ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V _{CC} to GND0.3V to +6.0V	Digita
SHDN to GND0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3V)	BUF
STBY, BUFEN, MODE, EN, DATA,	Contir
CLK, DIVSEL0.3V to (VCC + 0.3V)	28-F
VGC to GND0.3V, the lesser of $+4.2V$ or $(V_{CC} + 0.3V)$	Opera
AC Signals TANKH ±, TANKL ±,	Junct
REF, FM ±, CDMA ±1.0V peak	Storag

Digital Input Current SHDN, MODE, DIVSEL,
BUFEN, DATA, CLK, EN, STBY±10m/
Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70$ °C)
28-Pin QFN (derate 28.5mW/°C above T _A = +70°C)2V
Operating Temperature Range40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature+150°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to +160°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = +2.7V \text{ to } +3.6V, \text{MODE} = \text{DIVSEL} = \overline{\text{SHDN}} = \overline{\text{STBY}} = \overline{\text{BUFEN}} = \text{high, differential output load} = 10k\Omega, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C, registers set to default power-up settings. Typical values are at <math>V_{CC} = +2.75V \text{ and } T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C, unless otherwise noted.})$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	COND	ITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
		CDMA mode	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		25.9	37.5	
		CDIVIA Mode	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$			41.5	
		FM IQ mode	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		25.4	36.7	
		FIVI_IQ IIIOGE	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$			40.6	
		FM I mode	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		24.7	35.7	
Supply Current (Note 1)	Icc	rivi_i illode	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$			39.5	mA
(Note 1)		STANDBY (VCO_H)	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		12.3	18.8	
		STANDBT (VCO_II)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$			20.7	
		STANDBY (VCO_L)	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		11.4	18.4	
		STANDBT (VCO_L)	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$			20.3	
		Addition for LO out (Ē	BUFEN = low)		3.5		
Shutdown Current	Icc	SHDN = low			1.5	10	μΑ
Register Shutdown Current	Icc				4	5.8	mA
Logic High				2.0			V
Logic Low						0.5	V
Logic High Input Current	l _{IH}			2			μΑ
Logic Low Input Current	I _{IL}					2	μΑ
VGC Control Input Current		$0.5V < V_{VGC} < 2.3V$		-5		5	μΑ
VGC Control Input Current During Shutdown		SHDN = low				1	μΑ
Lock Indicator High (locked)		47kΩ load		2.0			V
Lock Indicator Low (unlocked)		47kΩ load				0.5	V
DC Offset Voltage		I+ to I- and Q+ to Q-	, PLL locked	-20	±1.5	+20	mV
Common-Mode Output Voltage		$V_{CC} = +2.75V$ $V_{CC} - 1.4$					

______NIXI/N

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(MAX2306/MAX2308/MAX2309 EV kit, V_{CC} = +2.75V, registers set to default power-up states except M1 = M2 = 306, R1 = R2 = 16, flN = 183.7MHz, fREF = 19.2MHz, 0.6Vp-p synthesizer locked with passive 3rd-order lead-lag loop filter, \overline{SHDN} = high, VGC set for +35dB voltage gain, differential output load = $10k\Omega$, all power levels referred to 50Ω , T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	C	ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Frequency	fiN	(Note 2)		40		300	MHz
Reference Frequency	f _{REF}					39	MHz
Frequency Reference Signal Level	V _{REF}			0.2			Vp-p
SIGNAL PATH, CDMA MODE		•					
		Gain = -35dB, (No	ote 3)		3.4		
Input 3rd-Order Intercept	IIP3	Gain = +35dB, T _A (Notes 4, 5)	$_{\circ}$ = -40°C to +85°C	-38	-31.0		dBm
1. 14.15.0	-	Gain = -35dB		-9			
Input 1dB Compression	P _{1dB}	Gain = +35dB		-44			dBm
land to OF dD Daniel the time		(NI=+= ()	Gain = -35dB		-14.8		-ID
Input 0.25dB Desensitization		(Note 6)	Gain = +35dB		-49		dBm
Minimum Voltage Gain	Ay	V _{VGC} = 0.5V (Note	e 5)		-56	-51	dB
Maximum Voltage Gain	Ay	V _{VGC} = 2.3V (Note	e 5)	57	61		dB
DSB Noise Figure	NF	Gain = -35dB	ain = -35dB		62.9		dBm
D3B Noise Figure	INF	Gain = +35dB			6.36		иын
SIGNAL PATH, FM_IQ MODE							
		Gain = -35dB, (No	ote 7)		-6.5		
Input 3rd-Order Intercept	IIP3	Gain = +35dB, T _A (Notes 5, 8)	Gain = +35dB, T _A = -40°C to +85°C (Notes 5, 8)				dBm
	_	Gain = -35dB		-20			
Input 1dB Compression	P _{1dB}	Gain = +35dB		-44			dBm
Minimum Voltage Gain	Ay	V _{VGC} = 0.5V (Note	e 5)		-56.7	-52	dB
Maximum Voltage Gain	Ay	V _{VGC} = 2.3V (Note	e 5)	56	59.5		dB
SIGNAL PATH, CDMA AND FM_I	Q MODE			•			
Gain Variation Over Temperature		Normalized to +25	5°C		±2.5		dB
Baseband 0.5dB Bandwidth					4.2		MHz
Quadrature Suppression		$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85$	°C (Note 5)	28	40		dB
LO to Baseband Leakage					1		mVp-p
Saturated Output Level	VSAT	Differential			2.7		Vp-p
PHASE-LOCKED LOOP				<u>.</u>			
VCO Tune Range	F _V CO_L	(Note 2)		80		300	MHz
voo rune kange	Fvco_H	(Note 2)		135		600	IVII IZ
LO_OUT Output Power	PLO	$R_L = 50\Omega$, BUFEN		-13.7		dBm	
VCO Minimum Divide Ratio	M1, M2					256	
VCO Maximum Divide Ratio	M1, M2			16383			
REF Minimum Divide Ratio	R1, R2					2	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(MAX2306/MAX2308/MAX2309 EV kit, $V_{CC} = +2.75V$, registers set to default power-up states except M1 = M2 = 306, R1 = R2 = 16, $f_{IN} = 183.7 MHz$, $f_{REF} = 19.2 MHz$, 0.6Vp-p synthesizer locked with passive 3rd-order lead-lag loop filter, $\overline{SHDN} = high$, VGC set for +35dB voltage gain, differential output load = $10k\Omega$, all power levels referred to 50Ω , $T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
REF Maximum Divide Ratio	R1, R2		2047			
Minimum Phase Detector Comparison Frequency		(Note 5)			20	kHz
Maximum Phase Detector Comparison Frequency		(Note 5)	1500			kHz
		1kHz offset, T _A = -40°C to +85°C		-79.6		
		12.5kHz offset, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$		-94.6		
Phase Noise		$30kHz$ offset, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$		-105		dBc/Hz
		120kHz offset, $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$		-115.3		
		900kHz offset, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$		-125		
TURBO LOCK						
		Acquisition, CPX = XX, TC =1	1480	2100	2650	
		Locked, CPX = 00	105	150	190	
Charge-Pump Source/Sink Current		Locked, CPX = 01	150	210	265	μΑ
Current		Locked, CPX = 10	210	300	380	
		Locked, CPX = 11	300	425	530	
Charge-Pump Source/Sink Matching		Locked, all values of CPX, 0.5V < V _{CP} < V _{CC} - 0.5V				%

