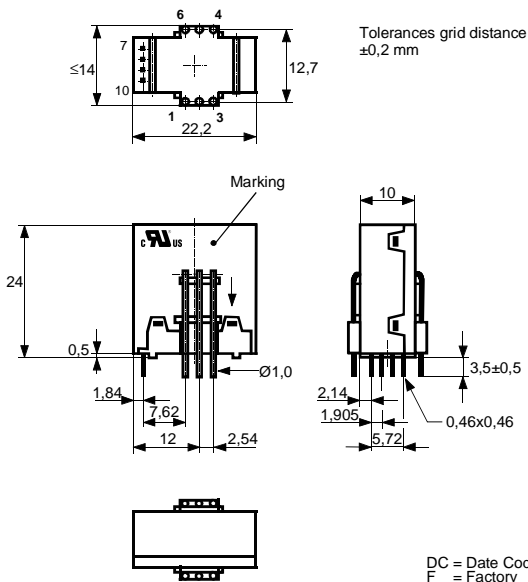


K-no.: 24514
50 A Current Sensor for 5V- Supply Voltage

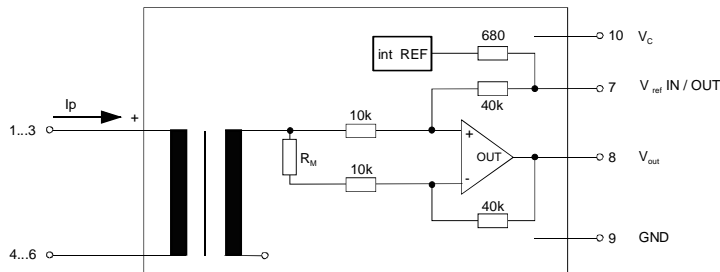
 For electronic current measurement:
 DC, AC, pulsed, mixed ..., with a galvanic
 isolation between primary circuit
 (high power) and secondary circuit
 (electronic circuit)

Date: 11.08.2014
Customer: Standard type
Customers Part no.:
Page 2 of 2
Mechanical outline (mm):

General tolerances DIN ISO 2768-c


Connections:

 1...6: $\varnothing 1$ mm
 7..10: 0,46*0,46 mm

Marking:
Schematic diagram

Possibilities of wiring (@ $T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$)

primary windings	primary current RMS	primary current maximal	output voltage RMS	turns ratio	primary resistance	wiring
N_P	I_P [A]	$\hat{I}_{P,max}$ [A]	$V_{out}(I_P)$ [V]	K_N	R_P [m Ω]	
1	50	± 150	2.5 ± 0.625	1:1400	0.33	
2	12	± 75	2.5 ± 0.300	2:1400	1.5	
3	8	± 50	2.5 ± 0.300	3:1400	3	

 Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 110°C .

Additional information is obtainable on request.

This specification is no declaration of warranty acc. BGB §443.

 Hrsg.: KB-E
 editor

 Bearb.: DJ
 designer

 KB-PM: Sn
 check

 freig.: HS
 released

K-No.: 24514

50 A Current Sensor for 5V- Supply Voltage

 For the electronic measurement of currents:
 DC, AC, pulsed, mixed ..., with a galvanic
 isolation between the primary circuit
 (high power) and the secondary circuit

Date: 11.08.2014

Customer:
Customers Part No.:
Page 1 **of** 2

Electrical Data

		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V_{Ctot}	Maximum supply voltage (without function)			7	V
I_C	Supply Current with primary current		15mA + $I_p \cdot K_N + V_{out}/R_L$		mA
$I_{out,SC}$	Short circuit output current		± 20		mA
R_P	Resistance / primary winding @ $T_A=25^\circ C$		1		m Ω
R_S	Secondary coil resistance @ $T_A=85^\circ C$			35	Ω
$R_{i,Ref}$	Internal resistance of Reference input		670		Ω
$R_{is}(V_{out})$	Output resistance of V_{out}			1	Ω
R_L	External recommended resistance of V_{out}	1			k Ω
C_L	External recommended capacitance of V_{out}			500	pF
$\Delta X_{Ti} / \Delta T$	Temperature drift of X @ $T_A = -40 \dots +85^\circ C$			40	ppm/K
$\Delta V_0 = \Delta(V_{out} - V_{Ref})$	Sum of any offset drift including:		2	6	mV
V_{0t}	Longtermdrift of V_0		1		mV
V_{0T}	Temperature drift von V_0 @ $T_A = -40 \dots +85^\circ C$		1		mV
V_{0H}	Hysteresis of V_{out} @ $I_p=0$ (after an overload of $10 \times I_{PN}$)			1	mV
$\Delta V_0 / \Delta V_C$	Supply voltage rejection ratio			1	mV/V
V_{oss}	Offsetripple (with 1 MHz- filter first order)			35	mV
V_{oss}	Offsetripple (with 100 kHz- filter first order)		2	5	mV
V_{oss}	Offsetripple (with 20 kHz- filter first order)		0.6	1	mV
C_k	Maximum possible coupling capacity (primary – secondary)		5	10	pF
	Mechanical stress according to M3209/3 Settings: 10 – 2000 Hz, 1 min/Octave, 2 hours			30g	

