### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

IN	0.3V to +30V
OUT	0.3V to (IN + 0.3V)
GP	0.3V to +12V
IN to GP	0.3V to +22V
ACOK	0.3V to +6V
Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70$	0°C)

Johunuous FO	iwei Dissipatio	$\Pi(IA = +70)$	( )	
8-Pin uDFN (	derate 4 8mW	%C above +7	70°C)	381mW

Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(V_{IN} = +5V (MAX4943/MAX4944_/MAX4945_/MAX4949), V_{IN} = +3V (MAX4946), T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CO	NDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage Range	VIN			2.2		28.0	V
land it Council a Course at		V <sub>IN</sub> = 3V (MAX4946)			50	150	μA
Input Supply Current	liΝ	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V, all remain	$V_{IN} = 5V$ , all remaining parts		50	150	
UVLO Supply Current	I <sub>UVLO</sub>	$V_{IN} = 2.2V$				30	μA
IN Undervoltage Lockout	Vuvlo	(V <sub>IN</sub> falling)	MAX4943/MAX4944/ MAX4944B/MAX4945/ MAX4945A/ MAX4945B	3.90	4.15	4.40	V
U U	0.20		MAX4944L/MAX4945L/ MAX4946/MAX4949	2.30	2.45	2.60	
IN Undervoltage-Lockout Hysteresis					1		%
	Vovlo	(V <sub>IN</sub> rising)	MAX4943	7.00	7.4	7.80	- V
			MAX4944_	6.00	6.35	6.70	
			MAX4945/MAX4945B/L	5.50	5.80	6.10	
Overvoltage Trip Level			MAX4945A	5.50	5.80	6.00	
			MAX4946	4.30	4.56	4.82	
			MAX4949	8.20	8.90	9.60	
IN Overvoltage Hysteresis					1		%
Switch On-Resistance	R <sub>ON</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3V (MAX494	6), I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1A		80	200	
Switch On-Resistance		$V_{IN} = 5V$ , all remaining parts, $I_{OUT} = 1A$			80	200	mΩ
	ILIM	MAX4943-MAX4946	$T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C$	1.2	1.7	4.0	- A
Overcurrent Protection Threshold			$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$	1.2	1.7	4.0	
			$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	2.0	3.5	5.0	
		$T_{A} = T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX}$		2.0	3.0	5.0	
GP Clamp Voltage	IGPD	(V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>GP</sub> ), V <sub>IN</sub> = 28V		13	16	19	V
GP Pulldown Resistor	R <sub>GPD</sub>				50		kΩ

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

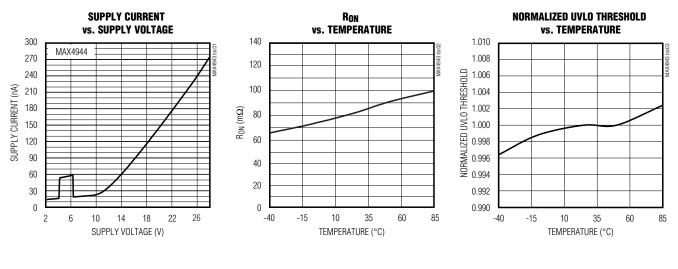
(V<sub>IN</sub> = +5V (MAX4943/MAX4944\_/MAX4945\_/MAX4949), V<sub>IN</sub> = +3V (MAX4946), T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS
ACOK Output-Low Voltage	Vol	I <sub>SINK</sub> = 1mA			0.4	V
ACOK High-Leakage Current		$V_{\overline{ACOK}} = 5.5V$			1	μA
Thermal Shutdown				+175		°C
Thermal-Shutdown Hysteresis				40		°C
Load Capacitor					300	μF
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (Fig	jure 2)					
Debounce Time	<sup>t</sup> INDBC	Time from V <sub>UVLO</sub> < V <sub>IN</sub> < V <sub>OVLO</sub> to charge- pump enable		15		ms
Switch Turn-On Time	ton	$V_{UVLO} < V_{IN} < V_{OVLO}, R_{LOAD} = 100\Omega,$ $C_{LOAD} = 300\mu$ F, $V_{OUT} = $ from 10% of $V_{OUT}$ to 80% of $V_{OUT}$		6		ms
ACOK Assertion Time	t ACOK	$V_{UVLO} < V_{IN} < V_{OVLO}$ , to $\overline{ACOK}$ low		30		ms
Switch Turn-Off Time	tOFF	$V_{IN} < V_{UVLO}$ or $V_{IN} > V_{OVLO}$ , to internal switch off		2	20	μs
		Overcurrent fault to internal switch turn-off		10		μs
Autoretry Time	<b>t</b> RETRY	From overcurrent fault to internal switch turn-on		15		ms

**Note 1:** All specifications are 100% production tested at T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise noted. Specifications are over -40°C to +85°C and are guaranteed by design.

