronous mode, the power-down or output three-state occurs within 25 ns regardless of position in the output clock cycle.

CLKOUT



### **Typical Rise/Fall Time Trends**

For CY2077 [11]

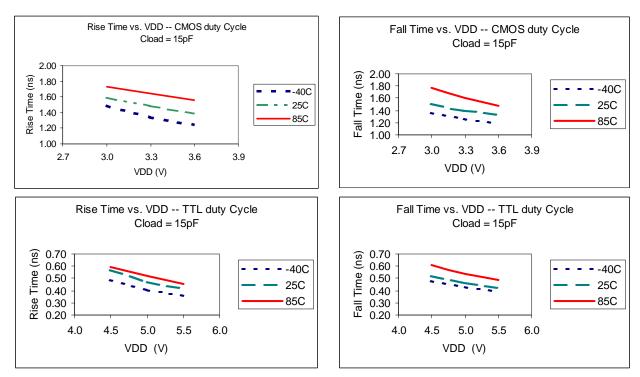
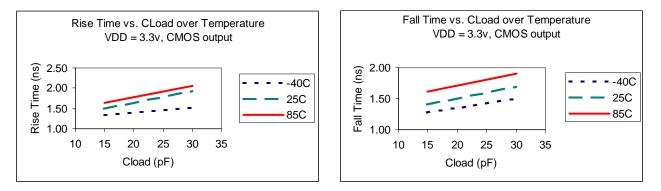


Figure 7. Rise/Fall Time vs. VDD over Temperatures

Figure 8. Rise/Fall Time vs. Output Loads over Temperatures



#### Note

11. Rise/Fall time for CMOS output is measured between 1.2  $V_{DD}$  and 0.8 x  $V_{DD}$ . Rise/Fall time for TTL output is measured between 0.8 V and 2.0 V.



### **Typical Duty Cycle Trends**

For CY2077 [12]

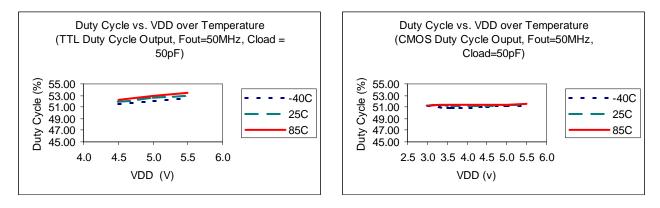
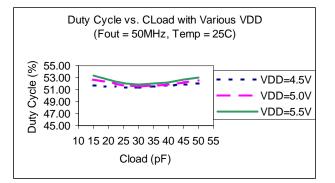
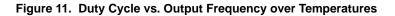
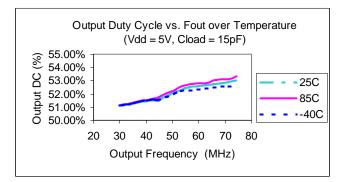


Figure 9. Duty Cycle vs. V<sub>DD</sub> over Temperatures





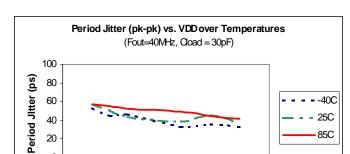






### **Typical Jitter Trends**

For CY2077



40

20 0 2.5

3.0

3.5

4.0

VDD(V)

- 25C

6.0

85C

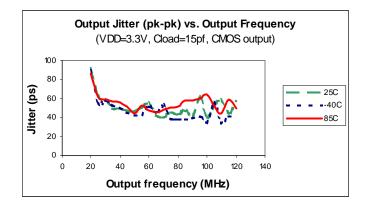
Figure 12. Period Jitter (pk-pk) vs.  $V_{\text{DD}}$  over Temperatures

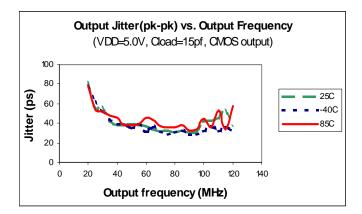


4.5

5.0

5.5







### **Programming Procedures**

Currently the CY2077 is available only as a field-programmable device, as indicated by an "F" in the ordering code.