Note 1: FM_IQ and FM_I modes are not available on MAX2309.

Note 2: Recommended operating frequency range. Contact factory for operating frequency outside this range.

Note 3: $f_1 = 183.7 \text{MHz}$, $f_2 = 183.71 \text{MHz}$, $P_{f1} = P_{f2} = -15 \text{dBm}$.

Note 4: $f_1 = 183.7 \text{MHz}$, $f_2 = 183.71 \text{MHz}$, $P_{f1} = P_{f2} = -50 \text{dBm}$.

Note 5: Guaranteed by design.

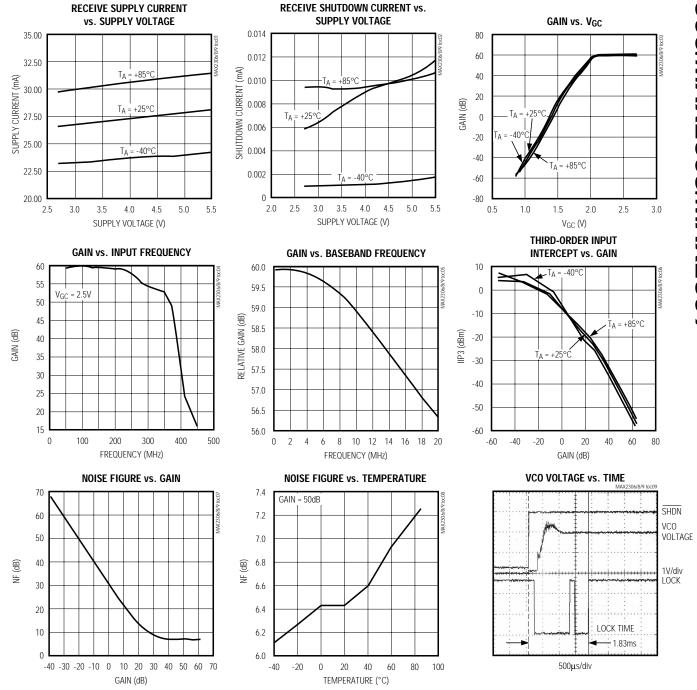
Note 6: Small-signal gain at 200kHz below the LO frequency will be reduced by less than 0.25dB when an interfering signal at 1.25MHz below the LO frequency is applied at the specified level.

Note 7: $f_1 = 183.7 \text{MHz}$, $f_2 = 183.71 \text{MHz}$, $P_{f1} = P_{f2} = -23 \text{dBm}$.

Note 8: $f_1 = 183.7 \text{MHz}$, $f_2 = 183.71 \text{MHz}$, $P_{f1} = P_{f2} = -55 \text{dBm}$.

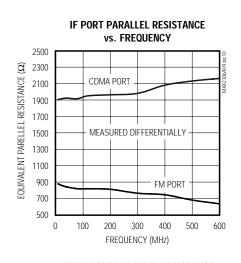
Typical Operating Characteristics

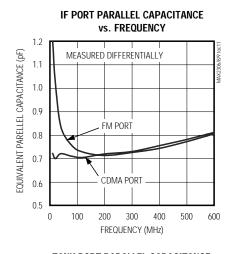
(MAX2306/MAX2308/MAX2309 EV kits, V_{CC} = +2.75V, registers set to default power-up states, f_{IN} = 183.7MHz, f_{REF} = 19.2MHz, synthesizer locked with passive 3rd-order lead-lag loop filter, \overline{SHDN} = high, VGC set for +35dB voltage gain, differential output load = 10k Ω , all power levels referred to 50 Ω , TA = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

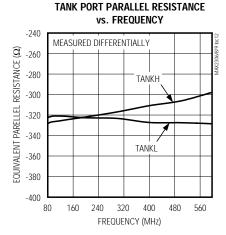


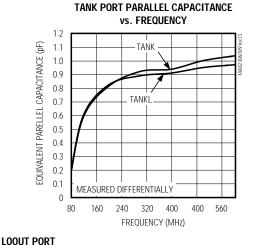
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

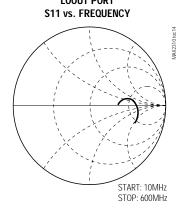
(MAX2306/MAX2308/MAX2309 EV kits, V_{CC} = +2.75V, registers set to default power-up states, f_{IN} = 183.7MHz, f_{REF} = 19.2MHz, synthesizer locked with passive 3rd-order lead-lag loop filter, \overline{SHDN} = high, VGC set for +35dB voltage gain, differential output load = 10k Ω , all power levels referred to 50 Ω , TA = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)