Typical Operating Characteristics

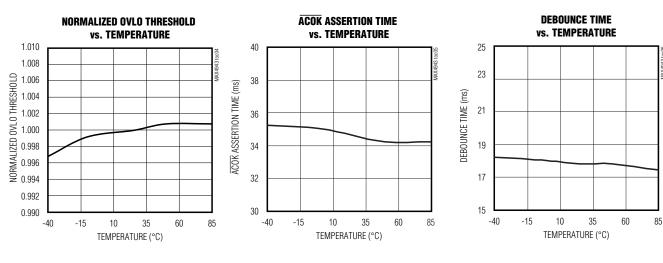
 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ 

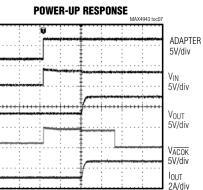


3

 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ 

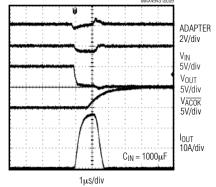
### **Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)**



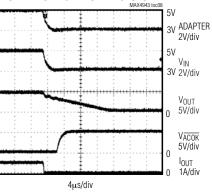


10ms/div

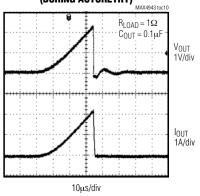




UNDERVOLTAGE FAULT RESPONSE



OVERCURRENT DURATION TIME (DURING AUTORETRY)



## **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1, 2	IN	Voltage Input. IN powers the charge pump required to turn on the internal switch. When the correct adapter is plugged in, a 15ms (typ) debouncer prevents false turn-on of the internal switch. Bypass IN to GND with a 1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor as close as possible to the device to enable ±15kV (HBM) ESD protection on IN.
3	GP	pFET Gate-Drive Output. GP pulls the external pFET gate down when the input is above ground.
4	ACOK	Active-Low Open-Drain Adapter-Voltage Indicator Output. $\overline{ACOK}$ is driven low after the adapter voltage is stable between V <sub>UVLO</sub> and V <sub>OVLO</sub> for 30ms (typ). Connect a pullup resistor from $\overline{ACOK}$ to the logic I/O voltage of the host system.
5	GND	Ground
6, 7, 8	OUT	Output Voltage. Output of internal switch. Short all pins together for proper operation.

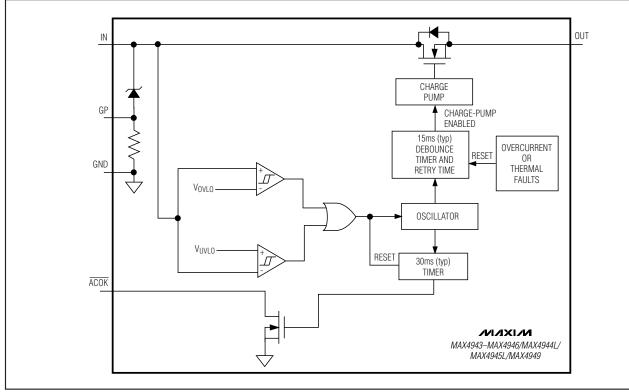


Figure 1. Functional Diagram

### **Detailed Description**

The MAX4943–MAX4946/MAX4949 overvoltage-protection devices feature a low  $R_{ON}$  internal FET and protect low-voltage systems against voltage faults up to +28V. If the input voltage exceeds the overvoltage threshold, the internal MOSFET is turned off to prevent damage to the protected components. These devices also drive an

optional external pFET to protect down to -28V. If the adapter voltage drops below ground, the pFET turns off to prevent damage to the protected components due to negative voltage exposure. The internal charge pump's 15ms (typ) debounce time prevents false turn-on of the internal switch during startup. An open-drain, active-low logic output is available to signal that a successful power-up has occurred.