Devices may be programmed using the CY3672-USB programmer, or through programmers available from third party programmer manufacturers such as Hi-Lo Systems and BP Micro. Programming services are also available from third parties, including some Cypress distribution partners.

To generate a JEDEC format programming file, customers must use CyClocks software. This software automatically calculates

the output frequencies that can be generated by CY2077 devices. The CyClocks software is a subset of the larger software tool CyberClocks, which is available free of charge from the Cypress web site (http://www.cypress.com). CyberClocks is installed on a PC and must not be confused with the web-based application CyberClocks Online.

For high volume designs, factory programming of customer-specific configurations is available on other 8-pin devices such as the CY22180, CY22801 and CY22381. Factory programming is no longer offered for new designs using the CY2077.

### **Ordering Information**

Ordering Code <sup>[14]</sup>	Package Name	Package Type	Operating Temperature Range	Operating Voltage			
Pb-Free	²b-Free						
CY2077FSXC	S8	8-pin SOIC	Commercial (T = 0 °C to 70 °C)	3.3 V or 5 V			
CY2077FSXCT	S8	8-pin SOIC –Tape and Reel	Commercial (T = 0 °C to 70 °C)	3.3 V or 5 V			
CY2077FZZ	Z8	8-pin TSSOP	Commercial (T = 0 °C to 70 °C)	3.3 V or 5 V			
CY2077FZXI	Z8	8-pin TSSOP	Industrial (T = $-40 \text{ °C to } 85 \text{ °C}$ )	3.3 V or 5 V			
CY2077FZXIT	Z8	8-pin TSSOP –Tape and Reel	Industrial (T = $-40 \text{ °C to } 85 \text{ °C}$ )	3.3 V or 5 V			
Programmer							
CY3672-USB	Programming Kit						
CY3696	Socket adapter board, for programming CY2077FS (SOIC Package)						
CY3697	Socket adapter board, for programming CY2077FZ (TSSOP Package)						

#### Table 3. Obsolete or Not For New Designs

	Original Device	Replacement Device		
Ordering Code [13, 14]	Description	Ordering Code	Description	
CY2077SC-xxx		none		
CY2077SC-xxxT		none		
CY2077SI-xxx		none		
CY2077SI-xxxT		none		
CY2077SXC-xxx		none		
CY2077SXC-xxxT		none		
CY2077ZC-xxx		none		
CY2077ZC-xxxT		none		
CY2077ZI-xxx		none		
CY2077ZI-xxxT		none		
CY2077ZXC-xxx		none		
CY2077ZXC-xxxT		none		
CY2077FSI	SOIC, Industrial (T = $-40$ °C to 85 °C)	CY2077FSXC	Pb-free SOIC, Commercial	
CY2077FZ	TSSOP, Commercial (T = 0 °C to 70 °C)	CY2077FZZ	Pb-free TSSOP, Commercial	
CY2077FZI	TSSOP, Industrial (T = -40 °C to 85 °C)	CY2077FZXI	Pb-free TSSOP, Industrial	

#### Notes

<sup>13.</sup> The CY2077SC-xxx(T), CY2077SI-xxx(T), CY2077SXC-xxx(T), CY2077ZC-xxx(T), CY2077ZI-xxx(T) and CY2077ZXC-xxx(T), are factory programmed configurations. Factory programming is available for high-volume design opportunities. For more details, contact your local Cypress FAE or Cypress Sales Representative.

<sup>14.</sup> The CY2077F are field programmable. For more details, contact your local Cypress FAE or Cypress Sales Representative.