Pin Description

MAX2306 MAX2308 MAX2309 MAX2309 TANKL+, TANKL+, TANKL+, TANKL+, TANKL+, TANKL+, TANKH+, TANK		PIN			
TANKL TANKL TANKH TA	MAX2306	MAX2308	MAX2309	NAME	FUNCTION
2, 3 2, 3 1, 2 TANKH+, TANKH. Differential Tank Input for High-Frequency Oscillator	1, 28	_	_		Differential Tank Input for Low-Frequency Oscillator
TANKH- Unterential raink input for High-Frequency Oscillator	_	1, 4	_	N.C.	No Connection. Must be left open-circuit.
Hodge Select. High selects CDMA mode; low selects FM mode. Hodge Select. High selects CDMA mode; low selects FM mode. Hodge Internal VCO Output. Depending on setting of BD bit, LOOUT is either the VCO frequency (twice the IF frequency) or one-half the VCO frequency (equal to the IF frequency). Figure 1	2, 3	2, 3	1, 2		Differential Tank Input for High-Frequency Oscillator
- 4 LOOUT Internal VCO Output. Depending on setting of BD bit, LOOUT is either the VCO frequency (wice the IF frequency) or one-half the VCO frequency (equal to the IF frequency). 5 5 5 5 VCC +2.7V to +5.5V Supply 6 6 6 6 GND Ground 7 7 7 7 REF Reference Frequency Input 8 8 8 SHDN Shutdown Input—active low. Low powers down entire device, including registers and serial interface. 9, 10 9, 10 9, 10 IOUT+, IOUT- Differential In-Phase Baseband Output, or FM signal output if FM_I mode is selected. 11 11 11 LOCK Lock Output—open-collector pin. Logic high indicates phase-locked condition. 12, 13 12, 13 12, 13 OOUT-, OOUT+ mode is selected. 14 14 14 14 CLK Clock input of the 3-wire serial bus 15 15 15 EN Enable Input. When low, input shift register is enabled. 16 16 16 DATA Data input of the 3-wire serial bus 17 17 17 VCC +2.7V to +5.5V Supply 18 18 18 18 VGC VGA Gain Control Input. Control voltage range is 0.5V to 2.3V. 19, 20 19, 20 19, 20 CDMA-, CDMA+ Differential CDMA Input. Active in CDMA mode. 21 21 — FM+ Differential Positive Input. Active in FM mode. Differential Negative Input. Active in FM mode. Differential Negative Input. Active in FM signal. Bypass to GND for single-ended operation.	_	_	3	BUFEN	LO Buffer Amplifier—active low
### Big Park Court Either the VCO frequency (twice the IF frequency) or one-half the VCO frequency (equal to the IF frequency). 5	4	_	_	MODE	Mode Select. High selects CDMA mode; low selects FM mode.
6 6 6 GND Ground 7 7 7 7 REF Reference Frequency Input 8 8 8 SHDN Shutdown Input—active low. Low powers down entire device, including registers and serial interface. 9, 10 9, 10 9, 10 IOUT+, IOUT- Differential In-Phase Baseband Output, or FM signal output if FM_I mode is selected. 11 11 11 LOCK Lock Output—open-collector pin. Logic high indicates phase-locked condition. 12, 13 12, 13 12, 13 QOUT+, QOUT+ mode is selected. 14 14 14 CLK Clock input of the 3-wire serial bus 15 15 15 EN Enable Input. When low, input shift register is enabled. 16 16 16 DATA Data input of the 3-wire serial bus. 17 17 17 VCC +2.7V to +5.5V Supply 18 18 18 YGC VGA Gain Control Input. Control voltage range is 0.5V to 2.3V. 19, 20 19, 20 19, 20 CDMA+, CDMA+ Differential CDMA Input. Active in CDMA mode. 21 21 — FM+ Differential Positive Input for FM signal. Bypass to GND for single-ended operation.	_	_	4	LOOUT	either the VCO frequency (twice the IF frequency) or one-half the
7 7 REF Reference Frequency Input 8 8 SHDN Shutdown Input—active low. Low powers down entire device, including registers and serial interface. 9, 10 9, 10 9, 10 IOUT+, IOUT- Differential In-Phase Baseband Output, or FM signal output if FM_I mode is selected. 11 11 11 LOCK Lock Output—open-collector pin. Logic high indicates phase-locked condition. 12, 13 12, 13 12, 13 QOUT-, QOUT+ mode is selected. 14 14 14 CLK Clock input of the 3-wire serial bus 15 15 EN Enable Input. When low, input shift register is enabled. 16 16 16 DATA Data input of the 3-wire serial bus. 17 17 17 VCC +2.7V to +5.5V Supply 18 18 18 VGC VGA Gain Control Input. Control voltage range is 0.5V to 2.3V. 19, 20 19, 20 19, 20 CDMA-, CDMA+ CDMA Input. Active in CDMA mode. 21 21 — FM+ Differential Negative Input. Active in FM mode. 21 21 — FM- Differential Negative Input for FM signal. Bypass to GND for single-ended operation. <td>5</td> <td>5</td> <td>5</td> <td>Vcc</td> <td>+2.7V to +5.5V Supply</td>	5	5	5	Vcc	+2.7V to +5.5V Supply