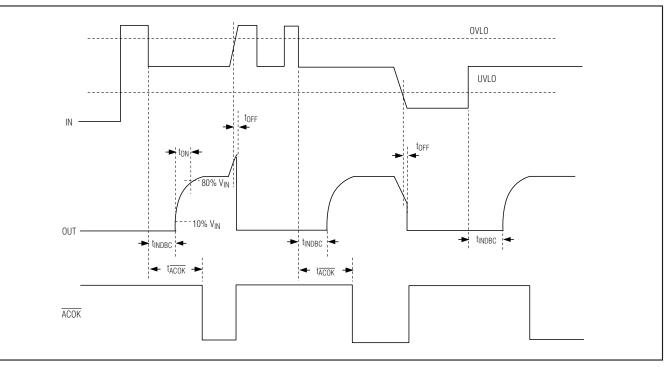


Figure 2. Timing Diagram

#### **Device Operation**

The MAX4943–MAX4946/MAX4949 have an internal oscillator and charge pump that control the turn-on of the internal switch. The internal oscillator controls the timers that enable the turn-on of the charge pump and controls the state of the open-drain ACOK output. If V<sub>IN</sub> < V<sub>UVLO</sub> or if V<sub>IN</sub> >V<sub>OVLO</sub>, the internal oscillator remains off, thus disabling the charge pump. If V<sub>UVLO</sub> < V<sub>IN</sub> < V<sub>OVLO</sub>, the internal charge pump is enabled. The charge-pump startup, after a 15ms (typ) internal delay, turns on the internal switch (see Figure 2). ACOK is held high during startup until the ACOK 30ms (typ) blanking period expires. At this point, the device is in its on state.

At any time, if  $V_{IN}$  drops below  $V_{UVLO}$  or rises above  $V_{OVLO},\,\overline{ACOK}$  is pulled high and the charge pump is disabled.

#### **Internal Switch**

The MAX4943–MAX4946/MAX4949 incorporate an internal nFET with a  $80m\Omega$  (typ) R<sub>ON</sub>. The switch is internally driven by a charge pump that generates a 5V

voltage above the input voltage. The internal switch is equipped with 1.2A (min) current-limit protection that turns off the switch within 10µs (typ) during an overcurrent fault condition.

#### **Autoretry**

The MAX4943–MAX4946 have an overcurrent autoretry function that turns on the switch again after a 15ms (typ) retry time (see Figure 3). If the faulty load condition is still present after the blanking time, the switch turns off again and the cycle is repeated. The fast turn-off time and 15ms retry time result in a very low duty cycle to keep power consumption low. If the faulty load condition is not present, the switch remains on.

#### Latch

The MAX4944B/MAX4945B/MAX4949 do not have the autoretry function, and the switch latches off after an overcurrent fault. The switch remains off until the overcurrent fault has been removed. The switch turns back on when the adapter voltage goes below  $V_{UVLO}$  and then returns to the valid operating range.

#### **GP GATE Drive**

When the input voltage goes above ground, GP pulls low and turns on the pFET. An internal clamp protects the pFET by ensuring that the GP to IN voltage does not exceed 19V (max) when the input (IN) rises to +28V.

#### **Undervoltage Lockout (UVLO)**

The MAX4944L/MAX4945L/MAX4946/MAX4949 have a 2.45V (typ) undervoltage-lockout threshold (VUVLO), while the remaining devices have a 4.15V (typ) VUVLO threshold. When VIN is less than VUVLO, ACOK is high impedance.

#### **Overvoltage-Lockout Thresholds (OVLO)**

The MAX4943 has a 7.4V (typ) overvoltage threshold (VOVLO), the MAX4944\_ has a 6.35V (typ) VOVLO threshold, the MAX4945\_ has a 5.80V (typ) VOVLO threshold, the MAX4946 has a 4.56V (typ) VOVLO threshold, and the MAX4949 has a 8.90V (typ) VOVLO threshold. When V<sub>IN</sub> is greater than OVLO, ACOK is high impedance.

#### ACOK

 $\overline{\text{ACOK}}$  is an active-low, open-drain output that asserts low when V<sub>UVLO</sub> < V<sub>IN</sub> < V<sub>OVLO</sub> for the 30ms (typ) period. Connect a pullup resistor from  $\overline{\text{ACOK}}$  to the logic I/O voltage of the host system. During a short-circuit fault,  $\overline{\text{ACOK}}$  may deassert due to V<sub>IN</sub> not being in the valid operating voltage range.

#### **Thermal-Shutdown Protection**

The MAX4943–MAX4946/MAX4949 feature thermal-shutdown circuitry. The internal switch turns off when the junction temperature exceeds +175°C (typ) and immediately goes into a fault mode. The device exits thermal shutdown after the junction temperature cools by 40°C (typ).