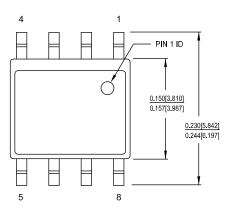


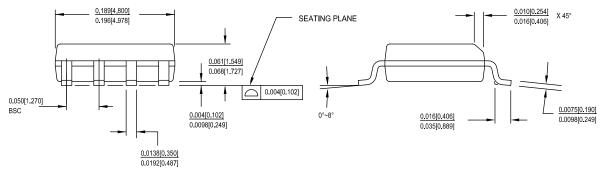
### **Package Diagrams**

#### Figure 14. 8-pin SOIC (150 Mils) Package Outline, 51-85066

- 1. DIMENSIONS IN INCHES[MM] MIN. MAX.
- 2. PIN 1 ID IS OPTIONAL, ROUND ON SINGLE LEADFRAME RECTANGULAR ON MATRIX LEADFRAME
- 3. REFERENCE JEDEC MS-012
- 4. PACKAGE WEIGHT 0.07gms

PART #		
S08.15	STANDARD PKG	
SZ08.15	LEAD FREE PKG	
SW8.15	LEAD FREE PKG	



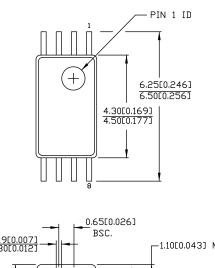


51-85066 \*H



### Package Diagrams (continued)

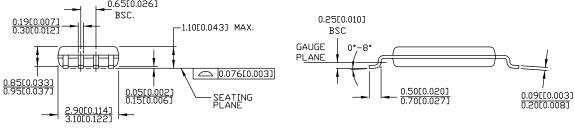




DIMENSIONS IN MMEINCHES] MIN. MAX.

REFERENCE JEDEC MD-153

	PART #
Z08.173	STANDARD PKG.
ZZ08.173	LEAD FREE PKG.



51-85093 \*E



# **Document History Page**

Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Sumbission Date	Description of Change
**	111727	DSG	02/07/02	Convert from Spec number: 38-01009 to 38-07210
*A	114938	CKN	07/24/02	Added table and notes to page 11
*В	121843	RBI	12/14/02	Power up requirements added to Operating Conditions Information
*C	2104546	PYG/KVM /AESA	See ECN	Updated Ordering Information table Replaced the "Custom Configuration Request Procedure" section with "Programming Procedures" Updated package diagrams
*D	2631183	KVM / AESA	01/06/09	CY2077FS removed from the active part number table. Added CY2077FZXI and CY2077FZXIT to the Ordering Information table. Corrected wording on p. 2 about when the weak output pull-down is active. Added to Table 1 to indicate that PWR_DWN is active low and OE is active high. Updated to new template.
*E	2905892	СХQ	04/07/10	Updated Ordering Information: Updated Table 3: Removed inactive part CY2077FS. Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85066 – Changed revision from *C to *D. spec 51-85093 – Changed revision from *A to *B.
*F	3388539	MNSB / PURU	09/29/11	Updated Programming Procedures: Replaced "CY3670" with "CY3672-USB". Updated Ordering Information: Updated part numbers. Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85066 – Changed revision from *D to *E. spec 51-85093 – Changed revision from *B to *C.
*G	3514611	PURU	02/01/2012	Removed Benefits. Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85093 – Changed revision from *C to *D.
*H	4575273	PURU	11/20/2014	Updated Functional Description: Added "For a complete list of related documentation, click here." at the enc Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85066 – Changed revision from *E to *F. spec 51-85093 – Changed revision from *D to *E.
*	4694396	TAVA	03/20/2015	Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85066 – Changed revision from *F to *G. Updated to new template.
*Ј	5766130	PSR	06/07/2017	Updated Document Title to read as "CY2077, High-Accuracy One-Time Programmable Single-PLL Clock Generator". Replaced "EPROM Programmable" with "One-time Programmable" in all instances across the document. Replaced "EPROM" with "PROM" in all instances across the document. Updated Logic Block Diagram. Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85066 – Changed revision from *G to *H. Updated to new template.



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#### Document Number: 38-07210 Rev. \*J

#### Revised June 7, 2017

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