8 8 8 8 NHDN Shutdown Input—active low. Low powers down entire device, including registers and serial interface. 9, 10 9, 10 9, 10 IOUT+, IOUT- Differential In-Phase Baseband Output, or FM signal output if FM_I mode is selected. 11 11 11 LOCK Lock Output—open-collector pin. Logic high indicates phase-locked condition. 12, 13 12, 13 OOUT-, QOUT+ mode is selected. 14 14 14 CLK Clock input of the 3-wire serial bus 15 15 I5 EN Enable Input. When low, input shift register is enabled. 16 16 16 DATA Data input of the 3-wire serial bus. 17 17 17 VCC +2.7V to +5.5V Supply 18 18 18 VGC VGA Gain Control Input. Control voltage range is 0.5V to 2.3V. 19, 20 19, 20 19, 20 CDMA-, CDMA+ Differential Positive Input. Active in CDMA mode. 21 21 — FM+ Differential Negative Input for FM signal. Bypass to GND for single-ended operation. Standby Input—active low. Low powers down VGA and demodulator while keeping VCO, PLL, and serial bus on.	6	6	6	GND	Ground
SHDN including registers and serial interface.	7	7	7	REF	Reference Frequency Input
11 11 11 LOCK Lock Output—open-collector pin. Logic high indicates phase-locked condition. 12, 13 12, 13 12, 13 QOUT+ OUTFUT Differential Quadrature-Phase Baseband Output. Disabled if FM_I mode is selected. 14	8	8	8	SHDN	
11	9, 10	9, 10	9, 10		i e i
12, 13 12, 13 QOUT+ mode is selected.	11	11	11	LOCK	
15 15 EN Enable Input. When low, input shift register is enabled.	12, 13	12, 13	12, 13	,	·
16 16 16 DATA Data input of the 3-wire serial bus. 17 17 17 VCC +2.7V to +5.5V Supply 18 18 18 VGC VGA Gain Control Input. Control voltage range is 0.5V to 2.3V. 19, 20 19, 20 19, 20 CDMA-, CDMA+ 21 21 — FM+ Differential Positive Input. Active in CDMA mode. 22 22 — FM- Differential Negative Input for FM signal. Bypass to GND for single-ended operation. 38	14	14	14	CLK	Clock input of the 3-wire serial bus
17 17 17 VCC +2.7V to +5.5V Supply 18 18 18 VGC VGA Gain Control Input. Control voltage range is 0.5V to 2.3V. 19, 20 19, 20 CDMA-, CDMA+ Differential CDMA Input. Active in CDMA mode. 21 21 — FM+ Differential Positive Input. Active in FM mode. 22 22 — FM- Differential Negative Input for FM signal. Bypass to GND for single-ended operation. — 22 STBY Standby Input—active low. Low powers down VGA and demodulator while keeping VCO, PLL, and serial bus on.	15	15	15	ĒN	Enable Input. When low, input shift register is enabled.
18 18 18 VGC VGA Gain Control Input. Control voltage range is 0.5V to 2.3V. 19, 20 19, 20 CDMA-, CDMA+ Differential CDMA Input. Active in CDMA mode. 21 21 — FM+ Differential Positive Input. Active in FM mode. 22 22 — FM- Differential Negative Input for FM signal. Bypass to GND for single-ended operation. — 22 STBY Standby Input—active low. Low powers down VGA and demodulator while keeping VCO, PLL, and serial bus on.	16	16	16	DATA	Data input of the 3-wire serial bus.
19, 20 19, 20 CDMA-, CDMA+ Differential CDMA Input. Active in CDMA mode. 21 21 — FM+ Differential Positive Input. Active in FM mode. 22 22 — FM- Differential Negative Input for FM signal. Bypass to GND for single-ended operation. — — 22 STBY Standby Input—active low. Low powers down VGA and demodulator while keeping VCO, PLL, and serial bus on.	17	17	17	Vcc	+2.7V to +5.5V Supply
19, 20 19, 20 CDMA+ Differential CDMA Input. Active in CDMA mode. 21 21 — FM+ Differential Positive Input. Active in FM mode. 22 22 — FM- Differential Negative Input for FM signal. Bypass to GND for single-ended operation. — 22 STBY Standby Input—active low. Low powers down VGA and demodulator while keeping VCO, PLL, and serial bus on.	18	18	18	VGC	VGA Gain Control Input. Control voltage range is 0.5V to 2.3V.
22 - FM- Differential Negative Input for FM signal. Bypass to GND for single-ended operation. - 22 STBY Standby Input—active low. Low powers down VGA and demodulator while keeping VCO, PLL, and serial bus on.	19, 20	19, 20	19, 20		Differential CDMA Input. Active in CDMA mode.
single-ended operation. - Standby Input—active low. Low powers down VGA and demodulator while keeping VCO, PLL, and serial bus on.	21	21	_	FM+	Differential Positive Input. Active in FM mode.
— — 22 STBY while keeping VCO, PLL, and serial bus on.	22	22	_	FM-	
23, 24 23, 24 BYP Bypass Node. Must be capacitively decoupled (bypassed) to pin 17.	_	_	22	STBY	
	23, 24	23, 24	23, 24	BYP	Bypass Node. Must be capacitively decoupled (bypassed) to pin 17.