Inspection (Measurement after temperature balance of the samples at room temperature), SC = significant characteristic

$V_{out}(SC)$	(V)	M3011/6:	Output voltage vs. external reference ($I_p=3 \times 10As$, 40-80Hz)	625 \pm 0,7%	mV
$V_{out}-V_{Ref}$	(V)	M3226:	Offset voltage	± 0.725	mV
V_d	(V)	M3014:	Test voltage, rms, 1 s pin 1 – 6 vs. pin 7 – 10	1.5	kV
V_e	(AQL 1/S4)		Partial discharge voltage acc.M3024 (RMS) with V_{vor} (RMS)	1400 1750	V V

Type Testing (Pin 1 - 6 to Pin 7 - 10)

V_W			HV transient test according to M3064 (1,2 μs / 50 μs -wave form)	8	kV	
V_d			Testing voltage to M3014	(5 s)	3	kV
V_e			Partial discharge voltage acc.M3024 (RMS) with V_{vor} (RMS)	1400 1750	V V	

Applicable documents

 Current direction: A positive output current appears at point V_{out} , by primary current in direction of the arrow.

Enclosures according to IEC529: IP50.

Further standards UL 508, file E317483, category NMTR2 / NMTR8

Datum	Name	Index	Amendment
11.08.14	DJ	83	Inspection: V_{out} changed from $I_p=50A$, 40-80Hz \rightarrow $I_p=3 \times 10As$, 40-80Hz and defined as SC measure. Offset voltage changed. CN-14-077

Hrsg.: KB-E editor	Bearb.: DJ designer	KB-PM: Sn. check	freig.: HS released
-----------------------	------------------------	---------------------	------------------------

K-No.: 24514

50 A Current Sensor for 5V- Supply Voltage

 For the electronic measurement of currents:
 DC, AC, pulsed, mixed ..., with a galvanic
 isolation between the primary circuit
 (high power) and the secondary circuit

Date: 11.08.2014

Customer:
Customers Part No.:

Page 2 of 2

Explanation of several of the terms used in the tablets (in alphabetical order)

t: Response time (describe the dynamic performance for the specified measurement range), measured as delay time at $I_P = 0,9 \cdot I_{PN}$ between a rectangular current and the output voltage $V_{out}(I_P)$

$\Delta t (I_{Pmax})$: Delay time (describe the dynamic performance for the rapid current pulse rate e.g short circuit current) measured between I_{Pmax} and the output voltage $V_{out}(I_{Pmax})$ with a primary current rise of $di_P/dt \geq 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$.

U_{PD} Rated discharge voltage (recurring peak voltage separated by the insulation) proved with a sinusoidal voltage V_e
 $U_{PD} = \sqrt{2} \cdot V_e / 1,5$

V_{vor} Defined voltage is the RMS value of a sinusoidal voltage with peak value of $1,875 \cdot U_{PD}$ required for partial discharge test in IEC 61800-5-1
 $V_{vor} = 1,875 \cdot U_{PD} / \sqrt{2}$

V_{sys} System voltage RMS value of rated voltage according to IEC 61800-5-1

V_{work} Working voltage voltage according to IEC 61800-5-1 which occurs by design in a circuit or across insulation

V_o : Offset voltage between V_{out} and the rated reference voltage of $V_{ref} = 2,5V$.
 $V_o = V_{out}(0) - 2,5V$

V_{oH} : Zero variation of V_o after overloading with a DC of tenfold the rated value

V_{oT} : Long term drift of V_o after 100 temperature cycles in the range -40 bis 85 °C.

X: Permissible measurement error in the final inspection at RT, defined by

$$X = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{V_{out}(I_{PN}) - V_{out}(0)}{0,625V} - 1 \right| \%$$

$X_{ges}(I_{PN})$: Permissible measurement error including any drifts over the temperature range by the current measurement I_{PN}

$$X_{ges} = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{V_{out}(I_{PN}) - 2,5V}{0,625V} - 1 \right| \% \quad \text{or} \quad X_{ges} = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{V_{out}(I_{PN}) - V_{ref}}{0,625V} - 1 \right| \%$$

ϵ_L : Linearity fault defined by $\epsilon_L = 100 \cdot \left| \frac{I_P}{I_{PN}} - \frac{V_{out}(I_P) - V_{out}(0)}{V_{out}(I_{PN}) - V_{out}(0)} \right| \%$

This "Additional information" is no declaration of warranty according BGB §443.

 Hrsg.: KB-E
 editor

 Bearb: DJ
 designer

 KB-PM: Sn.
 check

 freig.: HS
 released

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

[Vacuumschmelze:](#)

[T60404-N4646-X664](#)