### **Applications Information**

#### **IN Bypass Capacitor**

For most applications, bypass IN to GND with a 1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor as close as possible to the device to enable  $\pm 15$ kV (HBM) ESD protection on the pin. If  $\pm 15$ kV is not required, there is no capacitor required at IN. If the power source has significant inductance due to long lead length, take care to prevent overshoots due to the LC tank circuit and provide protection if necessary to prevent exceeding the +30V absolute maximum rating on IN.

#### **Reverse Polarity Protection**

The optional external pFET can provide reverse polarity protection down to -28V (for a 30V pFET), if the protect-

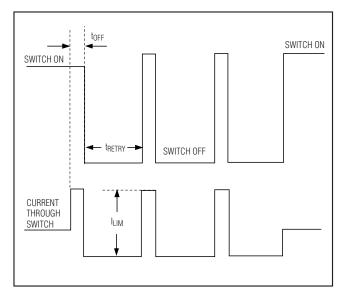


Figure 3. Autoretry Timing Diagram

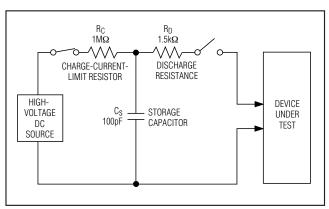


Figure 4. Human Body ESD Test Model

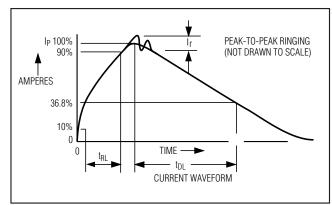


Figure 5. Human Body Current Waveform



ed device does not allow current to flow into OUT. The pFET is turned off when the voltage between GP and IN is less than the pFET gate threshold voltage.

#### **ESD Test Conditions**

ESD performance depends on a number of conditions. The MAX4943–MAX4946/MAX4949 are specified for  $\pm 15$ kV (HBM) typical ESD resistance on IN when IN is bypassed to ground with a 1µF ceramic capacitor.

#### **Human Body Model**

Figure 4 shows the Human Body Model and Figure 5 shows the current waveform it generates when discharged into a low impedance. This model consists of a 100pF capacitor charged to the ESD voltage of interest, which is then discharged into the device through a  $1.5 k\Omega$  resistor.

#### IEC 61000-4-2

The IEC 61000-4-2 standard covers ESD testing and performance of finished equipment. It does not specifically refer to integrated circuits. The MAX4943–MAX4946/MAX4949 are specified for  $\pm 15$ kV Air-Gap Discharge and  $\pm 8$ kV Contact Discharge IEC 61000-4-2 on the IN pin when IN is bypassed to ground with a 1µF ceramic capacitor.

The major difference between tests done using the Human Body Model and IEC 61000-4-2 is a higher peak current in IEC 61000-4-2, due to lower series resistance.

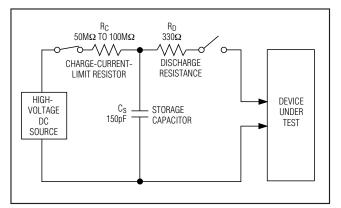


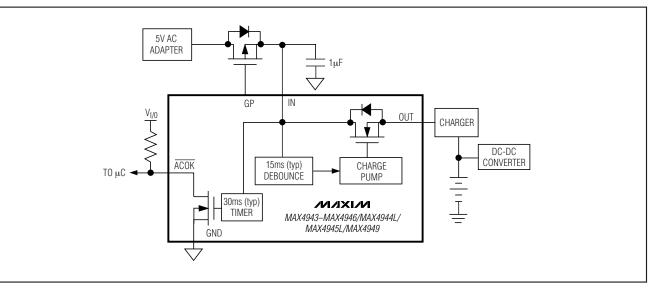
Figure 6. IEC 61000-4-2 ESD Test Model

Hence, the ESD withstand voltage measured to IEC 61000-4-2 generally is lower than that measured using the Human Body Model. Figure 6 shows the IEC 61000-4-2 model. The Contact Discharge method connects the probe to the device before the probe is charged. The Air-Gap Discharge test involves approaching the device with a charged probe.



PROCESS: BICMOS

### **Typical Operating Circuit**



### **Package Information**

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	DOCUMENT NO.
8 µDFN	L822-1	<u>21-0164</u>

### **Revision History**

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
2	7/07	—	1, 2, 3
3	6/08	Added MAX4945A to the Ordering Information/Selector Guide and Electrical Characterstics tables	1, 2

Maxim cannot assume respo

Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

MAX4943-MAX4946/MAX4944L/MAX4945A/MAX4945L/MAX4949

Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 408-737-7600

is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.