Pin Description (continued)

	PIN		NAME	FUNCTION
MAX2306	MAX2308	MAX2309	NAME	FUNCTION
25	25	25	ВҮР	Bypass Node. Must be capacitively decoupled (bypassed) to ground.
26	26	26	CP_OUT	Charge-Pump Output
27	27	27	GND	Ground
_	28	21	N.C.	No Connection
_	_	28	DIVSEL	High selects M1/R1; low selects M2/R2.
E	Exposed Paddle	e	EP	Ground

Detailed Description

MAX2306

The MAX2306 is intended for dual-band (PCS and cellular) and dual-mode code division multiple access (CDMA) and FM applications (Figure 1). The device includes an IF variable-gain amplifier, quadrature demodulator, dual VCOs, and dual-frequency synthesizers (Functional Diagram). Dual VCOs are provided for applications using different IF frequencies for each mode or band of operation. The analog FM output signal can be configured for conversion to the I channel, or it may be converted in quadrature to both the I and Q channels. The MAX2306's operation modes are described in Table 1. These modes are set by programming the control register and setting logic levels on control pins. If MODE is left floating, the internal register controls the operation. If driven high or low, mode will override certain register bits, as shown in Table 1.

MAX2308

The MAX2308 supports dual-band, triple mode with common IF VCO. As with the MAX2306, the FM mode can be configured for conversion to the I port or quadrature conversion to both the I and Q ports (Figure 2). The MAX2308's operational modes are described in Table 2. These modes are set by programming the control register.

MAX2309

The MAX2309 quadrature demodulators are simplified versions of the MAX2306 that can be used in single-mode CDMA or triple mode using an external FM discriminator (Figure 3). The MAX2309 VCO is optimized for the 67MHz to 300MHz IF frequency range.

The MAX2309 includes a buffered output for the VCO. The buffered VCO output can be used to support sys-

tems implementing traditional limiting IF stages for FM demodulation in dual-mode phones as well as for the transmit LO in TDD systems. This buffered output can be configured for the VCO frequency (twice the IF frequency) or one-half the VCO frequency (IF frequency). The BUFEN pin enables this feature. A standby mode, in which only the VCO and synthesizer are operational, can be selected through the serial interface or the STBY pin. The MAX2309's operational modes are described in Table 3. These modes are set by programming the control register and/or setting logic levels on control pins. If the control pins (STBY, BUFEN, DIVSEL) are left floating, the internal register controls the operational mode. If driven high or low, the control pins will override certain register bits, as shown in Table 3.

_Applications Information

Variable-Gain Amplifier and Demodulator

The MAX2306 family provides a VGA with exceptional gain range. The MAX2306/MAX2308 support multimode applications with dual differential inputs, selectable with the IN_SEL (IS) control bit. On the MAX2306, this function can be controlled with the MODE pin, which overrides the IS control bit. The VGA's gain is controlled over a 110dB range with the VGC pin. The output of the VGA drives the RF ports of a quadrature demodulator. The MAX2306/MAX2308 provide two types of FM demodulation, controlled by the FM_TYPE (FT) control bit. When FM_TYPE is "1," the signal is passed through both the I and Q signal paths for subsequent lowpass filtering and A/D conversion at baseband. If FM_TYPE is "0," the FM signal is passed through the I mixer only.

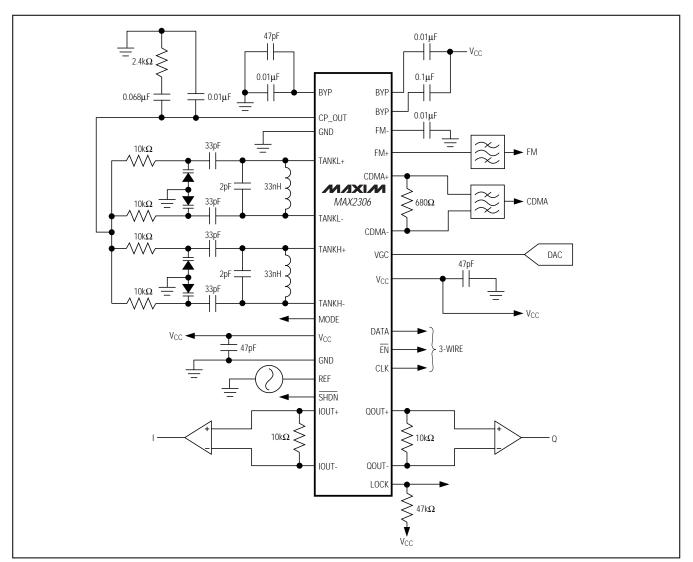


Figure 1. MAX2306 Typical Operating Circuit

Voltage-Controlled Oscillator, Buffers, and Quadrature Generation

The LO signal for downconversion is provided by a voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO) consisting of an on-chip differential oscillator, and an off-chip high-Q resonant network. Figure 4 shows a simplified schematic of the VCO oscillator. Multiband operation is supported by the MAX2306 with dual VCOs. VCO_H and VCO_L are selectable with the MODE pin or the VCO_SEL (VS) control bit. They oscillate at twice the desired LO frequency. For applications requiring an external LO, the VCOs can be bypassed with the VCO_BYP (VB) control bit.

The MAX2309 buffers the output of the VCO and provides this signal at the LOOUT pin. This signal is enabled by the BUFEN (BE) control bit or by the BUFEN control pin. The frequency of this signal is selected by the BUF_DIV (BD) control bit, and can be either the VCO frequency or half the VCO frequency.

Quadrature downconversion is realized by providing inphase (I) and quadrature-phase (Q) components of the LO signal to the LO ports of the demodulator described above. The quadrature LO signals are generated by dividing the VCO output frequency using two latches.

Table 1. MAX2306 Control Register States

		PI	NS	M S B			(CONT	ΓRΟL	REC	SISTI	ER				L S B
OPERATIONAL MODE	ACTION RESULT		MODE	TEST_MODE	CP POL	TEST_EN	TURBOCHARGE	DIVSEL	VCO_BYP	VCO_SEL	BUF_DIV	BUFEN	FM_TYPE	IN_SEL	STBY	SHDN
SHUTDOWN	Shutdown pin completely powers down the chip	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
SHUTDOWN	0 in shutdown register bit leaves serial port active	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0
STANDBY	0 in standby register bit turns off VGA and modulator only	Н	Х	Х	Х	0					Х	Х			0	1
CDMA	Mode pin overrides VCO_SEL, DIVSEL, and IN_SEL to high	Н	Н			0		Х		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	1
CDMA	Floating mode pin returns control to register	Н	F			0		1		1	Х	Х	Х	1	1	1
FM_IQ	Mode pin overrides VCO_SEL, DIVSEL, and IN_SEL to low	Н	L			0		Х		Х	Х	Х	0	Х	1	1
FM_IQ	Floating mode pin returns control to register	Н	F			0					Х	Х	0	0	1	1
FM_I	Mode pin overrides VCO_SEL, DIVSEL, and IN_SEL to low	Н	L			0		Х		Х	Х	Х	1	Х	1	1
FM_I	Floating pins return control to register	H L	F			0					Х	Х	1	0	1	1

Note: H = high, L = low, F = floating pin, X = don't care, Blank = independent parameter, 1 = logic high, 0 = logic low.

The appropriate latch outputs provide I and Q signals at the desired LO frequency.

Synthesizer

The VCO's output frequency is controlled by an internal phase-locked-loop (PLL) dual-modulus synthesizer. The loop filter is off-chip to simplify loop design for emerging applications. The tunable resonant network is also off-chip for maximum Q and for system design flexibility. The VCO output frequency is divided down to the desired comparison frequency with the M counter. The M counter consists of a 4-bit A swallow counter and a 10-bit P counter. A reference signal is provided from an external source and is divided down to the comparison frequency with the R counter. The two divided signals are compared with a three-state digital phase-frequen-

cy detector. The phase-detector output drives a charge-pump as well as lock-detect logic and tur-bocharge control logic. The charge-pump output (CP_OUT) pin is processed by the loop filter and drives the tunable resonant network, altering the VCO frequency and closing the loop.

Multimode applications are supported by two independent programmable registers each for the M counter (M1, M2), the R counter (R1, R2), and the charge-pump output current magnitude (CP1, CP2). The DIVSEL (DS) bit selects which set of registers is used. It can be overridden by the MAX2306's MODE pin or the MAX2309's DIVSEL pin. Programming these registers is discussed in the *3-Wire Interface and Registers* section.

Table 2. MAX2308 Control Register States

		P I N	M S B			(CONT	ΓROL	. REC	SISTE	ĒR				L S B
OPERATIONAL MODE	ACTION RESULT		TEST_MODE	CP_POL	TEST_EN	TURBOCHARGE	DIVSEL	VCO_BYP	VCO_SEL	BUF_DIV	BUFEN	FM_TYPE	IN_SEL	STBY	SHDN
SHUTDOWN	Shutdown pin completely shuts down chip	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
SHUTDOWN	0 in shutdown register bit leaves serial port active	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	L
STANDBY	0 in standby pin turns off VGA and modulator only	Н			0				0	Х	Х			0	1
CDMA	CDMA operation	Н			0				0	Х	Х	Χ	1	1	1
FM_IQ	FM IQ quadrature operation	Н			0				0	Х	Х	0	0	1	1
FM_I	FM I operation	Н			0				0	Х	Χ	1	0	1	1

Note: H = high, L = low, 1 = logic high, 0 = logic low, X = don't care, blank = independent parameter

When the part initially powers up or changes state, the synthesizer acquisition time can be reduced by using the Turbo feature, enabled by the TURBOCHARGE (TC) control bit. Turbo functionality provides a larger charge-pump current during acquisition mode. Once the VCO frequency is acquired, the charge-pump output current magnitude automatically returns to the preprogrammed state to maintain loop stability and minimize spurs in the VCO output signal.

The lock detect output indicates when the PLL is locked with a logic high.

3-Wire Interface and Registers

The MAX2306 family incorporates a 3-wire interface for synthesizer programming and device configuration (Figure 5). The 3-wire interface consists of clock, data, and enable signals. It controls the VCO dividers (M1 and M2), reference frequency dividers (R1 and R2), and a 13-bit control register. The control register is used to set up the operational modes (Table 4). The input shift is 17 data bits long and requires a total of 18 clock bits (Figure 6). A single clock pulse is required before enable drops low to initialize the data bus.

Whenever the M or R divide register value is programmed and downloaded, the control register must also be subsequently updated. This prevents turbolock from going active when not desired.

The \overline{SHDN} control bit is notable because it differs from the \overline{SHDN} pin. When the \overline{SHDN} control bit is low, the registers and serial interface are left active, retaining the values stored in the latches, while the rest of the device is shut off. In contrast, the \overline{SHDN} pin, when low, shuts down everything, including the registers and serial interface. See *Functional Diagram*.

Registers

Figure 7 shows the programming logic. The 17-bit shift register is programmed by clocking in data at the rising edge of CLK. Before the shift register is able to accept data, it must be initialized by driving it with at least one full clock cycle at the CLK input with \overline{EN} high (see Figure 6). Pulling enable low will allow data to be clocked into the shift register; pulling enable high loads the register addressed by A0, A1, and A2, respectively (Figure 7). Table 5 lists the power-on default values of all registers. Table 6 lists the charge-pump current, depending on CP0 and CP1.

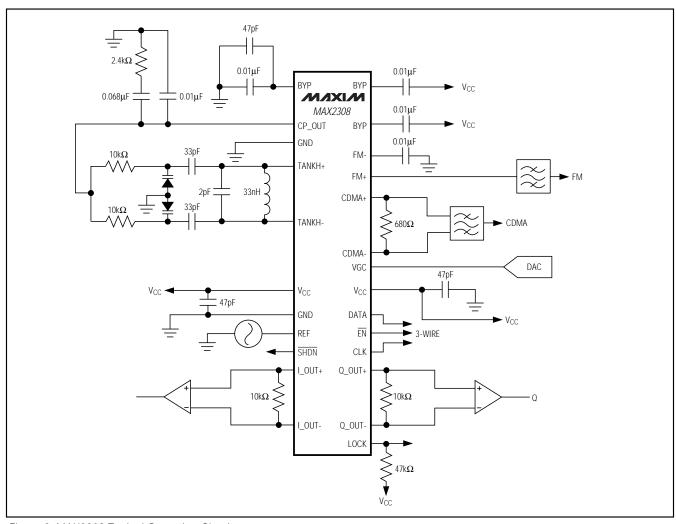


Figure 2. MAX2308 Typical Operating Circuit

Table 3. MAX2309 Control Register States

			PI	NS		M S B			(CON-	TROL	. REC	SISTI	ER				L S B
OPERATIONAL MODE	ACTION RESULT		DIVSEL	BUFEN	STBY	TEST_MODE	CP_POL	TES_TEN	TURBOCHARGE	DIVSEL	VCO_BYP	VCO_SEL	BUF_DIV	BUFEN	FM_TYPE	IN_SEL	STBY	SHDN
SHUTDOWN	Shutdown pin com- pletely powers down the chip	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
SHUTDOWN	0 in shutdown register bit leaves serial bus active	Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	0
STANDBY	0 in standby pin turns off VGA and modulator only	Н			L			0				Х					Х	1
STANDBY	0 in standby register bit turns off VGA and modulator only	Н	H/ L	Н				0				Х					0	1
DIVIDER SELECT	DIVSEL pin overrides DIVSEL register bit	Н	H/ L		Н			0		Х		Х						1
DIVIDER SELECT	If DIVSEL pin is floated, then register bit selects divider	Н	F		Н			0		1/		Х						1
LO BUFFER ENABLE	BUFEN pin controls the LO buffer and overrides the bit	H/ L		Н				0				Х		Х				1
LO BUFFER ENABLE	If pin is floated, then BUFEN register bit controls buffer	Н		F				0				Х		1/ 0				1

Note: H = high, L = low, 1 = logic high, 0 = logic low, X = don't care, blank = independent parameter.

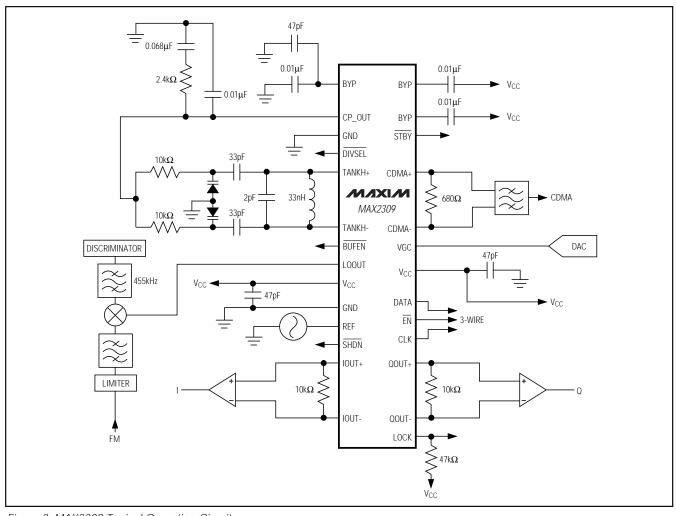


Figure 3. MAX2309 Typical Operating Circuit

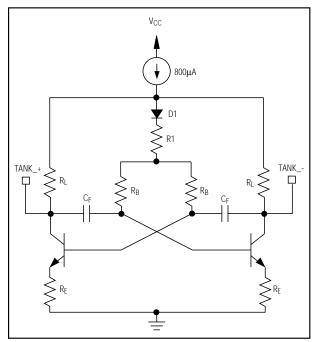


Figure 4. Voltage-Controlled Oscillators

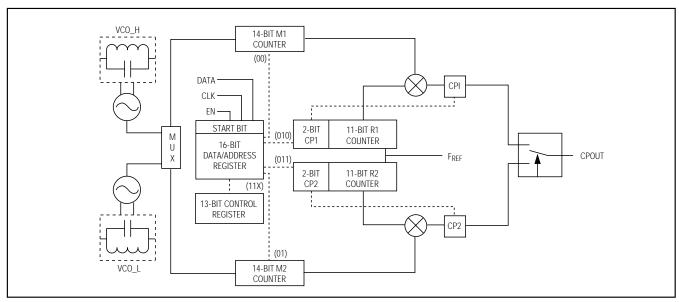


Figure 5. 3-Wire Control Block Diagram

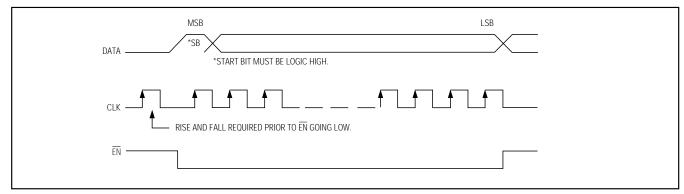


Figure 6. 3-Wire Interface Timing Diagram

Table 4. Control Register, Default State: 0B57h, Address: 110b

BIT ID	BIT NAME	POWER- UP STATE	BIT LOCATION 0 = LSB	FUNCTION
TM	TEST_MODE	0	12	Must be 0 for normal operation.
POL	CP_POL	1	11	Logic "1" causes the charge-pump output CP_OUT to source current when f _{REF} /R > f _{VCO} /M. This state is used when the VCO tune polarity is such that increasing voltage produces increasing frequency. Logic "0" causes CP_OUT to source current when f _{VCO} /M > f _{REF} /R. This state is used when increasing tune voltage causes the VCO frequency to decrease.
TE	TEST_ENABLE	0	10	Must be 0 for normal operation.
TC	TURBO_CHARGE	1	9	Logic "1" activates turbocharge mode, which provides rapid frequency acquisition in the PLL.
DS	DIV_SEL	1	8	Logic "1" selects M1/R1 divide ratios. Logic "0" selects M2/R2.
VB	VCO_BYP	0	7	Logic "1" bypasses the VCO inputs for external VCO operation.
VS	VCO_SEL	1	6	Logic "1" selects VCO_H. Logic "0" selects VCO_L.
BD	BUF_DIV	0	5	Logic "1" selects divide-by-2 on LOOUT port. Logic "0" bypasses divider.
BE	BUFEN	1	4	Logic "1" disables LOOUT. Logic "0" enables LOOUT.
FT	FM_TYPE	0	3	Active in FM mode. Logic "0" selects quadrature demodulator for FM mode. Logic "1" selects downconversion to I port.
IS	IN_SEL	1	2	Logic "0" selects FM input port. Logic "1" selects CDMA input.
SB	STBY	1	1	Logic "0" enables standby mode, which shuts down the VGA and demodulator stages, leaving the VCO locked and the registers active.
SD	SHDN	1	0	Logic "0" enables register-based shutdown. This mode shuts down everything except the M and R latches and the serial bus.

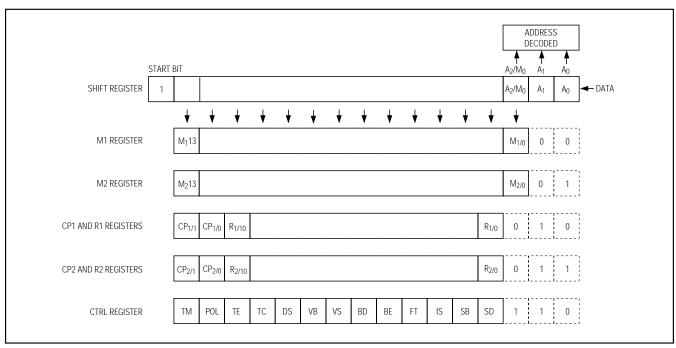


Figure 7. Programming Logic

Table 5. Register Defaults

REGISTER	DEFAULT
M1	10519 _{DEC}
M2	4269DEC
R1	492 _{DEC}
R2	492 _{DEC}
CTRL	0B57 _{HEX}
CP0	11 _{BIN}
CP1	11 _{BIN}

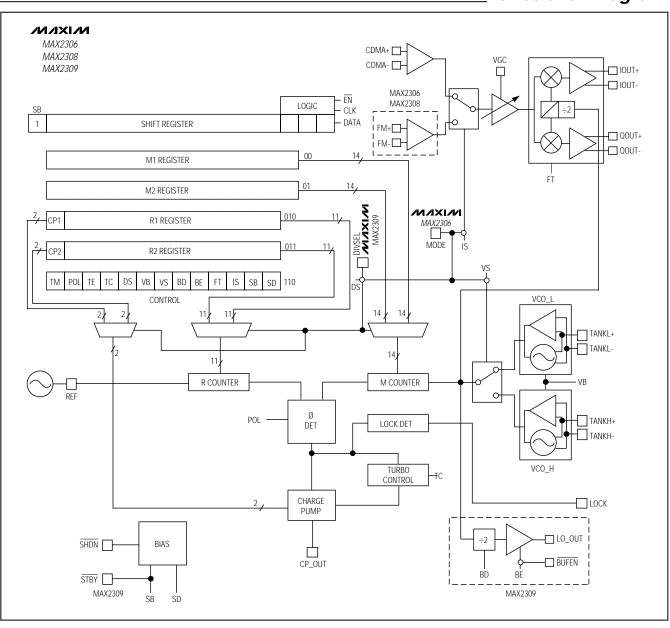
Table 6. Charge-Pump Control Bits

CP1	CP0	CHARGE-PUMP CURRENT AFTER ACQUISITION (µA)
0	0	150
0	1	210
1	0	300
1	1	425

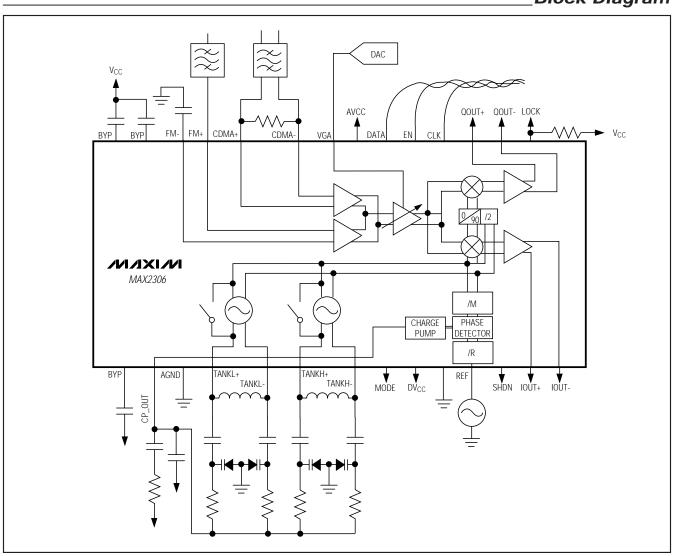
_Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 6422

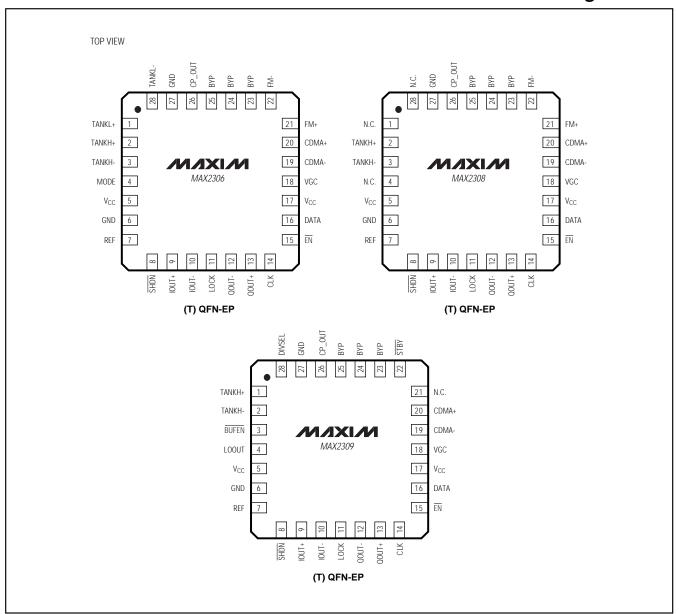
Functional Diagram



Block Diagram



Pin Configurations



Package Information

For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

20 _____Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Maxim Integrated:

MAX2308ETI MAX2308ETI-T MAX2308EGI-T MAX2306EGI MAX2308EGI MAX2306EGI-T